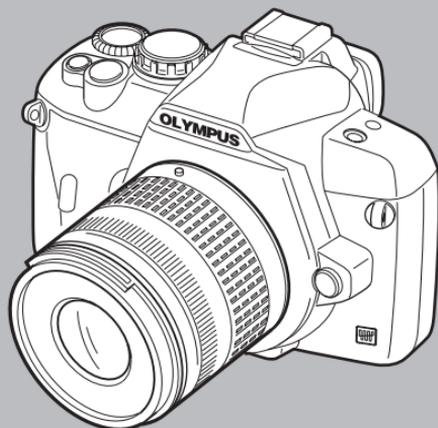


DIGITAL CAMERA

E-410

Instruction Manual



Basic guide

Mastering the E-410

Improving your shooting skills –
Shooting guides

Shooting functions

Playback functions

Customizing the settings /
functions of your camera

Printing

Using the OLYMPUS Master software

Getting to know your camera better

Information

Interchangeable lenses

Others

-
- We recommend that you take test shots to get accustomed to your camera before taking important photographs.
 - The screen and camera illustrations shown in this manual were produced during the development stages and may differ from the actual product.
 - The contents in this manual are based on firmware version 1.0 for this camera. If there are addition and / or modification of functions due to firmware update for the camera, the contents will differ. For the latest information, please visit the Olympus website.

Basic camera operation ➡ Basic guide

This section explains the preparations and settings for the camera, and basic camera operation from easy techniques for shooting to playback and erase functions.

Attaching the strap	3	Adjusting the viewfinder's diopter.....	6
Preparing the battery.....	3	Setting the date / time	7
Attaching a lens to the camera.....	4	Shooting	7
Loading the card	5	Playback / Erasing	9
Power on	6		

Mastering the E-410 ➡ P. 14

Read chapter 1 to master the basic camera operation before proceeding to use the various functions available on this camera.

Operating the camera  "Mastering the E-410" (P. 14)



Learn how to use the functions in the shooting guides  "Improving your shooting skills – Shooting guides" (P. 21)



Proceed to the pages on the various functions.

Locating the information you need

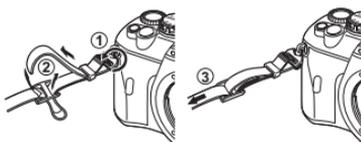
 "Shooting tips and information" (P. 83), "Menu directory" (P. 95), "Names of parts" (P. 101), "Index" (P. 125)

Indications used in this manual

	Important information on factors which may lead to a malfunction or operational problems. Also warns of operations that should be absolutely avoided.
	Useful information and hints that will help you get the most out of your camera.
	Reference pages describing details or related information.

Attaching the strap

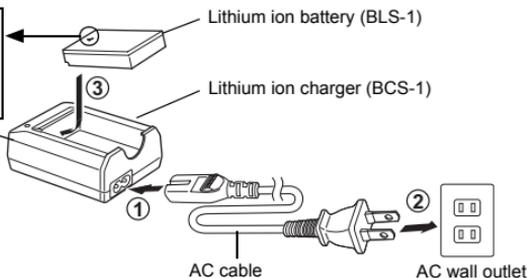
Thread the strap as indicated by the arrows (①, ②). Lastly, pull the strap tight making sure that it is fastened securely (③). Attach the other end of the strap to the other eyelet in the same way.



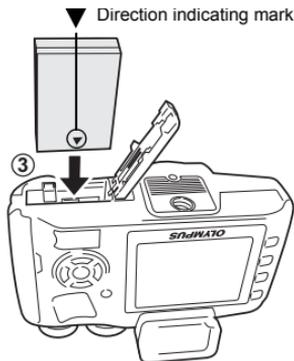
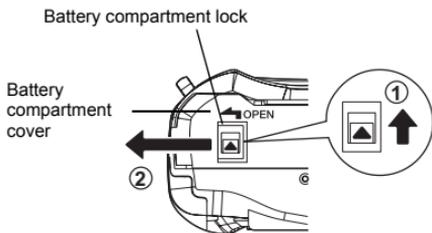
Preparing the battery

1 Charging the battery

Charging indicator
 Red light: Charging in progress
 Green light: Charging completed
 (Charging time: Approx. 210 minutes)



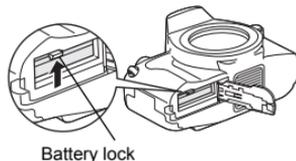
2 Loading the battery



- Close the battery compartment cover until a click is heard.

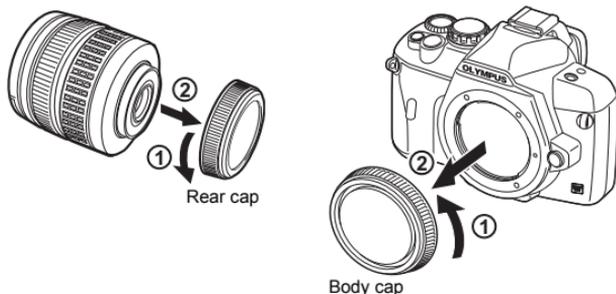
Unloading the battery

- Press the battery lock to unlock and remove the battery.
- It is recommended to set aside a backup battery for prolonged shooting in case the battery in use drains.



Attaching a lens to the camera

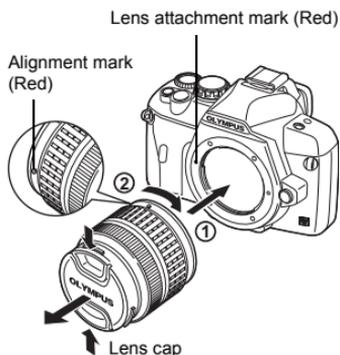
1 Remove the body cap from the camera and the rear cap from the lens



2 Attaching a lens to the camera

- Align the lens attachment mark (red) on the camera with the alignment mark (red) on the lens, then insert the lens into the camera's body (①). Rotate the lens in the direction indicated by the arrow until you hear it click (②).
- Do not press the lens release button.

3 Remove the lens cap



Removing the lens from the camera

While pressing the lens release button (①), rotate the lens in the direction as indicated by (②).

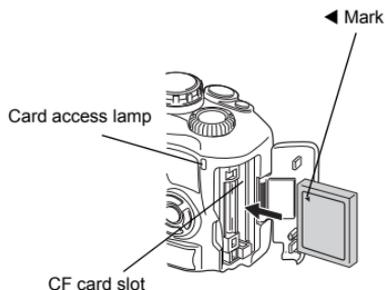


Loading the card

Open the card cover and insert the card

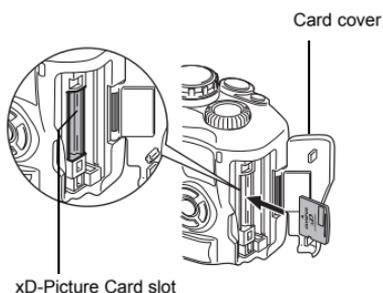
CompactFlash / Microdrive

Insert the card's contact area into the slot as far as it can go.



xD-Picture Card

Insert the card until it is locked into place.

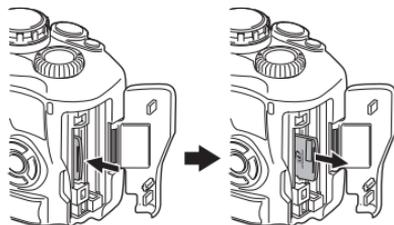
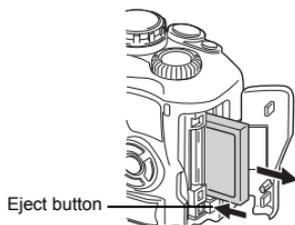


Removing the card

- Never open the card cover while the card access lamp is blinking.

CompactFlash / Microdrive

- Press the eject button all the way in and let it pop out, then press it all the way in again to eject the card.
- Pull out the card.



xD-Picture Card

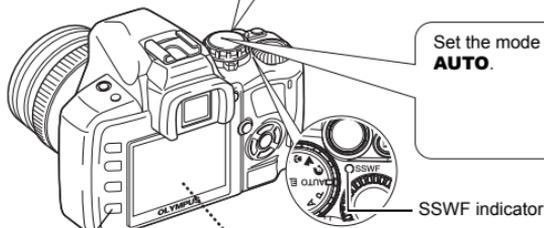
- Press the inserted card lightly and it will be ejected.
- Pull out the card.

Power on

Set the camera's power switch to **ON**.
To turn off the power, set the power switch to **OFF**.

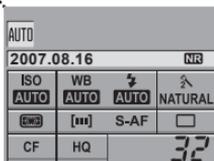


Set the mode dial to **AUTO**.



INFO button

SSWF indicator



Control panel screen

LCD monitor

When the camera is turned on, the control panel screen is displayed on the monitor.

If the control panel screen does not appear, press the **INFO** button.

Dust reduction function operation

The dust reduction function is automatically activated when the camera is turned on. Ultrasonic vibrations are used to remove dust and dirt from the image pickup device's filter surface. The SSWF (Super Sonic Wave Filter) indicator blinks while dust reduction is working.

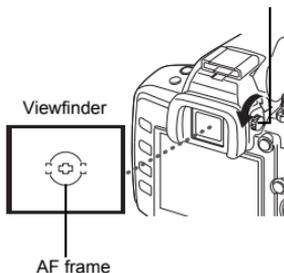
Adjusting the viewfinder's diopter

Adjust the viewfinder's diopter in accordance with your vision.

While looking through the viewfinder, rotate the diopter adjustment dial little by little.

When you can see the AF frame clearly, adjustment is complete.

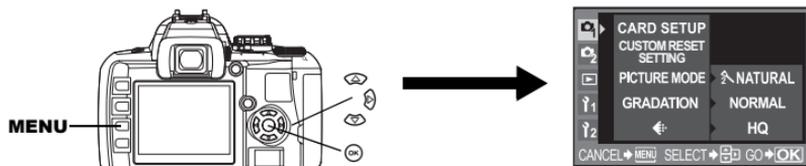
Diopter adjustment dial



Setting the date / time

Date and time information is recorded on the card together with the images. The file name is also included with the date and time information. Be sure to set the correct date and time before using the camera.

1 Press the **MENU** button



2 Use to select [12], then press

3 Use to select [1], then press

4 Use to select the year [Y], then press



5 Repeat this procedure until the date and time are completely set

- The time is displayed in the 24-hour format.

6 Use to select the date format

7 Press the button

8 Press the **MENU** button to exit

Shooting

1 Holding the camera

Keep your fingers and the strap away from the lens and the flash.

Horizontal grip



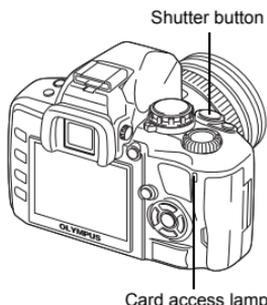
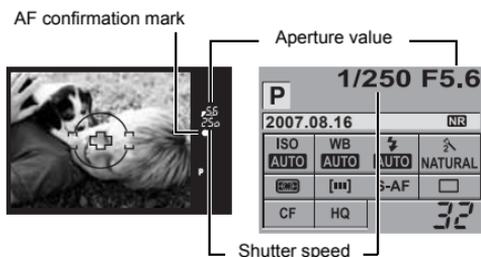
Vertical grip



2 Place the AF frame on the subject while viewing through the viewfinder

3 Adjust the focus

Press the shutter button gently (halfway).

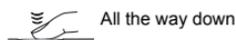


- The focus is locked when a beep tone is output. The AF confirmation mark and the AF focusing frame light up in the viewfinder.
- The shutter speed and aperture value that have been set automatically by the camera are displayed.
- The control panel screen is not displayed when the shutter button is pressed.

4 Release the shutter

Press the shutter button all the way (fully).

- The shutter sounds and the picture is taken.
- The card access lamp blinks and the camera starts recording the picture.
- Never remove the battery or card while the card access lamp mark is blinking. Doing so could destroy stored pictures and prevent storage of pictures you have just taken.



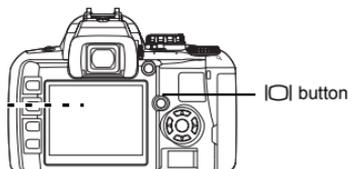
Taking a picture while viewing the monitor

It is possible to use the LCD monitor as a viewfinder and check the subject's composition, or shoot while viewing an enlarged display on the LCD monitor.

📷 "Live view" (P. 18)

1 Press the (live view) button

- The subject is displayed on the LCD monitor.



2 Press the shutter button all the way down

- The picture is taken with the focus adjusted.

When the camera stops operating

If no operations are performed for approximately 8 seconds while the camera is on, the monitor backlight turns off to save battery power. If no operations are performed for approximately one minute thereafter, the camera enters the sleep mode (stand-by) and stops operating. The camera activates again when you touch any button (the shutter button, arrow pad, etc.).

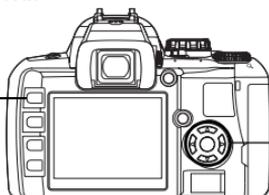
“Backlight timer” (P. 69), “Sleep timer” (P. 69)

Playback / Erasing

Playing back images

Pressing the (playback) button displays the last picture taken.

button



Displays the previous frame

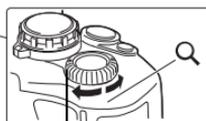
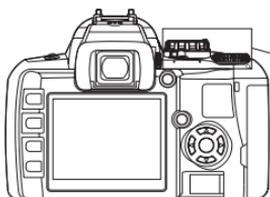


Displays the next frame

Arrow pad

Close-up playback

Each time you rotate the control dial towards , the image is enlarged in steps of 2x – 14x.



Control dial

Erasing images

Playback the image you want to erase and press the (erase) button.

Use to select [YES] and press the button to erase.

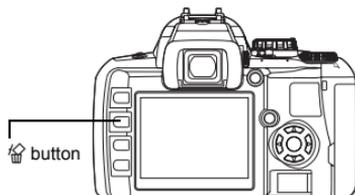


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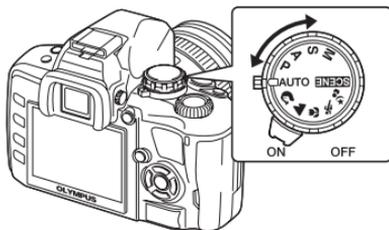
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Describes precautions regarding the use of the camera and accessories.

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How to use the mode dial

The mode dial allows you to change the camera settings easily according to the subject.



Easy shooting modes

- Select according to the shooting scene. The camera sets the appropriate shooting conditions automatically.
- When rotating the mode dial or turning off the power in the easy shooting modes, functions with changes made to their settings are restored to the factory default settings.

AUTO	AUTO	Allows you to shoot using an optimum aperture and shutter speed that the camera sets. The built-in flash pops up automatically in low-light conditions.
	PORTRAIT	Suitable for shooting a portrait-style image of a person.
	LANDSCAPE	Suitable for shooting landscapes and other outdoor scenes.
	MACRO	Suitable for taking close-up pictures (macro shooting).
	SPORT	Suitable for capturing fast-moving action without blurring.
	NIGHT+ PORTRAIT	Suitable for shooting both the main subject and background at night.
SCENE	Scene mode	20 different scene modes are available to suit a wide range of shooting situations. (P. 26)

Advanced shooting modes

- For more advanced shooting and greater creative control, you can set the aperture value and shutter speed.
- The settings made in the advanced shooting modes are retained even if the camera is turned off.

P	Program shooting	Allows you to shoot using an aperture and shutter speed that the camera sets. (P. 26)
A	Aperture priority shooting	Allows you to set the aperture manually. The camera sets the shutter speed automatically. (P. 27)
S	Shutter priority shooting	Allows you to set the shutter speed manually. The camera sets the aperture automatically. (P. 28)
M	Manual shooting	Allows you to set the aperture and shutter speed manually. (P. 29)

How to set the functions

How to make function settings

There are three basic ways to make function settings with this camera.

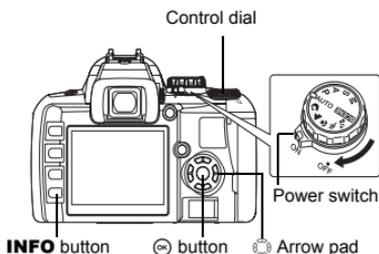
- Setting while looking at the control panel screen (See below)
- Setting using direct buttons (P. 16)
- Setting on the menu (P. 17)

Setting functions using the control panel screen

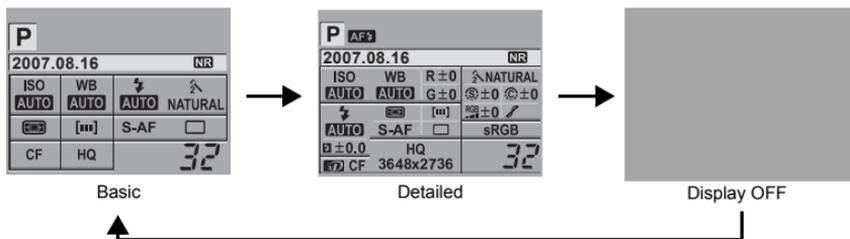
Select an item on the control panel screen and change the setting.

1 When the power switch is set to ON, the control panel screen (shooting information and setting screen) is displayed on the LCD monitor.

- The display changes each time the **INFO** button is pressed.
- You can also display the control panel screen and change the setting when using live view.



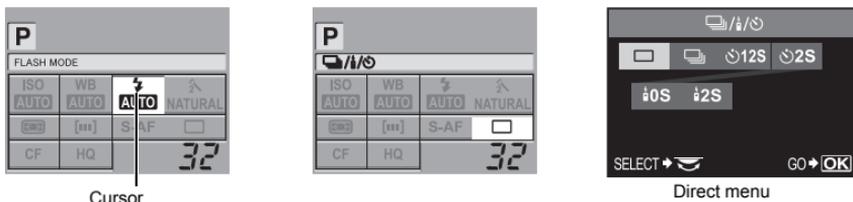
Control panel screen



2 Press the **INFO** button.

- The cursor (function being selected) on the control panel screen lights.

e.g.) When setting Sequential / Self-timer / Remote control shooting



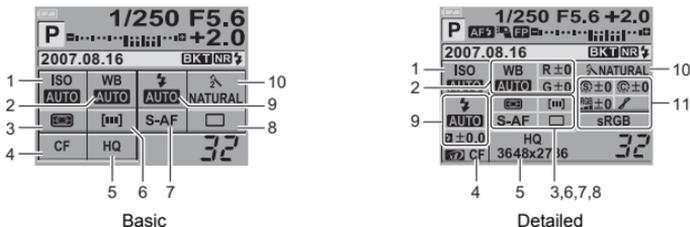
3 Use **INFO** to move the cursor to the function you want to set.

4 Turn the control dial to change the setting.

- Pressing the **INFO** button while the item is being selected displays the direct menu for that function. Turn the control dial to change the setting.
- If you press the **INFO** button or you do not operate the control dial within a few seconds, your setting will be confirmed and the control panel screen will be restored.

Functions on the control panel screen

The functions that can be set on the basic display and detailed display vary.



No.	Items	Basic	Detailed	Ref. page
1	ISO	✓	✓	P. 48
2	WB	✓	✓	P. 50
	White balance compensation	—	✓	P. 51
3	Metering mode	✓	✓	P. 46
4	Card	✓	✓	P. 93
5	Record mode	✓	✓	P. 45
6	AF frame	✓	✓	P. 42
7	Focus mode	✓	✓	P. 43
8	Sequential shooting / Self-timer / Remote control	✓	✓	P. 39
9	Flash mode	✓	✓	P. 35
	Flash intensity control	—	✓	P. 36
10	Picture mode	✓	✓	P. 52
11	Color space	—	✓	P. 54
	Sharpness	—	✓	P. 52
	Contrast	—	✓	P. 52
	Saturation	—	✓	P. 52
	Gradation	—	✓	P. 53

✓: Can be set —: Cannot be set

Setting functions using direct buttons

This camera is equipped with direct buttons where functions have been assigned and can be set quickly.

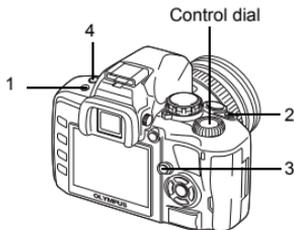
1 Press the button for the function you want to set.

- The direct menu is displayed.

e.g.) Setting Sequential / Self-timer / Remote control shooting



Direct menu



2 Turn the control dial to change the setting.

- Press the button to confirm your setting. Or if you do not operate the control dial within a few seconds, your setting will be confirmed and the control panel screen will be restored.

List of direct buttons

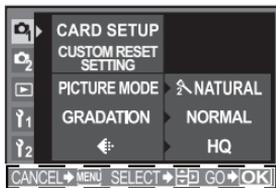
The functions assigned to buttons are as shown below.

No.	Direct buttons	Function	Ref. page	
1	/ /	Remote control / Self-timer / Sequential shooting button	Remote control / Self-timer / Sequential shooting	P. 39
2		Exposure compensation button	Exposure compensation	P. 47
3		Live view button	Turns live view on or off	P. 18
4		Flash button	Pops up the flash and sets flash mode	P. 35

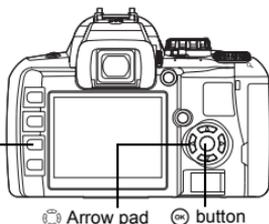
Setting on the menu

1 Press the MENU button.

- The menu is displayed on the LCD monitor.



MENU button



Operation guide is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

CANCEL : Press **MENU** to cancel the setting.

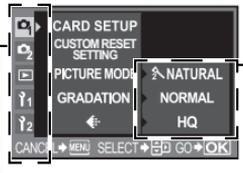
SELECT : Press to select the item.

The illustration corresponds to the arrow pad shown below.

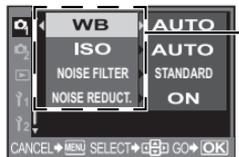


GO **OK** : Press to confirm your settings.

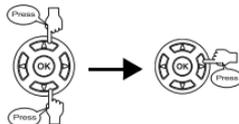
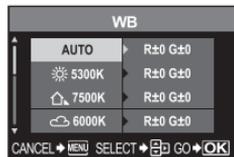
2 Use to set a function.



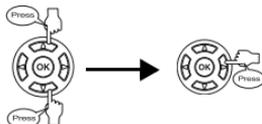
Tab The current setting is displayed



Function



Moves to the functions under the tab you have selected.



Select a function and go to the setting screen.

Types of tabs

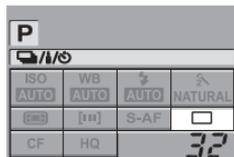
-  Sets shooting functions.
-  Sets shooting functions.
-  Sets playback functions.
-  Customizes shooting functions.

3 Press repeatedly until the menu disappears.

- The normal shooting screen is restored.
- For the menu lists, see "Menu directory" ( P. 95).

Descriptions in this manual

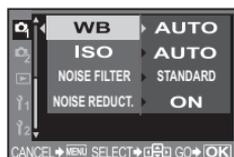
The operating instructions of the control panel screen, direct buttons and menu are described as follows in this manual.



Control panel setting screen



Direct buttons setting screen



Menu setting screen

Control panel screen

e.g.: When setting Remote control / Self-timer / Sequential shooting



Direct buttons

e.g.: When setting Remote control / Self-timer / Sequential shooting



Menu

e.g.: When setting white balance

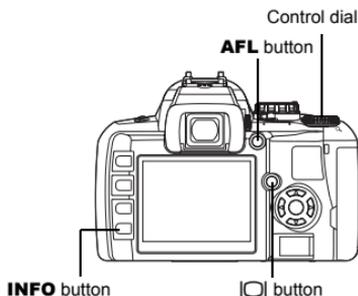


Live view

It is possible to use the LCD monitor as a viewfinder and check the subject's composition, or shoot while viewing an enlarged display on the LCD monitor.

1 Press the button.

- The subject is displayed on the LCD monitor.



2 Press the shutter button all the way down to focus and shoot.

- To focus in advance, hold down the **AFL** button and press the shutter button. The focus is locked when the **AFL** button is pressed.
- The image display on the monitor freezes as the mirror goes down during focusing. The picture you just took is briefly displayed on the monitor so you can check the picture.

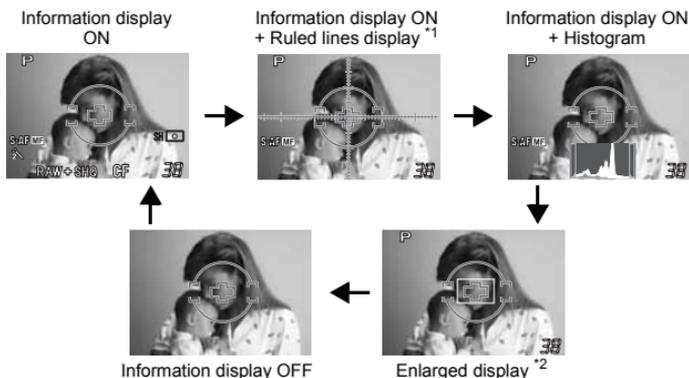
To focus using MF

1 Set [AF MODE] to [MF].

- ☞ "Focus mode" (P. 43)
- Turn the focus ring and focus on the subject. For MF shooting method, refer to "Focus mode" (P. 43).
- You can also press the **AFL** button to activate auto focus.

Switching the information display

You can press the **INFO** button to switch the information displayed on the monitor.



*1 Displayed when [FRAME ASSIST] is set.

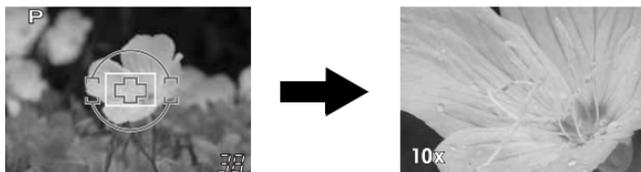
*2 For operation in the enlarged display, refer to "Enlarged display operation" on the next page.

Enlarged display operation

It is possible to enlarge the subject 7 or 10 times for display. Enlarging the image during MF makes focus confirmation and adjustment easier.

1 Use to move the frame and press the button.

- Area inside the frame is enlarged and displayed.
- Press and hold the  button to return the shifted enlargement frame to the center.



2 Turn the control dial to change the magnification (7x / 10x).

- Pressing  cancels enlarged display operation.

Notes

- If there is a high-intensity light source within the screen, the image may be displayed darker but will be recorded normally.
- If the live view function is used over a long period, the temperature of the image pickup device rises causing images with high ISO sensitivity to appear noisy and unevenly colored. Either lower the ISO sensitivity or turn off the camera for some time.
- Replacing the lens will cause live view to stop.
- The following functions are not available during live view.
C-AF / AE lock / **[AEL / AFL]**

Ruled lines display

You can display the ruled lines on the LCD monitor as a guide when confirming the composition.

MENU ▸ [] ▸ **[FRAME ASSIST]**
[OFF] / [GOLDEN SECTION] / [GRID] / [SCALE]

TIPS

Brightening the monitor to get a clear view of the subject:

→ Refer to “Live view boost” (P. 67)

Basic function guides

Take pictures frequently to familiarize yourself with the camera. You can start off by taking pictures of your surrounding subjects like children, flowers or pets. And from the poor quality pictures you have taken, try to figure out what went wrong. The problems can often be resolved just by being more observant during shooting.

Focus: Operating the shutter button

Out of focus seems to be the common cause when pictures taken do not turn out well. In many cases, instead of the intended focus on the subject, the back or front of the subject or other objects are focused.

The shutter button can be half-pressed and full pressed. Once you are able to operate the half-press and full press effectively, you can even focus accurately on moving subjects.

👉 “Shooting” (P. 7), “If correct focus cannot be obtained (Focus lock)” (P. 31)

However, even if the subject is in focus, the picture can become blurred if the camera moves while the shutter button is being pressed. Make sure to hold the camera properly so that it does not shake. The camera is particularly subject to shaking when using live view to take pictures while viewing the subject on the monitor. In addition, it may be necessary to use a tripod to prevent camera shake even when you feel there is sufficient lighting.

👉 “Holding the camera” (P. 7)

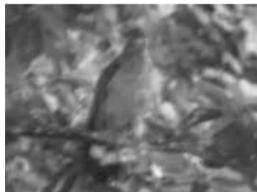
Besides out of focus and camera shake problems, the motion of the subject will also cause the picture to blur. Ability to shoot at a shutter speed that matches the motion of the subject is essential. You can confirm the shutter speed and aperture on the displays of the viewfinder and monitor when taking pictures by pressing the shutter button halfway. Check out these displays during your shooting practices.

👉 “How to use the mode dial” (P. 14), “Preview function” (P. 30), “Live view” (P. 18)

Halfway down:



All the way down:



Brightness: Exposure compensation

The camera automatically determines the aperture value and shutter speed according to the brightness level. This is known as auto exposure. However, auto exposure alone may not result in pictures of your expectations. At times like this, you can adjust the exposure through increasing or decreasing the exposure value set by the camera's auto exposure during shooting.

Increase the exposure when you want the dazzling sensation of the summer beach or the whiteness of the snow to stand out. And decrease the exposure when the area to be shot is smaller and brighter compared to its surrounding area. If you are unsure how much exposure compensation is required, it is better to take the picture with various settings.

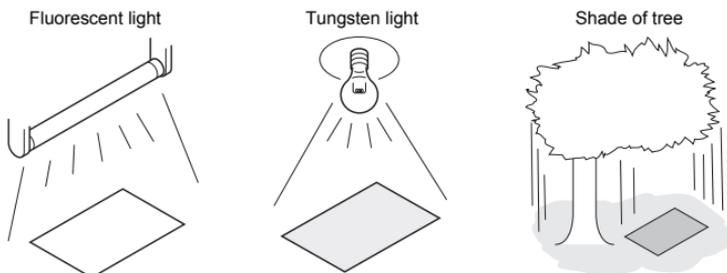
👉 “Exposure compensation – Varying the image brightness” (P. 47)



Color: White balance

There are other sources of lighting like tungsten light and fluorescent light, besides the sunlight, illuminating the subject. Unlike the sunlight, these lights contain particular colors. Hence, the same white object shot under different lighting conditions turns out in different colors. Even for sunlight, the outcome differs depending on the sky conditions, shadow of trees or buildings etc. White balance automatically corrects the effects from these lighting and enables shooting with the right colors. Though the right colors can be obtained when the white balance is set to **[AUTO]**, depending on the shooting situations, it may not be possible to get the intended colors. In such cases, change to an appropriate setting.

👉 “White balance – Adjusting the color tone” (P. 49)



A guide to functions for different subjects

This section describes the functions suitable under different shooting conditions depending on the subject.

Taking landscape pictures

Outdoor scenes such as flower scenery and night scenery are landscape pictures. There are different things to take note of when taking different landscape pictures. This section describes taking outdoor scenery pictures such as forests and lakes in daylight.

Changing shooting mode

Outdoor scenery includes both motion and still sceneries. The shooting method changes accordingly in order to capture a realistic movement of the subject.

- To take a picture that focuses on a certain point among a wider range of the image such as bringing out the depth of a forest, use **A** (Aperture priority shooting) mode and close the aperture (increase the aperture value) as much as possible.
- To capture the instant where waves smash against the seashore, use **S** (Shutter priority shooting) mode and select a fast shutter speed. To shoot a flowing waterfall or river, set a slow shutter speed to capture a scene different from the actual scene.



Exposure compensation can be used even under different shooting modes. Check the image that you have shot and use + or – to compensate.

Using white balance

The color of water is different depending on whether it is a lake surrounded by forests or a tropical sea. To capture the subtle difference in color, try changing the white balance setting. It may be difficult to use auto settings to capture the subtle colors of a lake reflecting the leafy green of the trees or a sea surrounded by corals. Try changing the settings for different situations such as 5300K for sunny days and 7500K for an outdoor shaded area during sunny days.



Changing metering mode

Depending on the depth and the direction of the sun, the brightness of the sea differs significantly even in the same composition. There is also a difference in the brightness of forests depending on the way the trees overlap each other. If you know which are the areas to emphasize the compensation in the image composition, you can change the metering mode.

The metering mode is set in ESP as long as the camera settings remain unchanged. The camera automatically assesses the brightness in the composition and the ESP determines the exposure. To emphasize on specific partial exposure in the composition, change to center weighted metering or spot metering, adjust the AF frame to the locations that you wish to adjust the exposure and measure the exposure.



Changing saturation

There may be times when you could not reproduce the same color as what you have seen even when you have used white balance or exposure compensation. You can set the saturation to achieve the color that you want. You can select high or low setting for saturation. When the setting is high, a vivid color will be used. However, as the image will be recorded with this setting during shooting, it is recommended to avoid over-setting.

 **A:** Aperture priority shooting" (P. 27), **S:** Shutter priority shooting" (P. 28), "Metering mode – Changing the metering system" (P. 46), "Exposure compensation – Varying the image brightness" (P. 47), "White balance – Adjusting the color tone" (P. 49), **[SATURATION]** : Vividness of the color" (P. 52)

Taking flower pictures

Flower scenery ranges from a bunch of flowers in the wild to a field of flowers. The way of shooting differs depending on how you wish to capture the image.

Using white balance

There are many colors of flowers ranging from light to vivid ones. Depending on the colors, subtle color shades may not be captured as seen.

When beautiful color shades are not reproduced, check the light condition and change the white balance setting. The default setting of white balance is auto as long as the camera settings are not changed. Auto setting is fine but changing the settings for different situations such as 5300 K for sunny days and 7500 K for an outdoor shaded area during sunny days will bring out subtle color shades more effectively.



Using exposure compensation

When shooting a picture with background, select a background that will bring out the shape and color of the flower. A simple background will enhance the subject. When shooting bright and whitish flowers, adjust the exposure compensation toward – (minus) so that the flower stands out from the dark background.



2

Changing shooting mode

The method to capture a subject changes according to the type of subject you wish to emphasize, be it a field or a bunch of flowers. To change the focus area, set to **A** (aperture priority shooting) mode and select the aperture value.

- When you open the aperture (decrease the aperture value), the camera will focus within a shorter range (shallow depth of field), producing an emphasized subject with a blurred background.
- When you close the aperture (increase the aperture value), the camera will focus over a wider range (more depth of field), producing a picture with clear focus.

You can use the preview function to confirm the changes in the depth of field when the aperture is changed.



Using live view

When using a conventional single-lens reflex camera with interchangeable lens system, if you want to take pictures with different exposure compensation and white balance settings, you have to view the pictures later to check the results. With the live view function of this camera, you can use the monitor to display and check the subject you want to capture when taking the picture.

Changing lenses

When the blooming flowers are few and sparse, attach a telephoto lens to take the picture. A picture taken with a telephoto lens will appear as though the flowers are blooming thickly and the distance seen is closer. Using telescopic feature of the zoom lens also achieves the same effect but it is easier to achieve the effect when the focus distance is longer such as 150 mm or 200 mm, rather than 54 mm.

 **A**: Aperture priority shooting” (P. 27), “Live view” (P. 18), “Preview function” (P. 30), “Exposure compensation – Varying the image brightness” (P. 47), “White balance – Adjusting the color tone” (P. 49)

Taking night scene pictures

There are different types of night scenes, ranging from the afterglow of a sunset to city lights at night. Sunset and fireworks sceneries are also a type of night scene.

Using a tripod

A tripod is a must when shooting night scenes as the shutter speed is slow due to the darkness. Even when a tripod is not available, you should also place the camera on a stable ground such that it does not shake. Even when the camera is secured, you may also move the camera when pressing the shutter button. Hence, use the remote control or self timer to activate the shutter as far as possible.



Changing shooting mode

When taking night scenes, the balance of the brightness in the composition is not uniform due to the intensity of brightness. As there are many dark areas, using **P** (program shooting) mode will take a whitish picture that is overexposed. First of all, use **A** (aperture priority shooting) mode to take the picture. Set the aperture to the medium setting (about F8 or F11) and leave the shutter speed to the camera. As it is common for the picture to turn out too bright, adjust the exposure compensation to -1 or -1.5 . Check the aperture and exposure compensation in the **[REC VIEW]** image and change it if necessary. Noise may occur easily when shooting at slow shutter speeds. Set **[NOISE REDUCT.]** to **[ON]** to reduce the occurrence of noise.

Using manual focus

For cases when the subject is dark and you cannot focus using AF (auto focus) or when you cannot focus in time for pictures such as fireworks, set the focus mode to MF (manual focus) and focus manually. For night scenes, turn the focus ring of the lens and check whether you can see the street lights clearly. For fireworks, as long as the long focus lens is not used, it is okay to adjust to infinite. If you know the approximate distance, you can also focus on something that is found at the same distance in advance.

☞ **"P":** Program shooting" (P. 26), **"A":** Aperture priority shooting" (P. 27), "Sequential shooting / Self-timer / Remote control" (P. 39), "Focus mode" (P. 43), "Noise reduction" (P. 53), "Rec view – Checking the picture immediately after shooting" (P. 68)



3 Shooting functions

Scene mode

When you select a mode to suit the shooting situation, the camera optimizes the settings for the shooting conditions. Unlike the mode dial's scene mode, most functions cannot be changed.

1 Set the mode dial to **SCENE**.

- The scene menu is displayed.

2 Use to select the scene mode.

- The sample image followed by a description of the selected mode is displayed.

3 Press the button.

- The camera enters the shooting stand-by mode.
- To change the setting, press the button again. The scene menu is displayed.



3

Shooting functions – Selecting the appropriate mode for shooting conditions

Types of scene modes

Icon	Mode	Icon	Mode
	1 PORTRAIT		11 MACRO
	2 LANDSCAPE		12 NATURE MACRO
	3 LANDSCAPE+PORTRAIT		13 CANDLE
	4 NIGHT SCENE		14 SUNSET
	5 NIGHT+PORTRAIT		15 FIREWORKS
	6 CHILDREN		16 DOCUMENTS
	7 SPORT		17 PANORAMA
	8 HIGH KEY		18 BEACH & SNOW
	9 LOW KEY		19 UNDER WATER WIDE
	10 DIS MODE		20 UNDER WATER MACRO

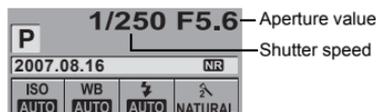
P: Program shooting

The camera sets the optimum aperture value and shutter speed automatically according to the subject brightness.

Set the mode dial to **P**.

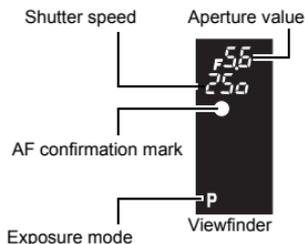
- When the shutter button is half-pressed, the shutter speed and aperture value are displayed on the viewfinder. Releasing the shutter button displays the shutter speed and aperture value on the control panel screen.

Control panel screen display



Aperture value

Shutter speed

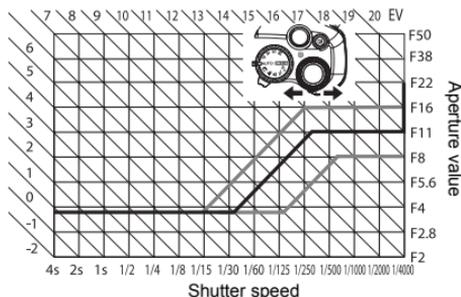


Aperture values and shutter speeds in the **P** mode

In the **P** mode, the camera is programmed such that the aperture value and shutter speed are automatically selected according to the subject's brightness as shown below. The program line diagram varies with the type of lens mounted.

— When using the 14 – 42 mm f3.5 – 5.6 zoom lens (focal length: 14 mm)

— Program shift



Program shift (**Ps**)

By turning the control dial in the **P** mode, you can change the combination of aperture and shutter speed as illustrated above while maintaining the optimum exposure.

The program shift setting will not be canceled after shooting. To cancel program shift setting, turn the control dial so that the viewfinder's or control panel screen's exposure mode indication **Ps** changes to **P** or turn off the power. Program shift is not available when you are using a flash.

A: Aperture priority shooting

The camera sets the optimum shutter speed automatically for the aperture value you have selected. When you open the aperture (decrease the aperture value), the camera will focus within a shorter range (shallow depth of field) and produce a picture with a blurred background. When you close the aperture (increase the aperture value), the camera will focus within a longer range. Use this mode when you wish to add changes to the background representation. Before shooting, you can use the preview function to check how the background will look in your picture.  "Preview function" (P. 30)

When the aperture value (f-number) is decreased

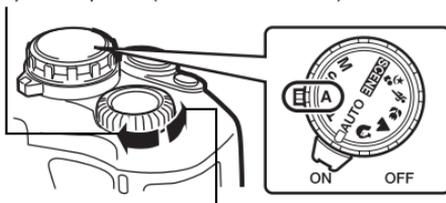


When the aperture value (f-number) is increased



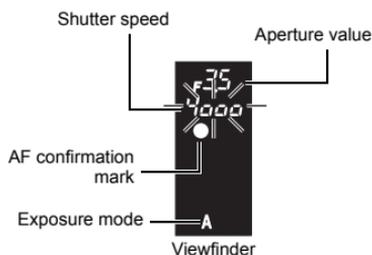
Set the mode dial to **A** and turn the control dial to set the aperture value.

Open the aperture (f-number is decreased)



Close the aperture (f-number is increased)

Display in the viewfinder when the shutter button is pressed halfway



- Overexposed when the shutter speed indication is blinking. Increase the aperture value (f-number).
- Underexposed when the shutter speed indication is blinking. Decrease the aperture value (f-number).

TIPS

3

Shooting functions – Selecting the appropriate mode for shooting conditions

The shutter speed indication does not stop blinking after the aperture value is changed:

→ If the shutter speed indication is blinking when set to a high speed, set the ISO sensitivity to a lower value or use a commercially available ND filter (for adjusting the amount of light).

☞ "ISO – Setting the desired sensitivity to light" (P. 48)

→ If the shutter speed indication is blinking when set to a lower speed, set the ISO sensitivity to a higher value. ☞ "ISO – Setting the desired sensitivity to light" (P. 48)

To check the depth of field with the selected aperture value:

→ Refer to "Preview function" (P. 30).

S: Shutter priority shooting

The camera sets the optimum aperture value automatically for the shutter speed you have selected. Set the shutter speed depending on the type of effect you want. A higher speed shutter allows you to capture a fast-moving subject without blur, and a slower shutter speed blurs a moving subject, creating a feeling of speed or motion.

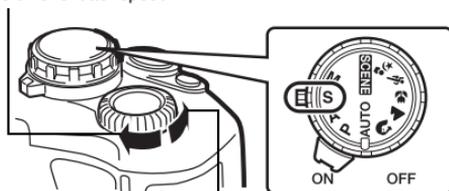
A fast shutter speed can freeze a fast action scene without any blur.



A slow shutter speed will blur a fast action scene. This blurring will give the impression of dynamic motion.

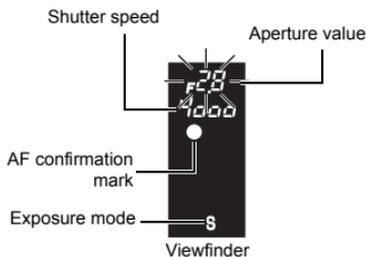
Set the mode dial to **S** and turn the control dial to set the shutter speed.

Slower shutter speed



Faster shutter speed

Display in the viewfinder when the shutter button is pressed halfway



- If the aperture value indication at the minimum value is blinking*, the correct exposure has not been attained (underexposed). Lower the shutter speed.
- If the aperture value indication at the maximum value is blinking*, the correct exposure has not been attained (overexposed). Raise the shutter speed.

* The aperture value at the moment when its indication blinks varies with the lens type and focal length of the lens.

TIPS

The picture looks blurred:

→ The possibility of camera shake spoiling your picture increases greatly during macro or ultra-telephoto shooting. Raise the shutter speed or use a monopod or tripod to stabilize the camera.

The aperture value indication does not stop blinking after the shutter speed is changed:

→ If the aperture value indication at the maximum value is blinking, set the ISO sensitivity to a lower value or use a commercially available ND filter (for adjusting the amount of light). "ISO – Setting the desired sensitivity to light" (P. 48)

→ If the aperture value indication at the minimum value is blinking, set the ISO sensitivity to a higher value. "ISO – Setting the desired sensitivity to light" (P. 48)

M: Manual shooting

Allows you to set the aperture and shutter speed manually. You can check how much it differs from the appropriate exposure by using the exposure level indicator. This mode gives you more creative control, allowing you to make whatever settings you like, regardless of the correct exposure. Bulb shooting is also possible, allowing you to take astronomical or fireworks pictures. "Bulb shooting" (P. 30)

Set the mode dial to **M** and turn the control dial to set the value.

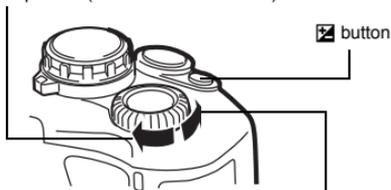
- To set the shutter speed: Turn the control dial.

To set the aperture value: Turn the control dial while holding down the (exposure compensation) button.

- The range of aperture values available varies with the lens type.
- The shutter speed can be set to 1/4000 – 60" (sec.) or [BULB].
- The aperture value and shutter speed change in 1/3 EV increments as the dial is turned.

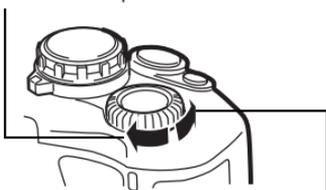


Open the aperture (f-number is decreased)



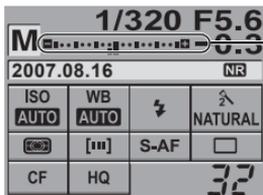
Close the aperture (f-number is increased)

Slower shutter speed



Faster shutter speed

- The exposure level indicator appears on the control panel screen, showing the difference (ranging from -3 EV to +3 EV) between the exposure value calculated by the currently selected aperture and shutter speed compared to the exposure value considered optimum by the camera.



Exposure level indicator

Noise in images

During shooting at slow shutter speeds, noise may appear on-screen. These phenomena are caused when current is generated in those sections of the image pickup device that are not normally exposed to light, resulting in a rise in temperature in the image pickup device or image pickup device drive circuit. This can also occur when shooting with a high ISO setting in an environment exposed to heat. To reduce this noise, the camera activates the noise reduction function.

☞ "Noise reduction" (P. 53)

Bulb shooting

→ You can take a picture with a bulb exposure time in which the shutter stays open as long as you hold down the shutter button. Set the shutter speed to **[BULB]** in the **M** mode. Bulb shooting can also be done using an optional remote control (RM-1).

☞ "Bulb shooting on the remote control" (P. 41)

TIPS

The picture looks blurred:

→ The use of a monopod or tripod is recommended when taking a picture at slow shutter speed.

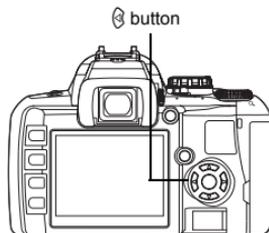
Preview function

The viewfinder shows the focused area (depth of field) with the selected aperture value. For the preview function to work by pressing the  button, it is necessary to set the function of the  button on the menu beforehand.

☞ "[] FUNCTION" (P. 67)

Press the button to use the preview function.

- When [] FUNCTION] is assigned to **[LIVE PREVIEW]**, pressing the  button automatically switches the camera to live view for a preview of the picture on the monitor.

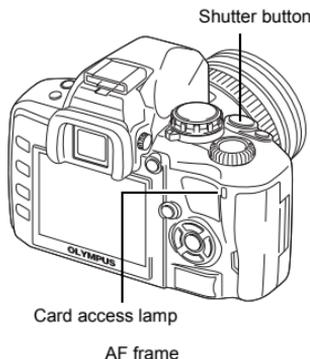


If correct focus cannot be obtained (Focus lock)

The camera's auto focus may not be able to focus on the subject in situations such as when the subject is not in the center of the frame. If this happens, the easiest solution is to use focus lock.

1 Adjust the AF frame with the subject to be focused and press the shutter button halfway until the AF confirmation mark lights up.

- The focus is locked. The AF confirmation mark and the AF focusing frame light up in the viewfinder.
- If the AF confirmation mark blinks, press the shutter button halfway again.
- The control panel screen disappears.



AF confirmation mark

2 While pressing the shutter button halfway, move to the desired composition and press the button all the way.

- The card access lamp blinks while the picture is being stored on the card.



If the subject has lower contrast than its surroundings

If the contrast of the subject is weak, such as when the lighting is insufficient or the subject cannot be seen clearly because of fog, the focus may not be achieved. Focus (focus lock) on a high-contrast object the same distance away as the intended subject, recompose your shot and then take the picture.

AE bracketing

The camera automatically shoots a number of pictures at different exposure values for each frame. Even in conditions where correct exposure is difficult to obtain (such as a backlit subject or a scene at dusk), you can pick the picture you prefer from a selected number of frames with a variety of different exposure settings (exposure and compensation values). The pictures are taken in the following order: Picture with optimum exposure, picture adjusted in - direction, and picture adjusted in + direction.

e.g.) When BKT is set to [3F 1.0 EV]



-1.0 EV



±0



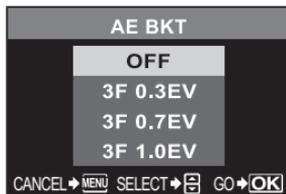
+1.0 EV

Compensation value: 0.3, 0.7 or 1.0

Number of frames: 3

Menu

MENU ▸ [AE] ▸ [AE BKT]
[OFF] / [3F 0.3EV] / [3F 0.7EV] / [3F 1.0EV]



Viewfinder

Exposure compensation value of the next shooting frame

Start shooting.

- The shooting method varies depending on the setting of single-frame or sequential shooting. "Sequential shooting" (P. 39)

Single-frame shooting

Each time the shutter button is pressed fully, a picture is taken at a different exposure.

- The setting for the next shot is displayed in the viewfinder.

Sequential shooting

Hold down the shutter button until the selected number of frames are taken. The camera shoots each frame at a different exposure.

- Releasing the shutter button stops auto bracketing shooting. When it stops, [BKT] on the control panel is displayed in blue.

How AE bracketing compensates exposure in each exposure mode

Depending on the selected exposure mode, exposure is compensated in the following way:

- P** mode : Aperture value and shutter speed
- A** mode : Shutter speed
- S** mode : Aperture value
- M** mode : Shutter speed

TIPS

To apply AE bracketing to the exposure value you have compensated:

- Compensate the exposure value, then use the AE bracketing feature. AE bracketing is applied to the exposure value you have compensated.

Notes

- During sequential shooting, if the battery check blinks due to low battery, the camera stops shooting and starts saving the pictures you have taken on the card. The camera may not save all of the pictures depending on how much battery power remains.

Flash shooting

Flash mode

The camera sets the flash mode according to various factors such as firing pattern and flash timing. Available flash modes depend on the exposure mode. The flash modes are available to optional external flashes.

Auto flash **AUTO**

The flash fires automatically in low light or backlight conditions.

To shoot a subject with backlighting, position the AF frame over the subject.

Red-eye reduction flash

In the red-eye reduction flash mode, a series of pre-flashes are emitted just before the regular flash fires. This helps accustom the subject's eyes to the bright light and minimizes the red-eye phenomenon.



The subject's eyes appear red

Notes

- After the pre-flashes, it takes about 1 second before the shutter is released. Hold the camera firmly to avoid camera movement.
- Effectiveness may be limited if the subject is not looking directly at pre-flashes, or if the shooting range is too far. Individual physical characteristics may also limit effectiveness.

Slow synchronization (1st curtain) SLOW

The slow synchronization flash is designed for slow shutter speeds. Normally, when shooting with a flash, shutter speeds cannot go below a certain level to prevent camera movement. But when shooting a subject against a night scene, fast shutter speeds can make the background too dark. Slow synchronization allows you to capture both the background and the subject. Since the shutter speed is slow, be sure to stabilize the camera by using a tripod so as not to cause the picture to be blurred.



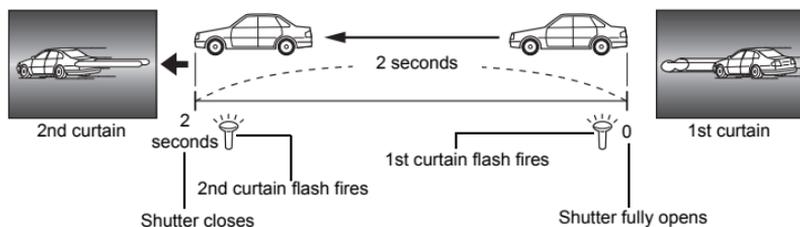
1st curtain

Usually, the flash fires right after the shutter fully opens. This is called 1st curtain. Unless you change it, this is how the flash always fires.

Slow synchronization (2nd curtain) SLOW2

2nd curtain flash fires just before the shutter closes. Changing the flash timing can create interesting effects in your picture, such as expressing the movement of a car by showing the tail-lights streaming backwards. The slower the shutter speed, the better the effects turn out. The slowest possible shutter speed depends on the shooting mode.

When the shutter speed is set to 2 sec.



Slow synchronization (1st curtain) / Red-eye reduction flash SLOW

While using slow synchronization with flash shooting, you can also use this function to achieve red-eye reduction. When shooting a subject against a night scene, this function allows you to reduce the red-eye phenomenon. As the time from emitting pre-flashes to shooting is long in 2nd curtain synchronization, it is difficult to achieve red-eye reduction. Hence, only 1st curtain synchronization setting is available.

Fill-in flash

The flash fires regardless of the light conditions. This mode is useful for eliminating shadows on the subject's face (such as shadows from tree leaves), in a backlight situation, or for correcting the color shift produced by artificial lighting (especially fluorescent light).



Notes

- When the flash fires, the shutter speed is set to 1/180 sec. or less. When shooting a subject against a bright background with the fill-in flash, the background may be overexposed. In this case, use the optional FL-50 or FL-36 external flash and shoot in the Super FP flash mode. "Super FP flash" (P. 38)

Flash off

The flash does not fire.

Even in this mode, the flash can be used as an AF illuminator when it is raised.

"AF illuminator" (P. 44)

Manual flash

This allows the built-in flash to output a fixed amount of light. To shoot with manual flash, set the f value on the lens based on the distance to the subject.

Ratio of amount of light	GN: Guide number (Equivalent to ISO 100)
FULL (1/1)	12
1/4	6
1/16	3
1/64	1.5

Calculate the f value on the lens using the following formula.

$$\text{Aperture (f value)} = \frac{\text{GN} \times \text{ISO sensitivity}}{\text{Distance to the subject (m)}}$$

ISO sensitivity

ISO value	100	200	400	800	1600
ISO sensitivity	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.8	4.0

Flash modes available in different exposure modes

Exposure mode	Control panel screen display	Flash mode	Conditions to timing	Conditions to fire the flash	Shutter speed restrictions	
AUTO	AUTO	Auto flash	1st curtain	Fires automatically in dark / backlit ^{*1} conditions	1/30 sec. – 1/180 sec.	
		Auto flash (red-eye reduction)				
	P		Fill-in flash	—	Always fires	60 sec. – 1/180 sec.
	A		Flash off	—	—	—
		SLOW	Slow synchronization (red-eye reduction)	1st curtain	Fires automatically in dark / backlit ^{*1} conditions	1/30 sec. – 1/180 sec.
		SLOW	Slow synchronization (1st curtain)			
		SLOW2	Slow synchronization (2nd curtain)	2nd curtain	—	—
	^{*2}	FULL	Manual flash (FULL)	1st curtain	Always fires	60 sec. – 1/180 sec.
		1/4	Manual flash (1/4)			
		1/16	Manual flash (1/16)			
	1/64	Manual flash (1/64)				
S M		Fill-in flash	—	—	—	
		Fill-in flash (red-eye reduction)				
		Flash off	—	—	—	
	S M	SLOW2	Fill-in flash / Slow synchronization (2nd curtain)	2nd curtain	Always fires	60 sec. – 1/180 sec.
		FULL	Manual flash (FULL)	1st curtain		
		1/4	Manual flash (1/4)			
		1/16	Manual flash (1/16)			
	1/64	Manual flash (1/64)				

^{*1} When the flash is set to the Super FP mode, it detects backlight with longer duration than for normal flash before emitting light. "Super FP flash" (P. 38)

^{*2} **AUTO**, , cannot be set in NIGHT+PORTRAIT mode.

Setting the flash mode

Direct buttons

▶ Control dial

Control panel screen

▶ : FLASH MODE ▶



Using the built-in flash

If you shoot a subject using a lens that is wider than 14 mm (equivalent to 28 mm on a 35 mm film camera), the light emitted by the flash may produce a vignette effect. Whether or not vignetting occurs also depends on lens type and shooting conditions (such as distance to the subject).

1 Press the button to raise the built-in flash.

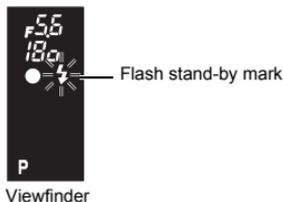
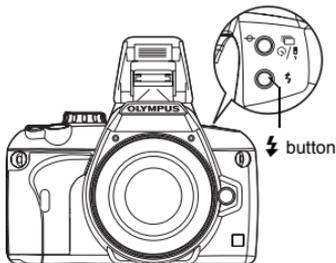
- The built-in flash will pop up automatically and fire in low light conditions under the following modes.

AUTO /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  /  / 

2 Press the shutter button halfway.

- The  (flash stand-by) mark lights when the flash is ready to fire. If the mark is blinking, the flash is charging. Wait until charging is complete.

3 Press the shutter button all the way.



TIPS

When you do not want the flash to pop up automatically:

→ Set **[AUTO POP UP]** on the menu to **[OFF]**.

 "Auto pop up" (P. 67)

Flash intensity control

This adjusts the amount of light emitted by the flash.

In some situations (e.g., when shooting small subjects, distant backgrounds, etc.), you may get better results by adjusting light emission. It is useful when you intend to increase the contrast (distinction between light and dark) of images to make the images more vivid.

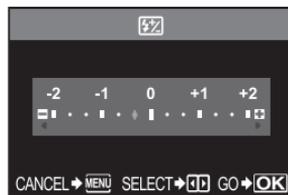
MENU ▶ **[C2]** ▶ **[F2]**

Use  to set the compensation value.

TIPS

To call up the flash compensation screen quickly:

→ Hold down the  button and the  (exposure compensation) button at the same time until the  screen appears. Use the control dial to set.



Notes

- This does not work when the flash control mode on the electronic flash is set to **MANUAL**.
- If light emission is adjusted on the electronic flash, it will be combined with the camera's light emission setting.
- The amount of light emitted by the flash is interlocked with exposure compensation.

External electronic flashes (optional)

In addition to the camera's built-in flash capabilities, you can use any of the external flash units specified for use with this camera. This enables you to take advantage of a wider variety of flash shooting techniques to suit different shooting conditions.

The external flashes communicate with the camera, allowing you to control the camera's flash modes with various available flash control modes, such as TTL-AUTO and Super FP flash. The flash can be mounted on the camera by attaching it to the camera's hot shoe. Refer to the external flash's manual as well.

Functions available with external flash units

Optional flash	FL-50	FL-36	FL-20	RF-11	TF-22
Flash control mode	TTL-AUTO, AUTO, MANUAL, FP TTL AUTO, FP MANUAL		TTL-AUTO, AUTO, MANUAL	TTL-AUTO, MANUAL	
GN (Guide number) (ISO100)	GN50 (85 mm*) GN28 (24 mm*)	GN36 (85 mm*) GN26 (24 mm*)	GN20 (35 mm*)	GN11	GN22

* The focal length of the lens that can be covered (Calculated based on 35 mm film camera)

Notes

- The FL-40 optional flash cannot be used.

Using the external electronic flash

Be sure to attach the flash to the camera before turning on the flash's power.

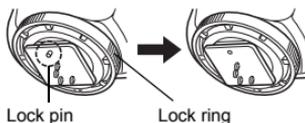
1 Remove the hot shoe cover by sliding it in the direction indicated by the arrow in the illustration.

- Keep the shoe cover in a safe place to avoid losing it, and put it back on the camera after flash shooting.



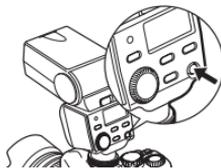
2 Attach the electronic flash to the hot shoe on the camera.

- If the lock pin is protruding, turn the shoe lock ring as far as it will go in the direction opposite to LOCK. This will pull the lock pin back inside.



3 Turn on the flash.

- When the charge lamp on the flash lights up, charging is complete.
- The flash will be synchronized with the camera at a speed of 1/180 sec. or less.



4 Select a flash mode.

5 Select the flash control mode.

- TTL-AUTO is recommended for normal use.

6 Press the shutter button halfway.

- Shooting information such as ISO sensitivity, aperture value, and shutter speed is communicated between the camera and flash.

7 Press the shutter button all the way.

Notes

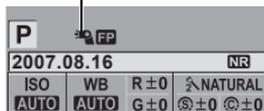
- The built-in flash cannot be used when an external flash is attached to the hot shoe.

Super FP flash

Super FP flash is available with the FL-50 or FL-36. Use the Super FP flash where normal flashes cannot be used with high shutter speed.

Fill-in flash shooting with the aperture open (such as in outdoor portrait shooting) is also possible with Super FP flash. For details, refer to the external flash's manual.

Super FP flash



Detailed display on the control panel

Using commercially available flashes

Use the **M** shooting mode on the camera when using any commercially available flash except for the flashes specified for this camera. For details on non-specified commercial flashes, see "Non-specified commercial flashes" (P. 38).

1 Remove the hot shoe cover to connect the flash unit to the camera.

2 Set the shooting mode to **M mode, then set the aperture value and shutter speed.**

- Set the shutter speed to 1/180 sec. or slower. If the shutter speed is faster than this, commercially available flashes cannot be used.
- A slower shutter speed may produce blurred images.

3 Turn on the flash.

- Be sure to turn on the flash after attaching the flash unit to the camera.

4 Set the ISO value and aperture value on the camera to match the flash control mode on the flash.

- Refer to the flash's manual for instructions on how to set its flash control mode.

Notes

- The flash fires each time the shutter is released. When you do not need to use the flash, turn off the flash's power.
- Check beforehand that the flash you are using is synchronized with the camera.

Non-specified commercial flashes

- 1) Exposures when using a flash require that adjustments be made on the flash. If a flash is used in the auto mode, match it with the f value and ISO sensitivity settings on the camera.
- 2) Even if the flash auto f value and ISO sensitivity are set the same as on the camera, the correct exposure may not be obtained depending on the shooting conditions. In such a case, adjust the auto f value or ISO on the flash or calculate the distance in the manual mode.
- 3) Use a flash with an illumination angle that matches the focal length of the lens. The focal length of the lens for 35 mm film is approximately twice as long as the focal length of the lenses designed for this camera.
- 4) Do not use a flash unit or other accessory TTL flash that has additional communication functions other than the specified flashes, since it may not only fail to function normally, but may also cause damage to the camera's circuitry.

3

Shooting functions – Various shooting functions



Setting the functions

Direct buttons

Control dial

Control panel screen

- When settings are made with the button, the information is also displayed on the viewfinder.

Sequential shooting



1-d:
Single-frame shooting
b-d:
Sequential shooting

Self-timer



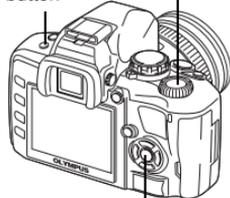
12 SELF:
12-second self-timer
2 SELF:
2-second self-timer

Remote control



0 r-c-d:
0 second
2 r-c-d:
2 seconds

Control dial



button



Sequential shooting

Single-frame shooting

1 frame at a time when the shutter button is pressed (normal shooting mode).

Sequential shooting

Shoots 7 frames or more at 3 frames / sec. for as long as the shutter button is pressed (during JPEG). Focus and exposure are locked at the first frame (during S-AF, MF).

- Press the shutter button fully and keep it pressed. The camera will take pictures in sequence until you release the button.

Notes

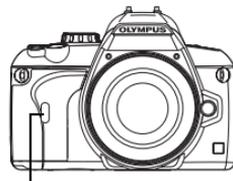
- During sequential shooting, if the battery check blinks due to low battery, the camera stops shooting and starts saving the pictures you have taken on the card. The camera may not save all of the pictures depending on how much battery power remains.

Using the self-timer

This function lets you take pictures using the self-timer. You can set the camera to release the shutter after either 12 or 2 seconds. Fix the camera securely on a tripod for self-timer shooting.

Press the shutter button all the way.

- A picture is taken.
- When is selected:
First, the self-timer lamp lights up for approximately 10 seconds, then it blinks for approximately 2 seconds and the picture is taken.
- When is selected:
The self-timer lamp blinks for approximately 2 seconds, then the picture is taken.
- To cancel the activated self-timer, press the button.



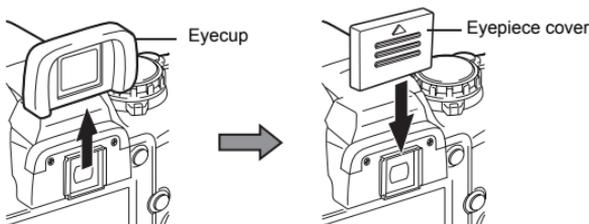
Self-timer lamp

1 Notes

- Do not press the shutter button while standing in front of the camera; this could result in the subject being out of focus since focusing is performed when the shutter button is pressed halfway.

Eyepiece cover

When shooting without looking through the viewfinder, attach the eyepiece cover to the viewfinder so that light does not enter the viewfinder. Attach the eyepiece cover after removing the eyecup as illustrated. The same applies when replacing with an optional eyecup.

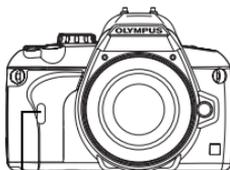


Using the remote control

By using the optional remote control (RM-1), you can take a picture with yourself in it or a night scene without touching the camera. The camera can be set to release the shutter either right away or 2 seconds after the shutter button on the remote control is pressed. Bulb shooting is also possible when using the optional remote control.

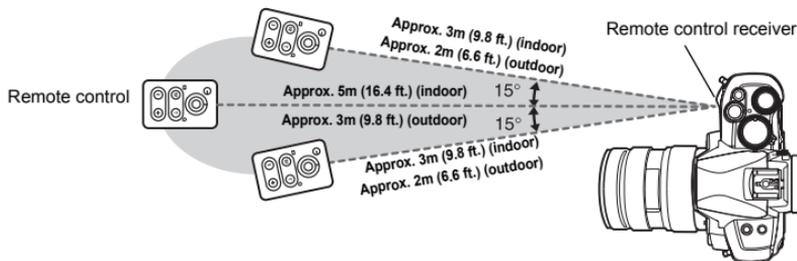
Mount the camera securely on a tripod, point the remote control at the remote control receiver on the camera and press the shutter button on the remote control.

- When **10s** is selected:
The focus and exposure are locked, the remote control lamp blinks and the picture is taken.
- When **2s** is selected:
The focus and exposure are locked, the remote control lamp blinks, then after approximately 2 seconds the picture is taken.



Transmitted signal effective area

Point the remote control at the remote control receiver of the camera within the effective area as shown below. Powerful lighting such as direct sunlight, fluorescent light or devices emitting electrical or radio waves could narrow the effective area.



TIPS

The remote control lamp does not blink after the shutter button on the remote control is pressed:

- The transmitted signal may not be effective if the remote control receiver is exposed to powerful lighting. Move the remote control closer to the camera and press the shutter button on the remote control again.
- The transmitted signal may not be effective if the remote control is too far from the camera. Move the remote control closer to the camera and press the shutter button on the remote control again.
- There is signal interference. Change the channel as described in the remote control's manual.

To cancel the remote control shooting mode:

- The remote control shooting mode will not be canceled after shooting. Press the  button to set to  (single-frame shooting) etc.

To use the shutter button on the camera in the remote control shooting mode:

- The shutter button on the camera still works even in the remote control shooting mode.

Notes

- The shutter will not be released if the subject is not in focus.
- Under bright light conditions, the remote control lamp may be difficult to see, making it hard to determine whether or not the picture has been taken.
- Zoom is not available on the remote control.

Bulb shooting on the remote control

Set the mode dial to **M**, then set the shutter speed to **[BULB]**.

Press the W button on the remote control to open the shutter.

If 8 minutes elapse after pressing the W button, the shutter closes automatically.

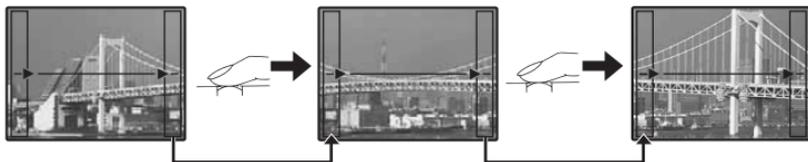


Press the T button to close the shutter.

Panorama shooting

You can enjoy panorama shooting easily using the OLYMPUS xD-Picture Card. Using OLYMPUS Master (provided CD-ROM) to join a few images shot where the subject's edges overlap, you can create a single panorama composite image.

Panorama shooting is possible up to a maximum of 10 images.



- Try your best to include the common parts of the overlapping images when shooting the subject.

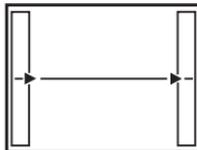
1 Set the mode. "Scene mode" (P. 26)

- Live view is activated.

2 Use to specify the direction for joining, then shoot the subject with the edges overlapping.

- : Joins the next image to the right.
- : Joins the next image to the left.
- : Joins the next image to the top.
- : Joins the next image to the bottom.

- Shoot while changing the composition such that the subject overlaps.
- The focus, exposure, etc. will be determined in the first image.
- The  (warning) mark will be displayed after you have finished taking 10 shots.
- Pressing the  button before shooting the first frame returns to the scene mode selection menu.
- Pressing the  button in the midst of shooting ends the sequence of panorama shooting, and allows you to continue with the next one.



3

Shooting functions – Various shooting functions / Focusing functions

Notes

- Panorama shooting cannot be done if the OLYMPUS xD-Picture Card is not loaded in the camera.
- During panorama shooting, the image previously taken for position alignment will not be retained. With the frames or other markers for display in the images as a guide, set the composition such that the edges of the overlapping images overlap within the frames.

AF frame selection



Normally, the camera measures the distance to the subject using the 3 AF frames in the viewfinder and selects the most appropriate point. This function allows you to select only one AF frame.

[AUTO] or  (Auto)

Focuses using the 3 AF frames.



Focuses using the left AF frame.



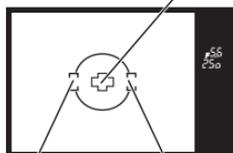
Focuses using the center AF frame.



Focuses using the right AF frame.

Viewfinder

Center AF frame



Left AF frame

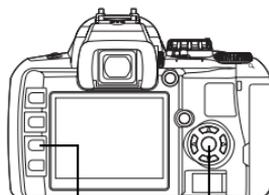
Right AF frame

Control panel screen

 : AF AREA 

Menu

MENU   



MENU button

 button

Focus mode

The following three focus modes are available with this camera.

You can take pictures by combining S-AF or C-AF mode with MF mode. "Simultaneous use of S-AF mode and MF mode (S-AF+MF)" (P. 44), "Simultaneous use of C-AF mode and MF mode (C-AF+MF)" (P. 44)

S-AF (single AF)

Focusing is performed once when the shutter button is pressed halfway.

If focusing fails, release your finger from the shutter button and press it halfway again. This mode is suitable for taking pictures of still subjects or subjects with limited movement.

Press the shutter button halfway.

- When the focus is locked, the AF confirmation mark lights up.
- A beep sound is output when the subject is in focus.

C-AF (continuous AF)

The camera repeats focusing while the shutter button remains pressed halfway. When the subject is in motion, the camera focuses on the subject in anticipation of its movement (Predictive AF). Even if the subject moves or you change the composition of the picture, the camera continues trying to focus.

Press the shutter button halfway and keep it in this position.

- When the subject is in focus and locked, the AF confirmation mark lights up.
- The AF frame does not light up, even when the subject is in focus.
- The camera repeats focusing. Even if the subject moves or even if you change the composition of the picture, focusing is tried continuously.
- A beep sound is output when the subject is in focus. The beep sound is not output after the third continuous AF operation, even when the subject is in focus.

MF (manual focus)

This function allows you to manually focus on any subject while looking through the viewfinder.

Adjust the focus using the focus ring.

Focus aid

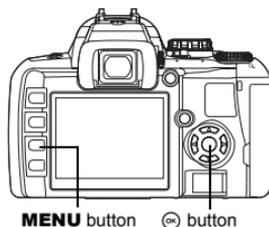
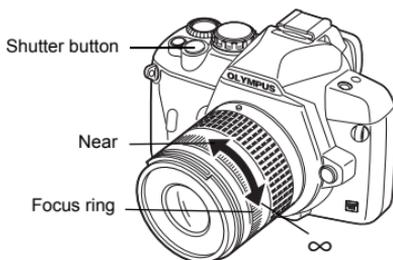
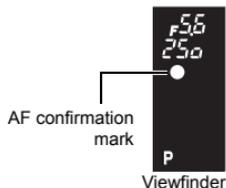
When you focus the lens on a subject manually (by turning the focus ring), the AF confirmation mark lights. When is selected, the camera performs focusing in the center AF frame.

Control panel screen

: AF MODE
[S-AF] / [C-AF] / [MF] /
[S-AF+MF] / [C-AF+MF]

Menu

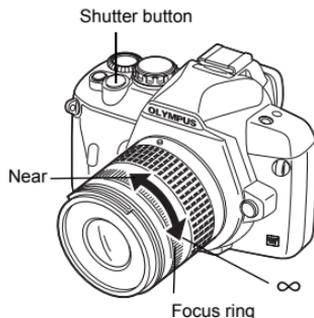
MENU [C2] [AF MODE]



Simultaneous use of S-AF mode and MF mode (S-AF+MF)

This function allows you to fine-adjust focus manually by turning the focus ring after AF is performed in the S-AF mode. When the shutter button is not pressed, MF operation is available.

- You can fine-adjust the focus with the focus ring if you have pressed the shutter button halfway and AF is confirmed. You can also fine-adjust the focus with the focus ring when the shutter button is not pressed halfway.



Notes

- If the shutter button is pressed again after fine-adjusting focus with the focus ring, the AF is activated and your adjustments are canceled.

Simultaneous use of C-AF mode and MF mode (C-AF+MF)

Focus with the focus ring and press the shutter button halfway to activate C-AF mode.

- While the shutter button is kept pressed, MF mode is not activated.
- When the shutter button is not pressed, MF mode is available.

TIPS

Another way to adjust focus manually in C-AF mode:

→ You can set the **AEL / AFL** button to operate C-AF with the AEL / AFL mode settings.

"AEL / AFL mode" (P. 66)

Notes

- If the shutter button is pressed again after fine-adjusting focus with the focus ring, the AF is activated and your adjustments are canceled.

AF illuminator

The built-in flash can function as an AF illuminator. This helps with focusing in low-light conditions in the AF mode. To use this function, raise the flash.

MENU ▸ [i] ▸ [AF ILLUMINAT.]



Selecting the record mode

You can select a record mode in which to take pictures. Choose the record mode that's best for your purpose (printing, editing on a PC, website editing, etc.). For details about record modes and number of pixels, refer to the table on "List of record modes" (📖 P. 100).

Types of record modes

Record mode allows you to select a combination of pixel count and compression rate for the images you record. An image consists of pixels (dots). When you enlarge an image with a low pixel count, it will be displayed as a mosaic. If an image has a high pixel count, the file size (amount of data) will be larger and the number of storable still pictures will be lower. The higher the compression, the smaller the file size. However, the image will have less clarity when played back.

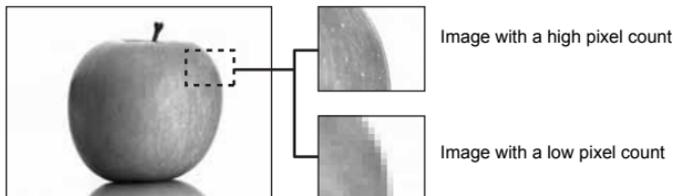


Image becomes clearer

Application	Number of pixels	Quality (Compression)			
		Low compression 1/2.7	High compression 1/4	High compression 1/8	High compression 1/12
Select for the print size	3648 x 2736	SHQ	—	HQ	—
	3200 x 2400	SQ			
	2560 x 1920				
	1600 x 1200				
	1280 x 960				
1024 x 768					
For small-sized print and website	640 x 480				

RAW data

This is unprocessed data that has not undergone changes in white balance, sharpness, contrast or color. To display as an image on the computer, use OLYMPUS Master. RAW data cannot be displayed on a different camera or by using common software, and it cannot be selected for print reservation.

It is possible to edit images taken with the record mode set to RAW data using this camera.

📖 "Editing still images" (P. 59)

How to select the record mode

Control panel screen



Menu

MENU ▶ **[Q]** ▶ **[←]**
[HQ] / **[SQ]** / **[RAW+SHQ]** / **[RAW+HQ]** /
[RAW+SQ] / **[RAW]** / **[SHQ]**



3

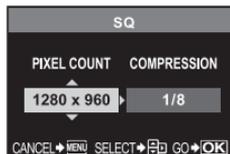
Shooting functions – Exposure, image and color

SQ – Setting the number of pixels and compression rate

You can change the number of pixels and compression rate of **[SQ]**. This setting is reflected in the **[←]** setting.

Menu

MENU ▶ **[1]** ▶ **[SQ]**
 1) Use **[↑]** to set the number of pixels.
[3200 x 2400] / **[2560 x 1920]** / **[1600 x 1200]** /
[1280 x 960] / **[1024 x 768]** / **[640 x 480]**
 2) Use **[↓]** to set the compression rate.
[1/2.7] / **[1/4]** / **[1/8]** / **[1/12]**



Metering mode – Changing the metering system



There are 5 ways to measure the subject brightness: Digital ESP metering, Center weighted averaging metering, and three types of spot metering. Select the most suitable mode for the shooting conditions.

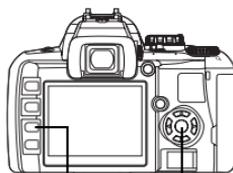
Control panel screen

[METERING] ▶ **[METERING]**
[METERING] / **[METERING]** / **[METERING]** / **[METERING]** / **[METERING]**

- [METERING]** : Center weighted averaging metering
- [METERING]** : Spot metering
- [METERING]** : Spot metering
- [METERING]** : Spot metering
- [METERING]** : Highlight control
- [METERING]** : Spot metering
- [METERING]** : Shadow control



Viewfinder



MENU button **[METERING]** button

Menu

MENU ▶ **[Q]** ▶ **[METERING]**



Digital ESP metering

The camera measures the light levels and calculates the light level differences in 49 separate areas of the image. This mode is recommended for general use. Setting the AF synchronized function to [ESP+AF] operates the metering area with the frame in focused in AF as the center.

Center weighted averaging metering

This metering mode provides the average metering between the subject and the background lighting, placing more weight on the subject at the center. Use this mode when you do not want the light level of the background to affect the exposure value.

Spot metering

The camera meters a very small area around the center of the subject, defined by the spot metering area mark in the viewfinder. Use this mode when there is very strong backlight.

HI Spot metering – highlight control

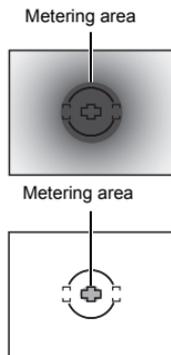
When the overall background is bright, white areas of the image will come out gray if you use the camera's automatic exposure. Using this mode enables the camera to shift to over-exposure, allowing accurate white reproduction.

Metering area is the same as spot metering.

SH Spot metering – shadow control

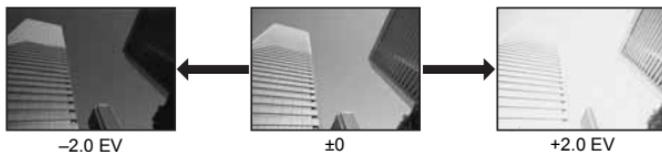
When the overall background is dark, black areas of the image will come out gray if you use the camera's automatic exposure. Using this mode enables the camera to shift to under-exposure, allowing accurate black reproduction.

Metering area is the same as spot metering.



Exposure compensation – Varying the image brightness

In some situations, you may get better results if you manually compensate (adjust) the exposure value set automatically by the camera. In many cases, bright subjects (such as snow) will turn out darker than their natural colors. Adjusting toward + makes these subjects closer to their real shades. For the same reason, adjust toward – when shooting dark subjects. The exposure can be adjusted in range of ± 5.0 EV.



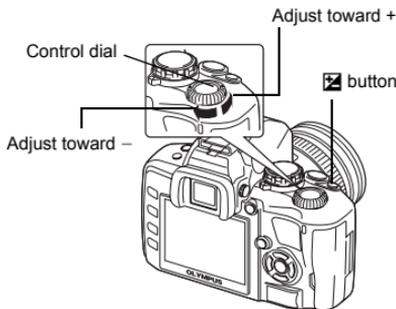
While holding down the  (exposure compensation) button, use the control dial to set the compensation value.

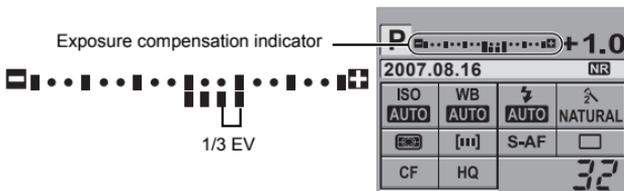
- EV step interval of 1/3 EV.



Viewfinder

Exposure compensation value





- If the exposure compensation value exceeds the scale of the exposure compensation indicator, red  will be displayed on the left and right edges of the indicator.
- The exposure compensation indicator will not be displayed when the exposure is compensated by 0.

3

Notes

- Exposure compensation is not possible in **M** and **SCENE** modes.

Shooting functions – Exposure, image and color

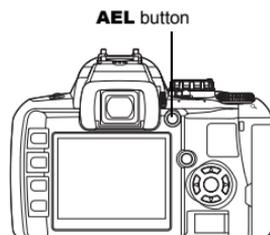
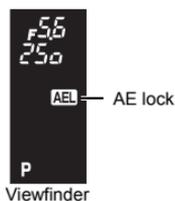
AE lock – Locking the exposure

AEL

The metered exposure value can be locked with the **AEL** button (AE lock). Use AE lock when you want a different exposure setting from the one that would normally apply under the current shooting conditions. Normally, pressing the shutter button halfway locks both AF (auto focus) and AE (automatic exposure), but you can lock the exposure alone by pressing the **AEL** button.

Press the **AEL** button at the position where you wish to lock the metering values and the exposure will be locked. As the exposure will be locked while the **AEL** button is being pressed, press the shutter button.

- Releasing the **AEL** button cancels AE lock.
- Using the custom menu, you can set AE lock so that it is not canceled when the **AEL** button is released.  "AEL / AFL memo" (P. 66)



ISO – Setting the desired sensitivity to light

The higher the ISO value, the greater the camera's light sensitivity and the better its ability to shoot in low light conditions. However, higher values may give pictures a grainy appearance. For **[AUTO]**, sensitivity is set automatically according to the shooting conditions and is fixed to ISO100 when flash is not fired in **S** or **M** mode.

Control panel screen

   : ISO  
[AUTO], [100] - [1600]

Menu

MENU    [ISO]



White balance – Adjusting the color tone

Color reproduction differs depending on the light conditions. For instance, when daylight or tungsten lighting is reflected on white paper, the shade of white produced will be slightly different for each. With a digital camera, white color can be adjusted to reproduce more natural white with a digital processor. This mechanism is called white balance. There are 4 options for setting the WB with this camera.

Auto white balance

This function enables the camera to automatically detect white in images and adjust the color balance accordingly. Use this mode for general use.

Preset white balance

Seven different color temperatures are programmed on this camera covering a variety of indoor and outdoor lighting including fluorescent lights and light bulbs. For example, use preset WB when you want to reproduce more red in the picture of a sunset, or capture a warmer artistic effect under artificial lighting.

Custom white balance

You can change the color temperature of one of the preset WB settings to your liking.

☞ “Setting the auto / preset / custom white balance” (P. 50)

One-touch white balance

You can set the optimum white balance for the shooting conditions by pointing the camera at a white object like a sheet of white paper. The white balance achieved with this setting is saved as one of the preset WB settings.

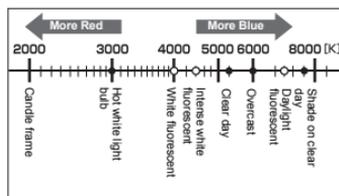
☞ “Setting the one-touch white balance” (P. 51)

Color temperature

The spectral balance of different white light sources is rated numerically by color temperature – concept of physics, expressed using the Kelvin (K) temperature scale. The higher the color temperature, the richer the light in bluish tones and the poorer in reddish; the lower the color temperature, the richer the light in reddish tones and the poorer in bluish.

It follows, then, that the color temperatures of fluorescent lights make them unsuitable as artificial light sources. There are gaps in the hues from the color temperatures of fluorescent light. If these differences in hue are small, they can be calculated with color temperature and this is called correlated color temperature.

The 4000 K, 4500 K and 6600 K preset settings in this camera are correlated color temperatures, and should not be considered strictly as color temperatures. Use these settings for shooting conditions under fluorescent lights.



- The color temperatures for each light source indicated in the above scale are approximate.

WB Compensation

This function lets you make fine changes to the auto WB and preset WB settings.

- 1 MENU** ▸ [M] ▸ [WB]
- 2** Use to select the white balance to adjust.
- 3** Use to select the color direction.

R-B Red – Blue

G-M Green – Magenta

- You can set both color directions.

Adjusting the white balance in the R-B direction

Depending on the original WB conditions, the image will become redder each time you press and bluer each time you press .

Adjusting the white balance in the G-M direction

Depending on the original WB conditions, the image will become greener each time you press and more magenta each time you press .

- The white balance can be adjusted in 7 increments in each direction (R, B, G and M).

- 4** Press the button.

- Your adjustment is saved.

TIPS

Checking the white balance you have adjusted:

→ After performing Step 3, point the camera at the subject to take test shots. When the **AEL** button is pressed, sample images that have been taken with the current WB settings are displayed.

Adjusting all WB mode settings at once:

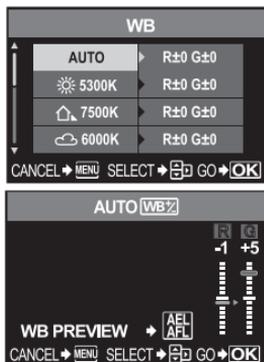
→ Refer to “Compensating all WB” (P. 67).

Setting the one-touch white balance

This function is useful when you need a more precise white balance than preset WB can provide. Point the camera at a sheet of white paper under the light source you want to use to determine the white balance. The optimum white balance for the current shooting conditions can be saved in the camera. This is useful when shooting a subject under natural light, as well as under various light sources with different color temperatures.

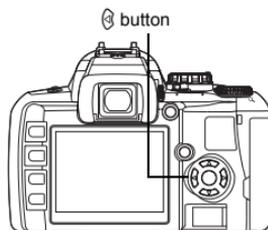
Set [] to [] beforehand. (P. 67)

- 1** **Point the camera at a sheet of white paper.**
 - Position the paper so that it fills the viewfinder. Make sure there are no shadows.
- 2** **While holding down the button, press the shutter button.**
 - The one-touch white balance screen appears.
- 3** **Select [YES] and press the .**
 - The white balance is registered.
 - The registered white balance will be stored in the camera as a preset WB setting. Turning the power off does not erase the data.



3

Shooting functions – Exposure, image and color



TIPS

After pressing the shutter button, [WB NG RETRY] is displayed:

→ When there is not enough white in the image, or when the image is too bright, too dark or the colors look unnatural, you cannot register the white balance. Change the aperture and shutter speed settings, then repeat the procedure from Step 1.

Picture mode

You can select image tone to create unique image effects. You can also fine-adjust image parameters such as contrast and sharpness for each mode.

MENU ▸ [Q1] ▸ [PICTURE MODE]

The adjustable parameters are classified according to the condition of the picture.

• Contrast / Sharpness / Saturation

- [VIVID] : Produces vivid colors.
- [NATURAL] : Produces natural colors.
- [MUTED] : Produces flat tones.

• Contrast / Sharpness / B&W Filter / Pict. tone

- [MONOTONE] : Produces black and white tone.

The individual parameters are as follows.

- [CONTRAST] : Distinction between light and dark
- [SHARPNESS] : Sharpness of the image
- [SATURATION] : Vividness of the color
- [B&W FILTER] : Creates a black and white image. The filter color is brightened and the complementary color is darkened.

[N: NEUTRAL]: Creates a normal black and white image.

[Ye: YELLOW]: Reproduces clearly defined white cloud with natural blue sky.

[Or: ORANGE]: Slightly emphasizes colors in blue skies and sunsets.

[R: RED] : Strongly emphasizes colors in blue skies and brightness of crimson foliage.

[G: GREEN] : Strongly emphasizes colors in red lips and green leaves.

[PICT. TONE] : Colors the black and white image.

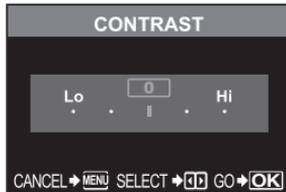
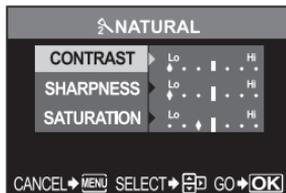
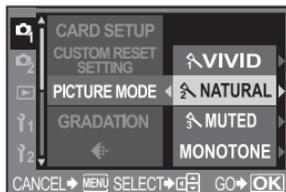
[N: NEUTRAL]: Creates a normal black and white image.

[S: SEPIA] : Sepia

[B: BLUE] : Bluish

[P: PURPLE] : Purplish

[G: GREEN] : Greenish



The adjusted parameters are recorded in each picture effect mode. You can select the picture effect modes on the control panel.

Gradation

In addition to the **[NORMAL]** gradation setting, you can select from two other gradation settings.

- HIGH KEY (H) : Extended bright gradations.
- LOW KEY (L) : Extended dark gradations.
- NORMAL : Use **[NORMAL]** mode for general uses.

HIGH KEY
Suitable for a subject
that is mostly
highlighted.



LOW KEY
Suitable for a subject
that is mostly
shadowed.



MENU ▶ **[Q]** ▶ **[GRADATION]**

Notes

- Contrast adjustment does not work when set to **[HIGH KEY]** or **[LOW KEY]**.

Noise reduction

This function reduces the noise that is generated during long exposures. When shooting night scenes, shutter speeds are slower and noise tends to appear in images. When the shutter speed is slow, noise reduction is activated and the camera automatically reduces noise to produce clearer images. However, shooting time is approximately twice as long as usual.



OFF



ON

MENU ▶ **[Q]** ▶ **[NOISE REDUCT.]**

[OFF] / **[ON]**

- The noise-reduction process is activated after shooting.
- The card access lamp blinks during the noise-reduction process. You cannot take more pictures until the card access lamp goes out.
- [busy]** is displayed on the viewfinder while noise reduction is operating.

Notes

- When the **SCENE** mode is set to , **[NOISE REDUCT.]** is fixed to **[ON]**.
- When **[]** (Sequential shooting) is set, **[NOISE REDUCT.]** is **[OFF]** automatically.
- This function may not work effectively with some shooting conditions or subjects.

4 Playback functions

Single-frame / Close-up playback

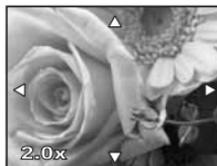
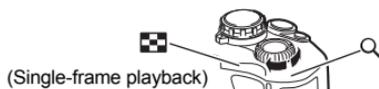
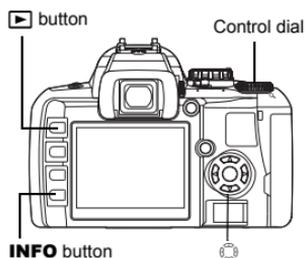


The basic procedure for viewing pictures are as shown below.
However, before using any of these functions, follow Step 1 below.

1 Press the (playback) button. (Single-frame playback)

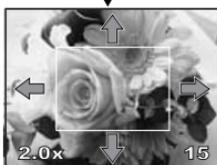
- The last recorded image appears.
- The LCD monitor turns off after more than 1 minute if no operations are performed. The camera will turn off automatically if there is no operation after 4 hours. Turn on the camera again.

2 Use to select images you want to view. You can also turn the control dial to switch to for close-up playback.



(Close-up playback)
Press to change the close-up position.

Press the **INFO** button



(Close-up position playback)

Press to move the display of the close-up position.

Press the **INFO** button



(Close-up playback)
Press to view frame-by-frame close-ups.

- : Displays the frame that is stored 10 frames back
- : Displays the frame that is stored 10 frames ahead
- : Displays the next frame
- : Displays the previous frame

- To exit the playback mode, press the button.
- Pressing the shutter button halfway resumes the shooting mode.

Index display / Calendar display

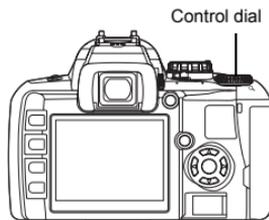


This function lets you show several images on the monitor at the same time. This is useful when you want to quickly search a number of pictures to find a particular image.

During single-frame playback, each time you turn the control dial toward , the number of images shown changes from 4 to 9 to 16 to 25.

-  : Moves to the previous frame
-  : Moves to the next frame
-  : Moves to the upper frame
-  : Moves to the lower frame

- To return to single-frame playback, turn the control dial to .



4

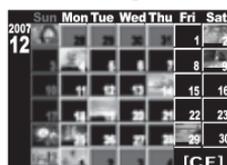
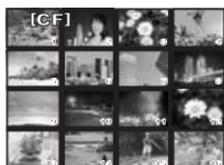
Playback functions



(9-frame index display)

(4-frame index display)

(Single-frame playback)



(16-frame index display)

(25-frame index display)

(Calendar display)

Calendar display

With the calendar, you can display images recorded on the card by date. If more than one image was taken on a single date, the image shot first on that date is displayed.

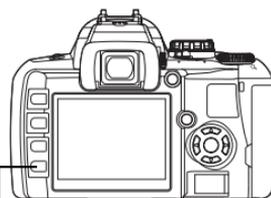
Use  to select a date and press the  button to play back images for the selected date in one frame.

This allows you to display detailed information about the image.

Luminance information can also be displayed with histogram and highlight graphs.

Press the INFO button repeatedly until the desired information is displayed.

- This setting is stored and will be shown the next time the information display is called up.



INFO button

Only image



Information 1



Displays the frame number, print reservation, protect, record mode and file number

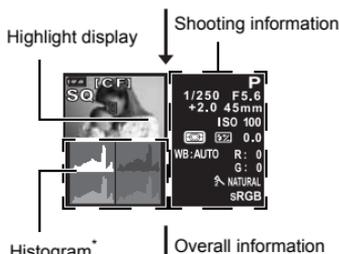
Information 2



Displays the frame number, print reservation, number of pixels, compression rate, date and time and file number

*Histogram

If the bars in the histogram are higher on the right, the image may be too bright. If the bars are higher on the left, the image may be too dark. Compensate the exposure or shoot again.



Shadow display

The underexposed (shadowed) parts of the recorded image blink. Record mode is also displayed



Highlight display

The overexposed (highlighted) parts of the recorded image blink. Record mode is also displayed



Histogram display

Distribution of the brightness of the recorded image is displayed in a histogram (brightness component graph). Record mode is also displayed

Slideshow

This function displays images stored on the card one after another. Images are displayed one by one for about 5 seconds starting from the currently displayed image. Slideshow can be performed using index display. You can select the number of frames displayed during slideshow from 1, 4, 9, 16 or 25.

- 1 **MENU** ▸ [▶] ▸ [📷]
- 2 Use  to set.
[📷1] 1-frame display / [📷4] 4-frame display / [📷9] 9-frame display / [📷16] 16-frame display / [📷25] 25-frame display
- 3 Press the  button to start the slideshow.
- 4 Press the  button to stop the slideshow.



When selecting  4

4

Notes

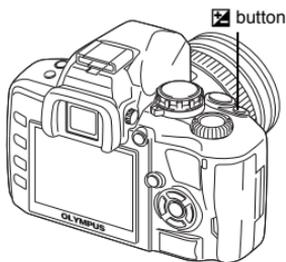
- If the slideshow is left running for about 30 minutes, the camera will turn off automatically.

Rotating images

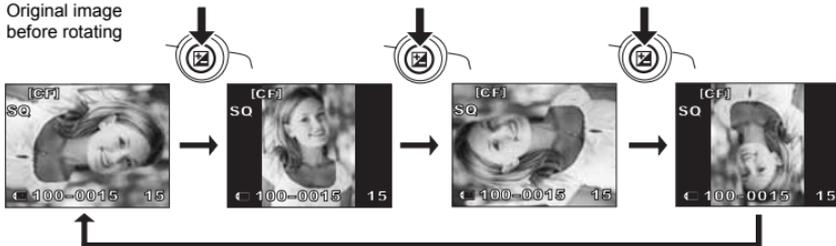
This function lets you rotate images and display them vertically on the monitor during single-frame playback. This is useful when taking pictures with the camera held vertically. The images will automatically be displayed in the correct direction even if the camera is rotated.

MENU ▸ [▶] ▸ [📷]
[OFF] / [ON]

- When set to [ON], images shot vertically will be automatically rotated and displayed during playback. You can also press the  button to rotate and display the image.
- The rotated image will be recorded on the card.



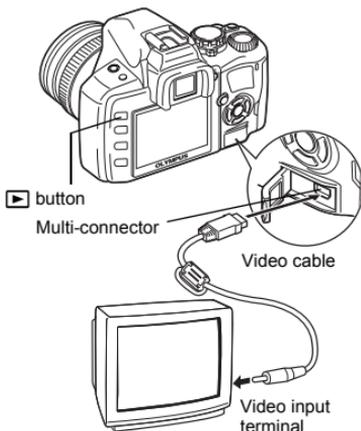
Original image
before rotating



Playback on TV

Use the video cable provided with the camera to play back recorded images on your TV.

- 1 Turn the camera and TV off, and connect the video cable as illustrated.
- 2 Turn on the TV and set it to the video input mode. For details on switching to the video input mode, refer to the TV's manual.
- 3 Turn the camera on and press the  (playback) button.



Notes

- To connect the camera to a TV, use the provided video cable.
- Make sure that the camera's video output signal type is the same as the TV's video signal type.  "Selecting the video signal type before TV connection" (P. 70)
- The camera's monitor turns off automatically when the video cable is connected to the camera.
- The image may appear off-center depending on the TV screen.

Editing still images

Recorded images can be edited and saved as new images. Available editing functions depend on the image format (image record mode). A JPEG file can be printed as is without modification. A RAW file, on the other hand cannot be printed as is. To print a RAW file, use the RAW edit function to convert the RAW data format to JPEG.

Editing images recorded in RAW data format

The camera performs image processing (such as white balance and sharpness adjustment) on images in the RAW data format, then saves the data to a new file in the JPEG format. While checking recorded images, you can edit them to your liking.

Image processing is performed based on the current camera settings. Change the camera settings to suit your preferences before editing.

Editing images recorded in JPEG data format

[BLACK & WHITE]	Creates black and white images.
[SEPIA]	Creates sepia-toned images.
[REDEYE FIX]	Reduces red-eye phenomenon during flash shooting.
[SATURATION]	Sets the color depth.
	Converts the image file size to 1280 x 960, 640 x 480 or 320 x 240.

1 MENU ▶ [▶] ▶ [EDIT]

2 Use to select images you want to view. Press the button.

- The camera recognizes the image data format.
- When editing other images, use to select the image.
- For images recorded in RAW+JPEG, a selection screen will appear, asking you to edit the appropriate data.
- To exit the edit mode, press the **MENU** button.

3 The setting screen varies with the image data format. Select the data you want to edit and do the following steps depending on the image data format.

Confirm the data format from here. RAW or SHQ, HQ, SQ (= JPEG)



When editing JPEG image



When editing RAW image

[BLACK & WHITE] / [SEPIA] / [REDEYE FIX] / [SATURATION] /

RAW editing is based on the camera's current settings. Set the camera to suit your preferences before shooting.

- The edited image is saved as another image, apart from the original image.

Notes

- Red-eye correction may not work depending on the image. Red-eye correction may affect other parts of the image, as well as the eyes.
- Resizing is not possible in the following cases:
When an image is recorded in RAW, when an image is processed on a PC, when there is not enough space in the card memory, when an image is recorded on another camera.
- When resizing () an image, you cannot select a larger number of pixels than was originally recorded.

Copying images

This function lets you copy images to and from the xD-Picture Card and CompactFlash or Microdrive. This menu can be selected if both cards are inserted. The selected card is the copying source.

[CF / xD] (P. 94)

Copying all the frames

1 MENU ▶ [▶] ▶ [COPY ALL]

2 Press .

3 Use to select [YES].

4 Press .



Copying selected frames

1 Display the images you want to copy and press the **OK** button.

- The selected images will be shown with red frames.
- To cancel your selection, press the **DISP** button again.

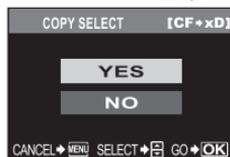
2 Press **DISP** to display the next images you want to copy and press the **OK** button.

3 After you have selected the images to copy, press the **COPY** / **DISP** (copy) button.

4 Use **DISP** / **DISP** to select [YES], then press **OK**.

- It is possible to copy selected frames during index display.

COPY / **DISP** button



Single-frame copy

1 Select the desired frame and press the **COPY** / **DISP** (copy) button.

2 Use **DISP** / **DISP** to select [YES], then press **OK**.

Protecting images – Preventing accidental erasure



Protect images you do not want to erase. Protected images cannot be erased by the single-frame or all-frame erase function.

Single-frame protect

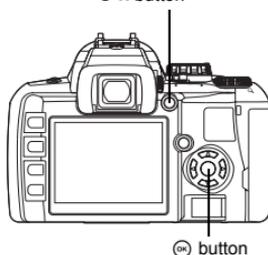
Play back the image you want to protect and press the **PROTECT** button.

- **PROTECT** (protect mark) is displayed on the top right corner of the screen.

To cancel the protection

Display the images that are protected and press the **PROTECT** button.

PROTECT button



Protecting selected frames

This function lets you protect selected images at one time during single-frame playback or index display.

- 1 Display the images you want to protect and press the  button.**
 - The selected images will be shown with red frames.
 - To cancel your selection, press the  button again.
 - During index display, press  to select the images you want to protect and press the  button.
- 2 Press  to display the next images you want to protect and press the  button.**
- 3 After you have selected the images to protect, press the  (protect) button.**

Canceling all protections

This function lets you cancel the protection of several images at one time.

- 1 MENU  []  [RESET PROTECT]**
- 2 Use   to select [YES], then press .**

Notes

- Formatting the card erases all images even if they have been protected. ( P. 94)
- Protected images cannot be rotated.

Erasing images

Lets you erase recorded images. You can select single-frame erase, which erases only the currently displayed image; all-frame erase, which erases all the images stored on the card; or selected frame erase, which erases only the frames selected.

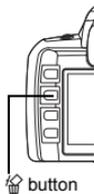
Notes

- For image file types recorded using RAW+JPEG, single-frame erase erases only the JPEG images while the RAW data is retained. For all-frame and selected frame erase, both the RAW and JPEG images are erased.
- Protected images cannot be erased. Cancel protected images, then erase them.
- Once erased, images cannot be restored.  "Protecting images – Preventing accidental erasure" (P. 61)

Single-frame erase

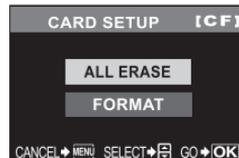


- 1 Play back the image you want to erase.
- 2 Press the (erase) button.
- 3 Use to select [YES], then press .



All-frame erase

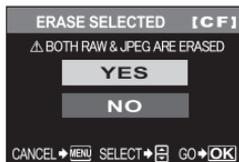
- 1 **MENU** ▶ ▶ [CARD SETUP]
 - 2 Use to select [ALL ERASE], then press .
 - 3 Use to select [YES], then press .
- All frames will be erased.



Erasing selected frames

This function lets you erase selected images at one time during single-frame playback or index display.

- 1 Display the images you want to erase and press the button.
 - The selected images will be shown with red frames.
 - To cancel your selection, press the button again.
 - During index display, press to select the images you want to erase and press the button.
- 2 Press to display the next images you want to erase and press the button.
- 3 After you have selected the images to erase, press the (erase) button.
- 4 Use to select [YES], then press .



Custom reset setting

Normally, current camera settings (including any changes you have made) are retained when the power is turned off. However, this camera features **[RESET]** that restores the factory default settings and **[RESET 1]** and **[RESET 2]** that restores settings registered in advance. The camera settings at that time are registered in **[RESET 1]** and **[RESET 2]**.

MENU ▶ **[Q]** ▶ **[CUSTOM RESET SETTING]**

[RESET] / **[RESET1]** / **[RESET2]**

- If settings have already been registered, **[SET]** is displayed next to the **[RESET1]** / **[RESET2]** option.

Registering reset settings

- 1 Select either **[RESET1]** / **[RESET2]** to register and press the **[D]** button.
- 2 Select **[SET]** and press the **[OK]** button.
 - To cancel the registration, select **[RESET]**.



Using reset settings

You can reset the camera to **[RESET1]** or **[RESET2]** setting or restore the factory default settings.

[RESET]: Resets to the factory default settings.

[RESET1] / **[RESET2]**: Resets to the registered settings.

- 1 Select either **[RESET]** / **[RESET1]** / **[RESET2]** and press the **[OK]** button.
- 2 Use **[A]** / **[B]** to select **[YES]**, then press **[OK]**.



Functions that can be registered in CUSTOM RESET SETTING & functions that reset to factory default settings

Function	Factory default setting	Custom reset setting registration
PICTURE MODE	NATURAL	✓
GRADATION	NORMAL	✓
	HQ	✓
	±0	✓
NOISE FILTER	STANDARD	✓
NOISE REDUCT.	ON	✓
WB	AUTO	✓
ISO	AUTO	✓
METERING		✓
FLASH MODE	Auto flash ^{*1}	✓
	±0	✓
		✓
AF MODE	S-AF	✓
	AUTO	✓
AE BKT	OFF	✓
ANTI-SHOCK	OFF	✓
Playback mode	Single-frame playback (with no information)	—
ALL 	±0	—
SQ	1280 x 960, 1/8	✓
AUTO POP UP	ON	✓
AEL / AFL	mode1 ^{*2}	✓
AEL / AFL MEMO	OFF	✓
AEL Metering	Synchronized with metering mode.	✓
 FUNCTION	OFF	✓
AF ILLUMINAT.	ON	✓
LIVE VIEW BOOST	OFF	✓
FRAME ASSIST	OFF	✓
	2007.01.01 00:00	—
CF / xD	CF	—
FILE NAME	AUTO	—
	0	✓
 (Language selection)	*3	—
VIDEO OUT	*3	—
	ON	✓
REC VIEW	5SEC	✓
SLEEP	1MIN	✓
BACKLIT LCD	8SEC	✓
USB MODE	AUTO	—
COLOR SPACE	sRGB	✓
PIXEL MAPPING	—	—
CLEANING MODE	—	—
 / 	DIAL 	—
FIRMWARE	—	—

✓ : Can be registered. — : Cannot be registered.

*1 : Depending on the selected exposure mode, the factory default setting changes.

*2 : Depending on the selected focus mode, the factory default setting changes.

*3 : The factory default setting varies depending on the area where you purchased this camera.

AEL / AFL mode

You can use the **AEL** button to perform AF or metering operations instead of using the shutter button. You can use the button in the following ways.

- When you want to focus on a subject and then change the composition of the photo.
- When you want to set the exposure by metering an area different from where the camera is focused.

Select the function of the button to match the operation when the shutter button is pressed. Select **[mode1]** or **[mode2]** in the respective focus mode.

MENU ▸ [i] ▸ [AEL / AFL]
[S-AF] / [C-AF] / [MF]

Modes available in the S-AF mode

Mode	Shutter button function				AEL button function	
	Half-press		Full press		When holding down AEL	
	Focus	Exposure	Focus	Exposure	Focus	Exposure
mode1	Locked	Locked	—	—	—	Locked
mode2	—	Locked	—	—	Locked	—

Modes available in the C-AF mode

Mode	Shutter button function				AEL button function	
	Half-press		Full press		When holding down AEL	
	Focus	Exposure	Focus	Exposure	Focus	Exposure
mode1	Focusing starts	—	Locked	Locked	—	Locked
mode2	—	Locked	Locked	—	Focusing starts	—

Modes available in the MF mode

Mode	Shutter button function				AEL button function	
	Half-press		Full press		When holding down AEL	
	Focus	Exposure	Focus	Exposure	Focus	Exposure
mode1	—	Locked	—	—	—	Locked
mode2	—	Locked	—	—	S-AF	—

Other function settings

AEL / AFL memo

You can lock and maintain the exposure by pressing the **AEL** (AE lock) button.

MENU ▸ [i] ▸ [AEL / AFL MEMO]

[ON] : Press the **AEL** button to lock and maintain the exposure. Press again to cancel the maintaining of the exposure.

[OFF] : The exposure will be locked only while the **AEL** button is pressed.

AEL metering

Sets the metering mode for when pressing the **AEL** (AE lock) button to lock the exposure.

MENU ▸ [i] ▸ [AEL Metering]

[AUTO] / [M] / [•] / [•HI] / [•SH]

- [AUTO] performs metering in the mode selected under **[METERING]** mode.

Compensating all WB

This lets you apply the same compensation value to all the white balance modes at once.

MENU ▶ [1:] ▶ [ALL

[ALL SET] : The same compensation value applies to all WB modes.

[ALL RESET] : The WB compensation value settings applied to each WB mode are all cleared at once.

If you select [ALL SET]

- 1) Use  to select the color direction.
R-B Red – Blue / G-M Green – Magenta
- 2) Use  to set compensate value. “WB Compensation” ( P. 51)
 - You can check the white balance you have adjusted.

If you select [ALL RESET]

- 1) Use  to select [YES].

Auto pop up

The built-in flash pops up automatically in low light or backlight conditions while in the **AUTO** or scene mode.

This allows you to stop the built-in flash from popping up automatically.

MENU ▶ [1:] ▶ [AUTO POP UP]

[ON] : The built-in flash pops up automatically.

[OFF] : The built-in flash will not pop up automatically.

FUNCTION

This lets you assign a function to the  button.

MENU ▶ [1:] ▶ FUNCTION

[OFF]

Does not allow function allocation.



Press the  button to acquire the WB value.

 “Setting the one-touch white balance” (P. 51)

[TEST PICTURE]

Pressing the shutter button while pressing the  button enables you to check the picture you have just taken on the monitor without having to record the picture to the card. This is useful when you want to see how a picture turned out without saving it.

[PREVIEW] / [LIVE PREVIEW] (electronic)

While holding down the  button, you can use the preview function.

 “Preview function” (P. 30)

Live view boost

During live view shooting, you can brighten the monitor for easier confirmation on the subject.

MENU ▶ [1:] ▶ [LIVE VIEW BOOST]

[OFF]

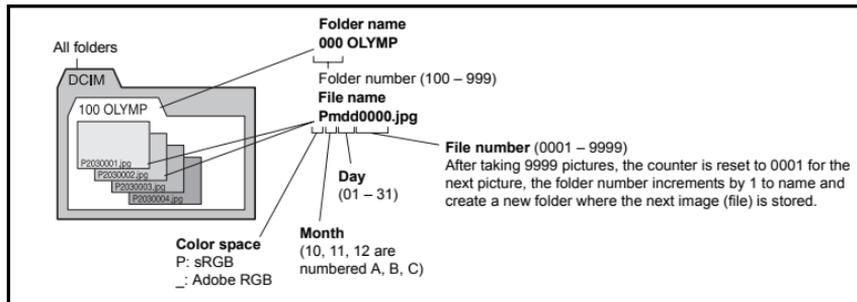
The subject is displayed on the monitor with the brightness level that is adjusted according to the exposure being set. You can shoot while confirming through the monitor in advance to get a picture that is to your liking.

[ON]

The camera automatically adjusts the brightness level and displays the subject on the monitor for easier confirmation. The effect of the white balance and exposure compensation adjustments will not be reflected on the monitor.

File name

When you take a picture, the camera assigns it a unique file name and saves it in a folder. The folder and file name can later be used for file handling on a computer. File names are assigned as shown in the illustration below.



MENU ▶ [12] ▶ [FILE NAME] [AUTO]

Even when a new card is inserted, the folder numbers are retained from the previous card. If the new card contains an image file whose file number coincides with one saved on the previous card, the new card's file numbers start at the number following the highest number on the previous card.

[RESET]

When a new card is inserted, folder numbers start at 100 and file numbers start at 0001. If a card containing images is inserted, the file numbers start at the number following the highest file number on the card.

- When both the Folder and File No. reach their respective maximum number (999 / 9999), it is not possible to store additional pictures even if the card is not full. No more pictures can be taken. Replace the card with a new one.

Rec view – Checking the picture immediately after shooting

This allows you to display the picture you have just taken on the monitor while it is being recorded to the card, and to select how long the picture is displayed. This is useful for making a brief check of the picture you have just taken. Pressing the shutter button halfway while checking the picture lets you resume shooting immediately.

MENU ▶ [12] ▶ [REC VIEW]

[OFF]

The picture being recorded to the card is not displayed.

[1SEC] – [20SEC]

Selects the number of seconds to display each picture. Can be set in units of 1 second.

Setting the beep sound

The camera beeps when buttons are pressed. You can turn the beep sound on or off with this function.

MENU ▶ [11] ▶ [■]]]

[OFF] / [ON]

Monitor brightness adjustment

This allows you to adjust the brightness of the monitor for optimal viewing.

MENU ▶ [12] ▶ [MON]

Use  to adjust the brightness.

Sleep timer

After a specified period of time elapses with no operations being performed, the camera enters the sleep mode (stand-by) to save battery power. After the control panel is displayed for a specified period of time, the backlight turns off. After a specific period of time has further passed, the camera enters sleep mode. **[SLEEP]** lets you select sleep timer. **[OFF]** cancels the sleep mode. The camera activates again as soon as you touch any button (the shutter button, arrow pad, etc.).

MENU ▶ [12] ▶ [SLEEP]

[OFF] / [1MIN] / [3MIN] / [5MIN] / [10MIN]

Backlight timer

To save battery power, after the control panel is displayed for a specified period of time, the monitor backlight turns off and the monitor darkens. **[HOLD]** sets the backlight to stay on. The monitor backlight turns on again as soon as you touch any button (the shutter button, arrow pad, etc.).

MENU ▶ [12] ▶ [BACKLIT LCD]

[8SEC] / [30SEC] / [1MIN] / [HOLD]

USB mode

You can connect the camera directly to a computer or printer with the provided USB cable. If you specify the device you are connecting to beforehand, you can skip the USB connection setting procedure normally required every time you connect the cable to the camera. For details on how to connect the camera to either device, refer to “Connecting the camera to a printer” ( P. 73) and “Connecting the camera to a computer” ( P. 78).

MENU ▶ [12] ▶ [USB MODE]

[AUTO]

The selection screen for the USB connection will be displayed every time you connect the cable to a computer or printer.

[STORAGE]

Allows you to transfer images to a computer. Also, select to use the OLYMPUS Master software via PC connection.

[MTP]

Allows you to transfer images to a computer running Windows Vista without using the OLYMPUS Master software.

[CONTROL]

Allows you to control the camera from a PC using the optional OLYMPUS Studio.

[EASY]

Can be set when connecting the camera to a PictBridge-compatible printer. Pictures can be printed directly without using a PC.

 “Connecting the camera to a printer” (P. 73)

[CUSTOM]

Can be set when connecting the camera to a PictBridge-compatible printer. You can print out pictures with set number of prints, print paper and other settings.

 “Connecting the camera to a printer” (P. 73)

Changing the display language

You can change the language used for the on-screen display and error messages from ENGLISH to another language.

MENU ▶ [1] ▶

Use to select the language you want to use.

- You can add another language to your camera with the provided OLYMPUS Master software. For details, refer to Help in OLYMPUS Master software. (P. 77)

Selecting the video signal type before TV connection

This lets you select NTSC or PAL according to your TV's video signal type.

You will need to set this when you want to connect the camera to a TV and play back images in a foreign country. Make sure the correct video signal type is selected before connecting the video cable. If you use the wrong video signal type, recorded pictures will not play back properly on your TV.

MENU ▶ [1] ▶ [VIDEO OUT]

[NTSC] / [PAL]

TV video signal types in major countries and regions

Check the video signal type before connecting the camera to your TV.

NTSC	North America, Japan, Taiwan, Korea
PAL	European countries, China

(Underwater mode)

It is possible to switch (SPORT) and (NIGHT+PORTRAIT) on the mode dial to (UNDER WATER MACRO) and (UNDER WATER WIDE). Use an optional underwater protector for underwater shooting.

MENU ▶ [1] ▶ /

[DIAL] / [DIAL

Firmware

Your product's firmware version will be displayed.

When you make inquiries about your camera or accessories or when you want to download software, you will need to state which version of each of the products you are using.

MENU ▶ [1] ▶ [FIRMWARE]

Press . Your product's firmware version will be displayed. Press the button to return to the previous screen.

Print reservation (DPOF)



Print reservation

Print reservation allows you to save printing data (the number of prints and the date / time information) with the pictures stored on the card.

Insert the card that contains the recorded pictures into the camera.

Pictures set with print reservation can be printed using the following methods.

Printing using a DPOF-compatible photo lab

You can print the pictures using the print reservation data.

Printing using a DPOF-compatible printer

Pictures can be printed directly from a dedicated printer without using a PC. For more details, refer to the printer's manual. A PC card adapter may also be necessary.

Notes

- DPOF reservations set by another device cannot be changed by this camera. Make changes using the original device. Moreover, setting new DPOF reservations using this camera will erase the previous reservations set by another device.
- Not all functions may be available on all printers or at all photo labs.
- RAW data are not printable.

Single-frame reservation

Follow the operation guide to set print reservation for a picture.

1 MENU ▸ [▶] ▸ [⏏]



2 Select [⏏] and press the [OK] button.



- 3 Press [3] to select the frame that you want to set as print reservation, then press [OK] to set the number of prints.
- To set print reservation for several pictures, repeat this step.



4 Press the **[OK]** button when you have finished.

- The menu screen for single-frame reservation appears.

5 Use **[OK]** to select the date and time format.

- [NO]** The pictures are printed without the date and time.
- [DATE]** The pictures are printed with the shooting date.
- [TIME]** The pictures are printed with the shooting time.



6 Select **[SET]** and press the **[OK]** button.



All-frame reservation

Applies print reservation to all the pictures stored in the card. The number of prints is fixed at 1.

1 **MENU** > **[▶]** > **[]**

2 Select **[ALL]** and press the **[OK]** button.

3 Use **[OK]** to select the date and time format.

- [NO]** The pictures are printed without the date and time.
- [DATE]** The pictures are printed with the shooting date.
- [TIME]** The pictures are printed with the shooting time.

4 Select **[SET]** and press the **[OK]** button.

Resetting the print reservation data

You can reset all print reservation data or just the data for selected pictures.

1 **MENU** > **[▶]** > **[]**

Resetting the print reservation data for all pictures

2 Select **[]** or **[ALL]** and press the **[OK]** button.

3 Select **[RESET]** and press the **[OK]** button.

Resetting the print reservation data for a selected picture

2 Select **[]** and press the **[OK]** button.

3 Select **[KEEP]** and press the **[OK]** button.

4 Use **[◀▶]** to select the frame with print reservation data you want to reset, then press **[0]** to set the number of prints to 0.

5 Press the **[OK]** button when you have finished.

6 Use **[OK]** to select the date and time format.

- This setting is applied to all frames with print reservation data.

7 Select **[SET]** and press the **[OK]** button.



Direct printing (PictBridge)



By connecting the camera to a PictBridge-compatible printer with the USB cable, you can print out recorded pictures directly. To find out if your printer is compatible with PictBridge, refer to the printer's manual.

PictBridge

The standard that enables digital cameras and printers made by different manufacturers to be connected, and also allows pictures to be printed directly from the camera.

STANDARD

All printers that support PictBridge have standard print settings. By selecting **[STANDARD]** on the settings screens (P. 75), you can print pictures according to these settings. For details on your printer's standard settings, refer to the printer's manual or contact the printer manufacturer.

- The available print modes and settings such as paper size vary with the type of printer. For details, refer to the printer's manual.
- For details on printing paper types, ink cassettes, etc., refer to the printer's manual.

Notes

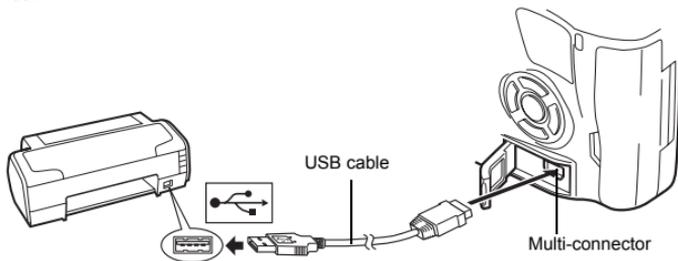
- Use a fully charged battery for printing.
- Images recorded in RAW data cannot be printed.
- The camera will not enter sleep mode while it is connected to the USB cable.

Connecting the camera to a printer

Use the provided USB cable to connect the camera to a PictBridge-compatible printer.

1 Turn the printer on and connect the camera's multi-connector to the printer's USB port with the USB cable

- For details on how to turn the printer on and the position of the USB port, refer to the printer's manual.



2 Turn on the camera.

- The selection screen for the USB connection is displayed.

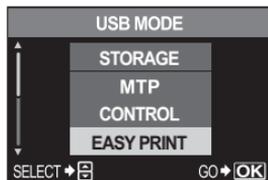
3 Use to select [EASY PRINT] or [CUSTOM PRINT].

If you select [EASY PRINT]

- Go to "Easy printing" (P. 74).

If you select [CUSTOM PRINT]

- [ONE MOMENT] is displayed and the camera and printer are connected.
Go to "Custom printing" (P. 74).



Notes

- If the screen is not displayed after a few minutes, disconnect the USB Cable and start again from Step 1.

Easy printing

1 Use to display the pictures you want to print on the camera.

- Display the image you want to print on the camera and connect the camera with a printer using a USB cable. The screen on the right appears shortly.

2 Press the (print) button.

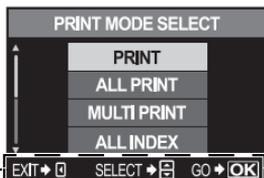
- The picture selection screen appears when printing is completed. To print another picture, use  to select the image and press the  button.
- To exit, unplug the USB cable from the camera while the picture selection screen is displayed.



6

Custom printing

1 Follow the operation guide to set a print option.



Follow the operation guide displayed here. _____

Selecting the print mode

Select the type of printing (print mode). The available print modes are as shown below.

[PRINT]

Prints selected pictures.

[ALL PRINT]

Prints all the pictures stored in the card and makes one print for each picture.

[MULTI PRINT]

Prints multiple copies of one image in separate frames on a single sheet.

[ALL INDEX]

Prints an index of all the pictures stored in the card.

[PRINT ORDER]

Prints according to the print reservation you made. If there is no picture with print reservation, this is not available. ( P. 71)

Setting the print paper items

This setting varies with the type of printer. If only the printer's STANDARD setting is available, you cannot change the setting.

- [SIZE]** Sets the paper size that the printer supports.
[BORDERLESS] Selects whether the picture is printed on the entire page or inside a blank frame.



- [PICS / SHEET]** Selects the number of pictures per sheet. Displayed when you have selected **[MULTI PRINT]**.



Selecting pictures you want to print

Select pictures you want to print. The selected pictures can be printed later (single-frame reservation) or the picture you are displaying can be printed right away.

- [PRINT](OK)** Prints the currently displayed picture. If there is a picture that **[SINGLE PRINT]** reservation has already been applied to, only that reserved picture will be printed.
- [SINGLE PRINT](A)** Applies print reservation to the currently displayed picture. If you want to apply reservation to other pictures after applying **[SINGLE PRINT]**, use (3) to select them.
- [MORE](v)** Sets the number of prints and other items for the currently displayed picture, and whether or not to print it. "Setting printing data" (P. 75)



Setting printing data

Select whether to print printing data such as the date and time or file name on the picture when printing.

- [x]** Sets the number of prints.
[DATE] Prints the date and time recorded on the picture.
[FILE NAME] Prints the file name recorded on the picture.



2 Once you have set the pictures for printing and printing data, select [PRINT], then press the .

[PRINT] Transfers images you print to the printer.
[CANCEL] Resets the settings. All print reservation data will be lost. If you want to keep the print reservation data and make other settings, press . This returns you to the previous setting.

- To stop and cancel printing, press the  button.

[CONTINUE] Continues printing.
[CANCEL] Cancels printing. All print reservation data will be lost.



7 Using the OLYMPUS Master software

Flowchart

Just connect the camera to a computer with the USB cable and you can easily transfer images stored on the card to the computer with the provided OLYMPUS Master software.

Things to prepare

- OLYMPUS Master 2 CD-ROM
- USB cable
- Computer equipped with USB port

Installing OLYMPUS Master (Refer to the installation guide included with the OLYMPUS Master)

Connecting the camera with your computer using the provided USB cable (📖 P. 78)

Starting OLYMPUS Master (📖 P. 79)

Saving pictures to your computer (📖 P. 79)

Disconnecting the camera from your computer (📖 P. 80)

Using the provided OLYMPUS Master software

What is OLYMPUS Master?

OLYMPUS Master is an image management program with viewing and editing features for pictures taken with your digital camera. Once installed on your computer, you can take advantage of the following.

- **Transferring images from the camera or removable media to your computer**
- **Viewing images**
You can also enjoy slideshows and sound playback.
- **Grouping and organizing images**
You can organize images into albums or folders. Transferred images are automatically organized by shooting date, allowing you to quickly find the particular images you want.
- **Correcting images using filter and correction functions**
- **Editing images**
You can rotate, trim or change the image size.
- **A variety of printing formats**
You can easily make prints of your pictures.
- **Creating panorama images**
You can make a panorama from the photos you have taken using the panorama function.
- **Updating the camera firmware**

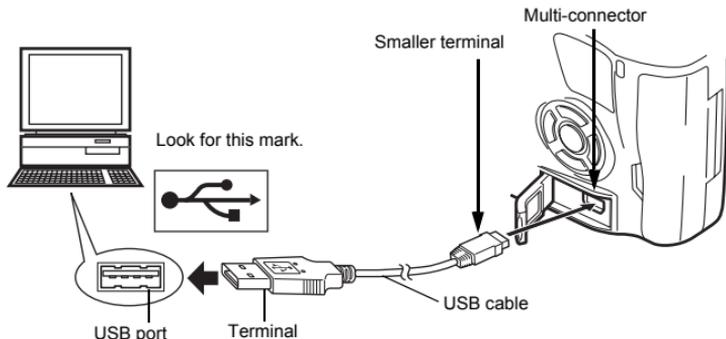
For information about OLYMPUS Master's other features, as well as for details on how to use the software, refer to "Help" in OLYMPUS Master software.

Connecting the camera to a computer

Connect the camera to your computer with the provided USB cable.

1 Use the provided USB cable to connect the computer's USB port to the camera's multi-connector.

- The location of the USB port varies with the computer. For details, refer to your computer's manual.



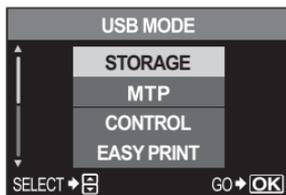
2 Set the camera's power switch to ON.

- The selection screen for the USB connection is displayed.

3 Press \leftarrow \rightarrow to select [STORAGE]. Press the \odot button.

4 The computer recognizes the camera as a new device.

- Windows
When you connect the camera to the computer for the first time, the computer automatically recognizes the camera. Click "OK" when the message saying that the installation is completed appears. The computer recognizes the camera as a "Removable Disk .
- Macintosh
iPhoto is the default image management application for Mac OS. When you connect your Olympus digital camera for the first time, iPhoto will start up automatically. Close iPhoto and start OLYMPUS Master.



Notes

- When the camera is connected to the computer, none of the camera buttons are functional.

Start up the OLYMPUS Master software

■ Windows

1 Double-click the “OLYMPUS Master 2” icon  on the desktop.

■ Macintosh

1 Double-click the “OLYMPUS Master 2” icon  in the “OLYMPUS Master 2” folder.

- The browse window is displayed.
- When OLYMPUS Master is started up for the first time after installation, the OLYMPUS Master initial setting screen and user registration screen are displayed before the browse window. Follow the on-screen instructions.

To exit OLYMPUS Master

1 Click “Exit”  on any window.

- OLYMPUS Master is exited.

Displaying camera images on a computer

Downloading and saving images

1 Click “Transfer Images”  on the browse window, and then click “From Camera” .

- The window for selecting the pictures you want to transfer from the camera is displayed. All the images in the camera are displayed.

2 Select “New Album” and enter an album name.

3 Select the image files and click “Transfer Images”.

- A window indicating that the download is complete is displayed.

4 Click “Browse images now”.

- The downloaded images are displayed in the browse window.



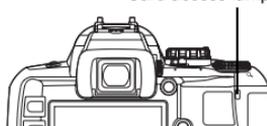
7

Using the OLYMPUS Master Software

Disconnecting the camera from your computer

1 Make sure that the card access lamp has stopped blinking.

Card access lamp



2 Prepare to remove the USB cable.

■ Windows

- 1) In the system tray, click the "Unplug or Eject Hardware" icon .
- 2) Click on the pop-up message.
- 3) Click "OK" on the "Safe to Remove Hardware" window.



■ Macintosh

- 1) The trash icon changes to the eject icon when the "Untitled" or "NO_NAME" icon on the desktop is dragged. Drag and drop it on the eject icon.



3 Unplug the USB cable from the camera.

7

! Notes

- For Windows users:
When you click "Unplug or Eject Hardware", a warning message may be displayed. In such case, make sure that no image data is being downloaded from the camera, and that there are no applications open that were accessing the camera image files. Close any such applications and click "Unplug or Eject Hardware" again and then remove the cable.

Viewing still images

1 Click the "Album" tab on the browse window and select the album that you want to view.

- The selected album image is displayed in the thumbnail area.

2 Double-click the still picture thumbnail that you want to view.

- OLYMPUS Master switches to the image edit window and the picture is enlarged.
- Click "Back"  to return to the browse window.

Thumbnail



To increase the number of languages

Please take care that your battery is fully charged!

- 1 Make sure that your computer is connected to the Internet.**
- 2 Plug the USB cable into the USB port on the computer.**
- 3 Plug the other end of the USB cable into the camera's USB connector.**
 - The camera turns on automatically.
 - The monitor turns on and the selection screen for the USB connection is displayed.
- 4 Select [STORAGE], and press .**
- 5 In the browse window, select "Camera", then "Update Camera / Add Display Language".**
 - The confirmation window for updating is displayed.
- 6 Click "OK".**
 - The updating the camera window is displayed.
- 7 Click "Add Language" in the updating camera display.**
 - The "Add Display Language of Camera" window is displayed.
- 8 Click  and select a language.**
- 9 Click "Add".**
 - The new language is downloaded to your camera. Please do not remove any cable or the battery while the camera is processing.
- 10 After the download procedure the camera display will show "OK". You can remove the cables and turn power off. After restarting the camera you will be able to choose the new language from .**



Transferring images to your computer without using OLYMPUS Master

Your camera supports the USB Mass Storage Class. You can transfer images to a computer by connecting the camera to the computer with the provided USB cable. This can be done even without using OLYMPUS Master. The following operating systems are compatible with the USB connection:

Windows : Windows 98SE / Me / 2000 Professional / XP Home Edition / XP Professional / Vista

Macintosh: Mac OS 9.0-9.2 / X

Notes

- If your computer is running Windows 98SE, you will need to install the USB driver. Before connecting the camera to your computer with the USB cable, double-click the files from the following folders on the provided OLYMPUS Master CD-ROM.
(Drive name): \win98usb\INSTALL.EXE
- If your computer is running Windows Vista, select **[MTP]** in Step 3 on page 78 to use Windows Photo Gallery.
- Data transfer is not guaranteed in the following environments, even if your computer is equipped with a USB port.
 - Windows 95 / 98 / NT 4.0
 - Windows 98SE upgrades from Windows 95 / 98
 - Mac OS 8.6 or earlier
 - Computers with a USB port added by means of an extension card, etc.
 - Computers without a factory-installed OS and home-built computers

Shooting tips and information

Tips before you start taking pictures

The camera does not turn on even when a battery is loaded

The battery is not fully charged

- Charge the battery with the charger.

The battery is temporarily unable to function because of the cold

- Battery performance declines in low temperatures, and the charge may not be sufficient to turn on the camera. Remove the battery and warm it by putting it in your pocket for a while.

No picture is taken when the shutter button is pressed

The camera has turned off automatically

- To save battery power, if there is no operation even while the camera is on (monitor is lit), the camera goes into sleep mode after a fixed period of time and the camera stops operating. When this happens, the LCD monitor's light will go off. The camera will turn off automatically if there is no further operation for 4 hours. The camera will not work until it is turned back on.  "Sleep timer" (P. 69)

The flash is charging

- When the flash is activated and the  symbol in the control panel or the viewfinder is blinking, this indicates that the flash is charging. Wait for the blinking to stop, then press the shutter button.

Unable to focus

- When the AF confirmation mark in the viewfinder is blinking, it indicates that the camera is unable to focus using AF. Press the shutter button again.

Noise reduction is activated

- When shooting night scenes, shutter speeds are slower and noise tends to appear in images. The camera activates the noise-reduction process after shooting at slow shutter speeds. During which, shooting is not allowed. You can set **[NOISE REDUCT.]** to **[OFF]**.  "Noise reduction" (P. 53)

The date and time has not been set

The camera is used with the settings at the time of purchase

- The date and time of the camera is not set when purchased. Set the date and time before using the camera.  "Setting the date / time" (P. 7)

The battery has been removed from the camera

- The date and time settings will be returned to the factory default settings if the camera is left without the battery for approximately 1 day. The settings will be canceled more quickly if the battery was only loaded in the camera for a short time before being removed. Before taking important pictures, check that the date and time settings are correct.

Shooting tips

Focusing on the subject

There are several ways to focus, depending on the subject.

AF frame is not focused on the subject

- Use focus lock to focus the AF frame on the subject.
☞ "If correct focus cannot be obtained (Focus lock)" (P. 31)

Other things instead of the subject are focused on the respective AF frames

- Set [] (AF frame selection) to [] and focus on the center of the image.
☞ "AF frame selection" (P. 42)

The subject is moving quickly

- Focus the camera on a point roughly the same distance away as the subject you want to shoot (by pressing the shutter button halfway), and then recompose your picture and wait for the subject to enter the frame.

Close up on the subject using macro lens

- When using macro lens to close up on the subject, it is difficult to focus with AF when the enlargement ratio of the subject is bigger. Set to manual focus (MF), rotate the focus ring and focus manually. ☞ "MF (manual focus)" (P. 43)

Taking pictures in low light conditions

- The built-in flash can be set to function as an AF illuminator. The flash helps to focus in low-light conditions in the AF mode when raised. ☞ "Using the built-in flash" (P. 36)

Subjects that are difficult to focus on

It may be difficult to focus with auto focus in the following situations.

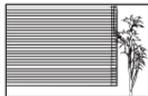
AF confirmation mark is blinking. These subjects are not focused.



Subject with low contrast



Excessively bright light in center of frame

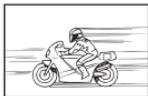


Subject with repeated patterns

AF confirmation mark lights up but the subject is not focused.



Subjects at different distances



Fast-moving subject



Subject not inside AF frame

In any situation, focus on something with high contrast that is at the same distance as the subject, determine the composition and shoot the picture.

Taking pictures without blurring

There are several factors that can cause the picture to blur.

The subject is too dark

- Change the shutter speed to match the brightness of the subject. If the shutter speed is set low to shoot a dark subject, blurring is likely to occur if the subject moves. In addition, when the flash is turned off in **[SCENE]** (Scene mode), the shutter speed becomes slower. Mount the camera on a tripod. Using the remote control (optional) to close the shutter is also effective for reducing blurring.
- There are also ways to shoot with **[DIS]** (DIS MODE) under **[SCENE]** (Scene mode). As the ISO sensitivity increases automatically, you can hand hold the camera and take pictures in low light situations with the flash off.

The camera or your hand moves when pressing the shutter button.

- Press the shutter button gently or hold the camera securely with both hands.

Taking pictures with less flash

The flash will light up automatically when it is not bright enough. If the subject is too far away, the flash may have no effect. Here is how to take pictures without the flash in this type of situation.

Set **[SCENE]** (Scene mode) to **[DIS]** (DIS MODE)

- As the ISO sensitivity increases automatically, you can hand hold the camera and take pictures in low light situations with the flash off.

Increase the **[ISO]** setting

- Increase the value of the **[ISO]** setting. The image may become grainy.
 "ISO – Setting the desired sensitivity to light" (P. 48)

The picture is too grainy

There are several factors that can cause the picture to appear grainy.

Increasing the ISO sensitivity

- When you increase the **[ISO]** setting, "noise", which appears as spots of unwanted color or unevenness in the color, can be introduced and give the picture a grainy appearance. This camera is equipped with a function to allow shooting at high sensitivity while suppressing noise; however, increasing the ISO sensitivity creates grainier pictures than when using a lower sensitivity.
 "ISO – Setting the desired sensitivity to light" (P. 48)

Image taken appears whitish

This may occur when the picture is taken in backlight or semi-backlight conditions. This is due to a phenomenon called flare or ghost. As far as possible, consider a composition where strong light source is not taken in the picture. Flare may occur even when a light source is not present in the picture. Use a lens hood to shade the lens from the light source. If a lens hood does not have effect, use your hand to shade the lens from the light.

Taking pictures with the correct color

The reason why there are differences between the colors in a picture and the actual colors taken and the actual color is the light source illuminating the subject. **[WB]** is the function that allows the camera to determine the correct colors. Normally, the **[AUTO]** setting provides the optimal white balance, but depending on the subject, it may be better to experiment with changing the **[WB]** setting.

- When the subject is in the shade on a sunny day
- When the subject is illuminated by both natural light and indoor lighting, such as when near a window
- When there is no white in the frame
 "White balance – Adjusting the color tone" (P. 49)

Taking pictures of a white beach or snow scene

In normal cases, white subjects such as snow will appear darker than usual when the picture is taken. There are several ways to capture the whiteness.

- Adjust the exposure compensation toward **[+]**.  "Exposure compensation – Varying the image brightness" (P. 47)
- Use  (BEACH & SNOW) in **[SCENE]** (Scene mode) to take the picture. It is most suitable for taking pictures of the sea in a sunny day or snow-capped mountains.  "Scene mode" (P. 26)
- Use  **[HI]** (Highlight control).
Press the shutter button halfway at the center of the viewfinder where you wish to highlight the whiteness. The metered part at the center will be set to appear whiter.  "Metering mode – Changing the metering system" (P. 46)
- Use the auto bracketing function to take the picture.
If you do not know the amount of exposure compensation, try using auto bracketing. The compensation value changes a little every time you press the shutter button. If you set a larger exposure compensation, you can change the compensation value either upwards or downwards based on that value and shoot the picture.  "AE bracketing" (P. 31)

Taking pictures of a subject against backlight

If the background is too bright compared to the subject, the exposure will be affected at the bright parts and the subject will appear darker. This is because the camera determines the exposure from the brightness of the whole screen.

- Set **[METERING]** to  (spot metering) to measure the exposure of the subject in the center of the picture. To change the composition, place the subject in the center of the picture. While holding down the **[AFL]** button, change the composition and press the shutter button.
 "Metering mode – Changing the metering system" (P. 46)
- Activate the flash, set the flash mode to  (fill-in flash) and shoot the picture. You can shoot a subject against backlight without the face of the subject appearing dark.  (fill-in flash) is used for shooting against backlight and under fluorescent and other artificial lighting.
 "Setting the flash mode" (P. 35)

Image turns out too bright or too dark

When taking pictures in **S** mode or **A** mode, the shutter speed or aperture setting displayed in the control panel screen or viewfinder may blink. A red display means that the correct exposure cannot be obtained. If you take the picture as is, the picture will appear too bright or too dark. If that happens, change the aperture setting or shutter speed.

 "**A**: Aperture priority shooting" (P. 27), "**S**: Shutter priority shooting" (P. 28)

Unknown bright dot(s) appear on the subject in the picture taken

This may be due to stuck pixel(s) on the image pickup device. Perform **[PIXEL MAPPING]**. If the problem persists, repeat pixel mapping a few times.  "Pixel mapping – Checking the image processing functions" (P. 92)

Additional shooting tips and information

Increasing the number of pictures that can be taken

The captured image will be recorded on the card. The following ways describe how to record more images.

- Change the record mode.
The size of an image varies with the record mode. When you are not sure of the available card capacity, change the image mode and shoot the picture. The smaller the **[PIXEL COUNT]** and the bigger the **[COMPRESSION]**, the smaller the size of the image becomes. You can select both in **[SQ]** of the record mode.  "Selecting the record mode" (P. 45)
- Use a card with large capacity.
The number of recordable images varies with the capacity of the card. Use a card with large capacity.

Using a new card

If you use a non-Olympus card or a card used for another application, such as for a computer, the message **[CARD ERROR]** is displayed. To use this card with this camera, use the **[FORMAT]** function to format the card.  "Formatting the card" (P. 94)

Extending the useful life of the battery

Performing any of the following operations when not actually taking pictures can deplete the battery power.

- Repeatedly pressing the shutter button halfway
- Repeatedly playing back the captured images over a long period of time
- Using the live view function over a long period

To save battery power, turn off the camera whenever it is not in use.

Functions that cannot be selected from menus

Some items may not be selectable from the menus when using the arrow pad.

- Items that cannot be set with the current shooting mode
- Items that cannot be set because of an item that has already been set:
Combination of  and **[NOISE REDUCT.]**, etc.

Selecting the optimal record mode

Record modes are divided into 2 main types: RAW and JPEG. RAW records without reflecting the settings for exposure compensation, white balance, etc. on the images themselves. JPEG records as images that reflect these settings. JPEG also compresses images to reduce the file size when recording them. JPEG is divided into **[SHQ]**, **[HQ]** and **[SQ]** types based on the image size (pixel count) or compression rate. The higher the compression rate, the grainier the image will appear when enlarged during display. A rough guide for selection is shown below.

Make fine-adjustments of the shooting settings on the computer

- **[RAW]**

To print large images on A3 / A4 paper / To edit and process images on a computer

- **[SHQ][HQ]** with a large pixel count

To print postcard-size images

- **[SQ]** with a large pixel count

To send as an e-mail attachment or post on a web site

- **[SQ]** with a small pixel count

 "List of record modes" (P. 100)

To restore functions to their settings at the time of purchase

- The settings are saved even when the power is switched off. When power is switched on in “Easy shooting modes” (P. 14), it changes to specific settings.
- To return to the factory default settings, set **[RESET]** under **[CUSTOM RESET SETTING]**. You can select up to 2 types of settings for reset. Set various functions of the camera and register using **[RESET1]** or **[RESET2]** under **[CUSTOM RESET SETTING]**.  “Custom reset setting” (P. 64)

Confirming the exposure when it is difficult to view the monitor outdoors

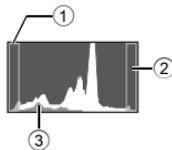
The monitor may be difficult to view and the exposure difficult to confirm when shooting outdoors.

During live view, press the **INFO** button repeatedly to display the histogram. The following shows you how to read the histogram display easily.

How to read the histogram

- ① If the graph has many peaks around here, the image will appear mostly black.
- ② If the graph has many peaks around here, the image will appear mostly white.
- ③ The part indicated in green in the histogram shows the luminance distribution within the AF frame.

 “Live view” (P. 18)



Playback tips

Understanding the settings and other information of pictures taken

Play back a picture, and press the **INFO** button. Press the button repeatedly to change the amount of information displayed.  “Information display” (P. 57)

Viewing pictures on a computer

Viewing the entire picture on a computer screen

The size of the picture displayed on a computer screen changes depending on the computer settings. When the monitor setting is 1024 x 768 and you are using Internet Explorer to view a picture with an image size of 2048 x 1536 at 100 %, the entire picture cannot be viewed without scrolling. There are several ways you can view the entire picture on the computer screen.

View the picture using image browsing software

- Install the OLYMPUS Master software from the provided CD-ROM.

Change the monitor setting

- The icons on the computer desktop may be rearranged. For details of changing the settings on your computer, refer to the computer's manual.

To view recorded images in RAW

- Install the OLYMPUS Master software from the provided CD-ROM. You can use the RAW development function in OLYMPUS Master to set the image to the setting during shooting and change detailed settings of exposure compensation and white balance.

When error messages are displayed

Viewfinder indications	Monitor indication	Possible cause	Corrective action
Normal indication	 NO CARD	The card is not inserted, or it cannot be recognized.	Insert a card or insert a different card.
	 CARD ERROR	There is a problem with the card.	Insert the card again. If the problem persists, format the card. If the card cannot be formatted, it cannot be used.
	 WRITE PROTECT	Writing to the card is prohibited.	The card has been set to read-only setting with the computer. Reset the card with the computer.
No indication	 CARD FULL	The card is full. No more pictures can be taken or no more information such as print reservation can be recorded.	Replace the card or erase unwanted pictures. Before erasing, download important images to a PC.
		There is no space in the card and print reservation or new images cannot be recorded.	Replace the card or erase unwanted pictures. Before erasing, download important images to a PC.
No indication	 NO PICTURE	There are no pictures on the card.	The card contains no pictures. Record pictures and play back.
No indication	 PICTURE ERROR	The selected picture cannot be displayed for playback due to a problem with this picture. Or the picture cannot be used for playback on this camera.	Use image processing software to view the picture on a PC. If that cannot be done, the image file is damaged.
No indication	 THE IMAGE CANNOT BE EDITED	Pictures taken with another camera cannot be edited on this camera.	Use image processing software to edit the picture.
No indication	 Internal camera temperature is too high. Please wait for cooling before camera use.	Extended use of live view or sequential shooting has increased the internal temperature of the camera.	Wait a moment for the camera to turn off automatically. Allow the internal temperature of the camera to cool before resuming operations.

Viewfinder indications	Monitor indication	Possible cause	Corrective action
	 CARD-COVER OPEN	The card cover is open.	Close the card cover.
No indication	 BATTERY EMPTY	The battery is drained.	Charge the battery.
No indication	 NO CONNECTION	The camera is not connected to the computer or printer correctly.	Disconnect the camera and connect it again correctly.
No indication	 NO PAPER	There is no paper in the printer.	Load some paper in the printer.
No indication	 NO INK	The printer has run out of ink.	Replace the ink cartridge in the printer.
No indication	 JAMMED	The paper is jammed.	Remove the jammed paper.
No indication	SETTINGS CHANGED	The printer's paper cassette has been removed or the printer has been manipulated while making settings on the camera.	Do not manipulate the printer while making settings on the camera.
No indication	 PRINT ERROR	There is a problem with the printer and / or camera.	Turn off camera and printer. Check the printer and remedy any problems before turning the power on again.
No indication	 CANNOT PRINT	Pictures recorded on other cameras may not be printed on this camera.	Use a personal computer to print.

Camera maintenance

Cleaning and storing the camera

■ Cleaning the camera

Turn off the camera and remove the battery before cleaning the camera.

Exterior:

- Wipe gently with a soft cloth. If the camera is very dirty, soak the cloth in mild soapy water and wring well. Wipe the camera with the damp cloth and then dry it with a dry cloth. If you have used the camera at the beach, use a cloth soaked in clean water and well wrung.

Monitor and viewfinder:

- Wipe gently with a soft cloth.

Lens, mirror and focusing screen:

- Blow dust off the lens, mirror and focusing screen with a commercially available blower. For the lens, wipe gently with a lens cleaning paper.

■ Storage

- When not using the camera for a prolonged period, remove the battery and card. Store the camera in a cool, dry place that is well ventilated.
- Insert the battery periodically and test the camera's functions.

Cleaning and checking the image pickup device

This camera incorporates a dust reduction function to keep dust from getting on the image pickup device and to remove any dust or dirt from the image pickup device surface with ultrasonic vibrations. Dust reduction works when the power switch is set to ON. The dust reduction function operates at the same time as the pixel mapping, which checks the image pickup device and image processing circuitry. Since dust reduction is activated every time the camera's power is turned on, the camera should be held upright for the dust reduction function to be effective. The SSWF indicator blinks while dust reduction is working.

 "SSWF indicator" (P. 6)

Notes

- Do not use strong solvents such as benzene or alcohol, or a chemically treated cloth.
- Avoid storing the camera in places where chemicals are treated, in order to protect the camera from corrosion.
- Mold may form on the lens surface if the lens is left dirty.
- Check each part of the camera before use if it has not been used for a long time. Before taking important pictures, be sure to take a test shot and check that the camera works properly.

Cleaning mode – Removing dust

If dust or dirt gets on the image pickup device, black dots may appear in the picture. Contact your Olympus Authorized Service Center to have the image pickup device physically cleaned. The image pickup device is a precision device and is easily damaged. When cleaning the image pickup device yourself, be sure to follow the instructions below.

If power runs out during cleaning, the shutter will close, which may cause the shutter curtain and mirror to break. Keep an eye on the remaining battery power.

1 Remove the lens from the camera, and set the power switch to ON.

2 MENU ▸ [1/2] ▸ [CLEANING MODE]

3 Press , then press the  button.

- The camera enters the cleaning mode.

4 Press the shutter button all the way.

- The mirror goes up and the shutter curtain opens.

5 Clean the image pickup device.

- Carefully blow off any dust on the surface of the image pickup device by using a mechanical blower (commercially available).

6 Be careful not to catch the mechanical blower in the shutter curtain when turning the power off to finish cleaning.

- If the camera turns off, the shutter curtain closes, causing the mirror to fall.



Notes

- Be careful not to let the mechanical blower (commercially available) touch the image pickup device. If the blower touches the image pickup device, the image pickup device will be damaged.
- Never put the mechanical blower behind the lens mount. If the power turns off, the shutter closes, breaking the shutter curtain.
- Do not use anything other than the mechanical blower. If high-pressure gas is sprayed onto the image pickup device, it will freeze on the image pickup device's surface, damaging the image pickup device.

Pixel mapping – Checking the image processing functions

The pixel mapping feature allows the camera to check and adjust the image pickup device and image processing functions. After using the monitor or taking continuous shots, wait for at least one minute before using the pixel mapping function to ensure that it operates correctly.

1 MENU ▸ [1/2] ▸ [PIXEL MAPPING]

2 Press , then press the  button.

- The [BUSY] bar is displayed when pixel mapping is in progress. When pixel mapping is finished, the menu is restored.

Notes

- If you accidentally turn the camera off during pixel mapping, start again from Step 1.

Card basics

Usable cards

“Card” in this manual refers to a recording medium. This camera can use CompactFlash, Microdrive or xD-Picture Card (optional).

CompactFlash

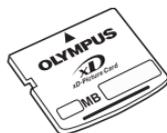
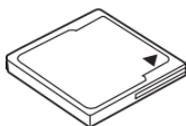
A CompactFlash is a large-capacity solid state flash memory card. You can use commercially available cards.

Microdrive

A Microdrive is a medium that uses a large-capacity compact hard disk drive. You can use a Microdrive that supports CF+Type II (CompactFlash extension standard).

xD-Picture Card

An xD-Picture Card is a recording medium used mainly in compact cameras.



Precautions when using a Microdrive

A Microdrive is a medium that uses a compact hard disk drive. Because the disk drive rotates, a Microdrive is not as resistant to vibration or impact as other cards. Special care is needed when using a Microdrive (especially during recording and playback) to make sure the camera is not subjected to shock or vibrations. Be sure to read the following precautions before using a Microdrive.

Also, refer to the manuals provided with your Microdrive.

- Be very careful when putting the camera down during recording. Place it gently on a firm surface.
- Do not use the camera in places subject to vibrations or excessive shock, such as at a construction site or in a car while driving along a bumpy road.
- Do not take a Microdrive close to areas where it may be exposed to strong magnetism.

i Notes

- The data in the card will not be erased completely even after formatting the card or deleting the data. When discarding, destroy the card to prevent leakage of personal information.

Formatting the card

Non-Olympus cards or cards formatted on a computer must be formatted with the camera before they can be used.

All data stored on the card, including protected images, is erased when the card is formatted. When formatting a used card, confirm there are no images that you still want to keep on the card.

- 1 MENU** ▸ [M] ▸ [CARD SETUP]
- 2** Use to select [FORMAT], then press the button.
- 3** Use to select [YES], then press the button.
 - Formatting is performed.



TIPS

When inserting cards into the two card slots:

→ Select the card to be used in [CF / xD] of **MENU**.

MENU ▸ [1/2] ▸ [CF / xD]
[CF] / [xD]

Battery and charger

- Use the single Olympus lithium-ion battery (BLS-1). Other batteries cannot be used.
- The camera's power consumption varies widely with usage and other conditions.
- As the following consume a lot of power even without shooting, the battery will be drained quickly.
 - Pressing the shutter button halfway in shooting mode, performing auto focus repeatedly.
 - Using live view.
 - Displaying images on the LCD monitor for a prolonged period.
 - When connected to a computer or printer.
- When using a drained battery, the camera may turn off without the low battery warning being displayed.
- The battery will not be fully charged at the time of purchase. Charge the battery using the designated charger (BCS-1) before use.
- The normal charging time of the provided charger is approximately 210 minutes (estimated).
- Do not use chargers other than the one designated.

Using your charger abroad

- The charger can be used in most home electrical sources within the range of 100 V to 240 V AC (50 / 60 Hz) around the world. However, depending on the country or area you are in, the AC wall outlet may be shaped differently and the charger may require a plug adapter to match the wall outlet. For details, ask at your local electrical shop or travel agent.
- Do not use commercially available travel adaptors as the charger may malfunction.

Menu directory

Shooting Menu

Tab	Function	Setting	Ref. page		
1	CARD SETUP	ALL ERASE / FORMAT	P. 63 P. 94		
	CUSTOM RESET SETTING	RESET	P. 64		
		RESET1		SET / RESET	
		RESET2	SET / RESET		
	PICTURE MODE	VIVID / NATURAL* / MUTED / MONOTONE	P. 52		
	GRADATION	HIGH KEY / NORMAL* / LOW KEY	P. 53		
	WB		RAW / SHQ / HQ* / SQ / RAW+SHQ / RAW+HQ / RAW+SQ	P. 45	
			AUTO*	R-7 - +7, G-7 - +7	P. 51
			5300 K	R-7 - +7, G-7 - +7	
			7500 K	R-7 - +7, G-7 - +7	
			6000 K	R-7 - +7, G-7 - +7	
			3000 K	R-7 - +7, G-7 - +7	
			4000 K	R-7 - +7, G-7 - +7	
			4500 K	R-7 - +7, G-7 - +7	
6600 K			R-7 - +7, G-7 - +7		
			R-7 - +7, G-7 - +7		
CWB	2000K - 14000K				
ISO	AUTO* / 100 - 1600	P. 48			
NOISE FILTER	OFF / LOW / STANDARD* / HIGH	P. 54			
NOISE REDUCT.	OFF / ON*	P. 53			
2	METERING	ESP+AF* / ESP	P. 46		
		-2.0 - 0.0* - +2.0	P. 36		
	AF MODE	S-AF* / C-AF / MF / S-AF+MF / C-AF+MF	P. 43		
		AUTO* / [] / [] / []	P. 42		
AE BKT	OFF* / 3F 0.3 EV / 3F 0.7 EV / 3F 1.0 EV	P. 31			
ANTI-SHOCK	OFF* / 1 SEC - 30 SEC	P. 54			

* Factory default setting

Playback menu

Tab	Function	Setting	Ref. page	
▶		/ / / /	P. 58	
		OFF / ON*	P. 58	
	EDIT	RAW DATA EDIT		P. 59
		JPEG EDIT	BLACK & WHITE / SEPIA / REDEYE FIX / SATURATION /	
		/	P. 71	
	COPY ALL	YES / NO	P. 60	
RESET PROTECT	YES / NO	P. 62		

* Factory default setting

Custom menu

Tab	Function	Setting	Ref. page	
1	ALL	ALL SET	R-7 – +7	P. 67
			G-7 – +7	
	ALL RESET	YES / NO		
SQ	PIXEL COUNT	3200 x 2400 / 2560 x 1920 / 1600 x 1200 / 1280 x 960* / 1024 x 768 / 640 x 480		P. 46
		COMPRESSION	1/2, 7, 1/4, 1/8*, 1/12	
	AUTO POP UP	OFF / ON*	P. 67	
AEL / AFL	S-AF*	mode1*	mode2	P. 66
		C-AF	mode1* / mode2	
		MF	mode1* / mode2	
	AEL / AFL MEMO	OFF* / ON	P. 66	
	AEL Metering	AUTO* / / / /	P. 66	
	FUNCTION	OFF* / / TEST PICTURE / PREVIEW / LIVE PREVIEW	P. 67	
	AF ILLUMINAT.	OFF / ON*	P. 44	
	LIVE VIEW BOOST	OFF* / ON	P. 67	
		OFF / ON*	P. 68	
	FRAME ASSIST	OFF* / GOLDEN SECTION / GRID / SCALE	P. 20	
		DIAL / DIAL	P. 70	

* Factory default setting

Setup menu

Tab	Function	Setting	Ref. page
12		—	P. 7
	CF / xD	CF* / xD	P. 94
	FILE NAME	AUTO* / RESET	P. 68
		Lo -7 - 0* - Hi +7	P. 68
		*1	P. 70
	VIDEO OUT	*1	P. 70
	REC VIEW	OFF / 1SEC - 20SEC (5 seconds*)	P. 68
	SLEEP	OFF / 1MIN* / 3MIN / 5MIN / 10MIN	P. 69
	BACKLIT LCD	8SEC* / 30SEC / 1MIN / HOLD	P. 69
	USB MODE	AUTO* / STORAGE / MTP / CONTROL /  EASY /  CUSTOM	P. 69
	COLOR SPACE	sRGB* / Adobe RGB	P. 54
	PIXEL MAPPING	—	P. 92
	CLEANING MODE	—	P. 92
	FIRMWARE	—	P. 70

* Factory default setting

*1 Settings differ depending on the region where the camera is purchased.

Functions that can be set by shooting mode

Function		AUTO	P	A	S	M		SCENE
Aperture value		—	✓	—	✓			—
Shutter speed		—			✓			—
Bulb shooting		—			✓			—
			✓		—		✓	—
							✓	—
Flash shooting						✓		—
Flash mode	AUTO	✓			—		✓	—
		✓			—		(Cannot be selected in mode)	—
	SLOW	✓			—		✓	—
	SLOW	✓			—		✓	—
		—			✓			—
	SLOW2					✓		—
			✓					(Cannot be selected in mode)
						✓		—
CUSTOM RESET SETTING		—		✓				—
PICTURE MODE			✓					—
GRADATION						✓		—
NOISE REDUCT.						✓		(Cannot be selected in mode)
NOISE FILTER						✓		—
						✓		—
ISO						✓		—
WB						✓		—
						✓		—
METERING						✓		—
(Sequential Shooting)						✓		— ^{**1}
(Self-timer)							✓	—
(Remote control)							✓	—
AF MODE						✓		—
						✓		(Cannot be selected in mode)
AE BKT						✓		—
ANTI-SHOCK						✓		—
ALL						✓		—
SQ							✓	—

✓: Can be set —: Cannot be set

^{**1}: , , can be set

Function	AUTO	P	A	S	M		SCENE
AUTO POP UP						✓	
AEL / AFL					✓		—
AEL / AFL MEMO					✓		—
AEL Metering					✓		—
FUNCTION					✓		—
FRAME ASSIST					✓		✓ (Cannot be selected in mode)
						✓	
CF / xD						✓	
FILE NAME						✓	
						✓	
						✓	
VIDEO OUT						✓	
						✓	
REC VIEW						✓	
SLEEP						✓	
BACKLIT LCD						✓	
USB MODE						✓	
COLOR SPACE					✓		—
AF ILLUMINAT.					✓		—
LIVE VIEW BOOST						✓	
PIXEL MAPPING						✓	
CLEANING MODE						✓	

✓: Can be set —: Cannot be set

List of record modes

The file size in the table is approximate.

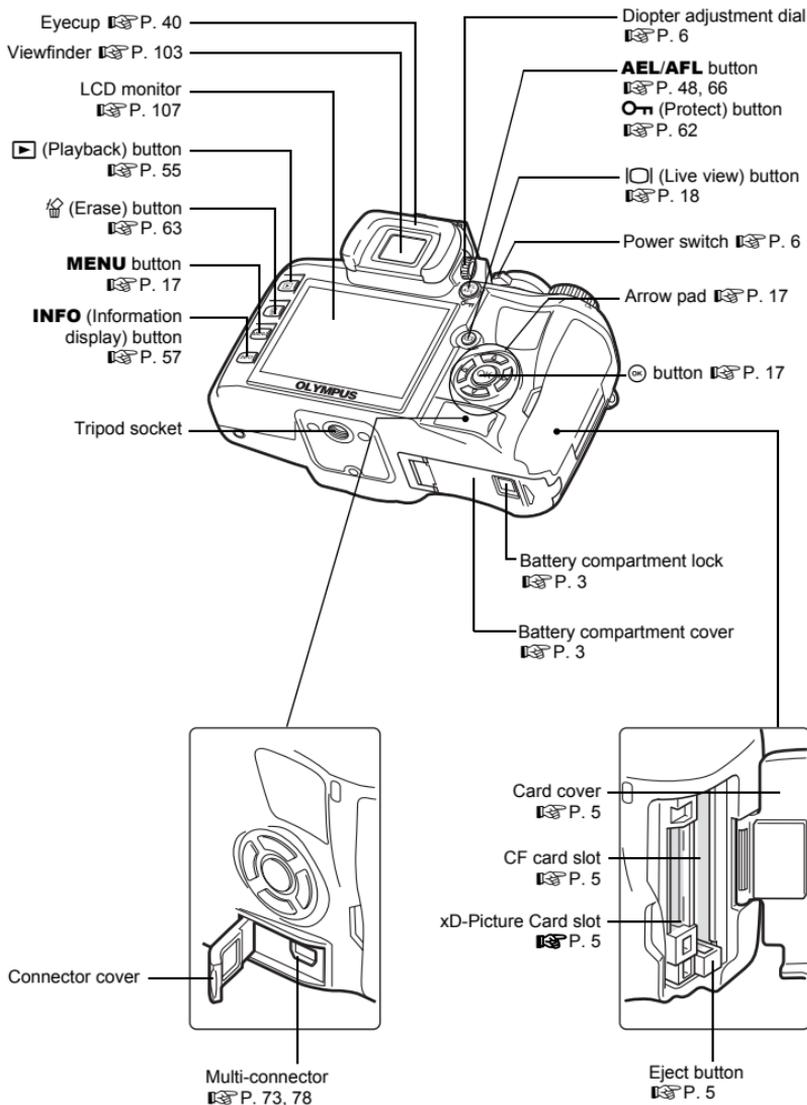
Record mode	Number of pixels	Compression	File format	File size (MB)	
RAW	3648 x 2736	Loss-less compression	ORF	Approx. 11	
SHQ		1/2.7		Approx. 6.8	
HQ		1/8		Approx. 2.2	
SQ	3200 x 2400	1/2.7	JPEG	Approx. 5.3	
		1/4		Approx. 3.7	
		1/8		Approx. 1.7	
		1/12		Approx. 1.1	
		2560 x 1920		1/2.7	Approx. 3.6
				1/4	Approx. 2.2
	1/8			Approx. 1.1	
	1/12			Approx. 0.7	
	1600 x 1200	1/2.7		Approx. 1.3	
		1/4		Approx. 0.8	
		1/8		Approx. 0.5	
		1/12		Approx. 0.3	
	1280 x 960	1/2.7		Approx. 0.8	
		1/4		Approx. 0.5	
		1/8		Approx. 0.3	
		1/12		Approx. 0.2	
	1024 x 768	1/2.7		Approx. 0.5	
		1/4		Approx. 0.4	
		1/8		Approx. 0.2	
		1/12		Approx. 0.1	
	640 x 480	1/2.7		Approx. 0.2	
		1/4		Approx. 0.2	
		1/8		Approx. 0.1	
		1/12		Approx. 0.1	

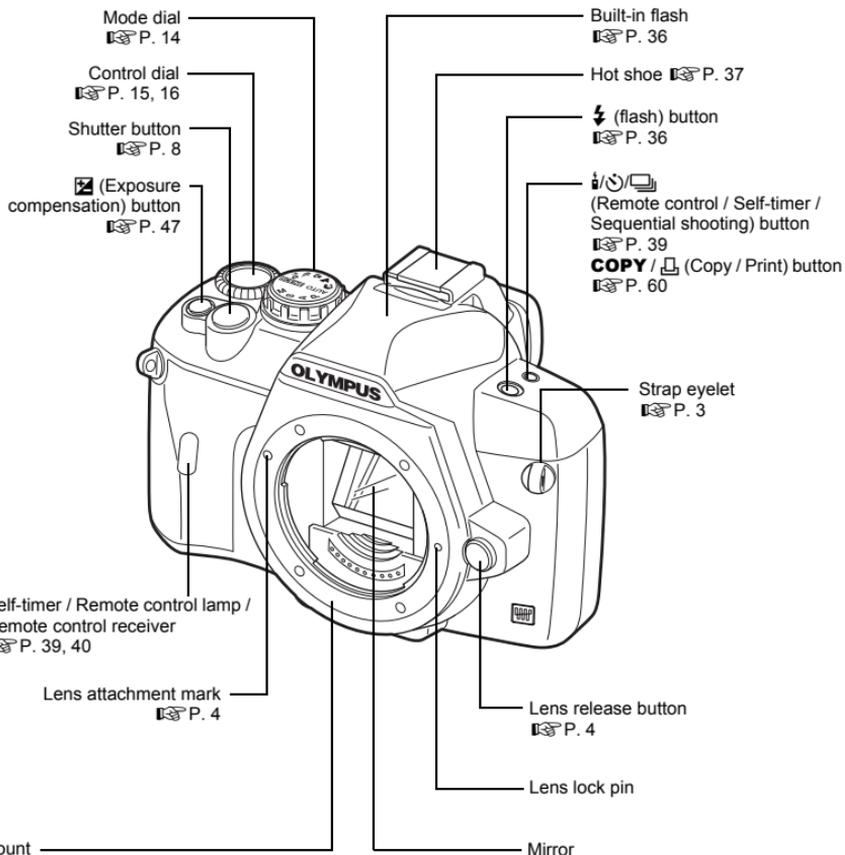
Notes

- The number of remaining pictures may change according to the subject or factors like whether print reservations have been made or not. In certain instances, the number of remaining pictures displayed on the viewfinder or the LCD monitor does not change even when you take pictures or stored images are erased.
- The actual file size varies according to the subject.

Names of parts

Camera

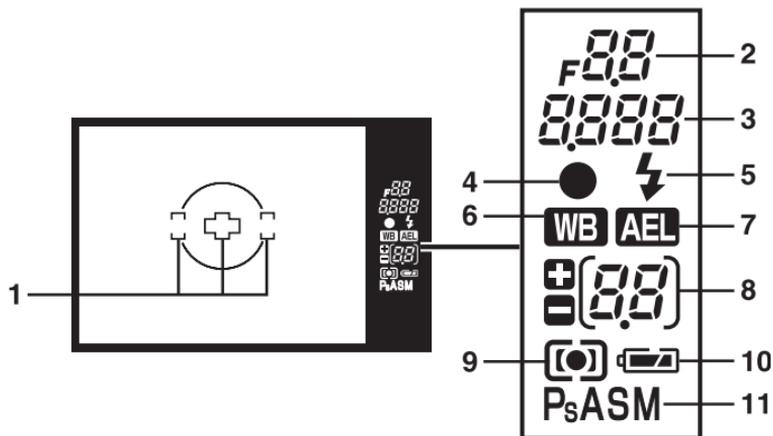




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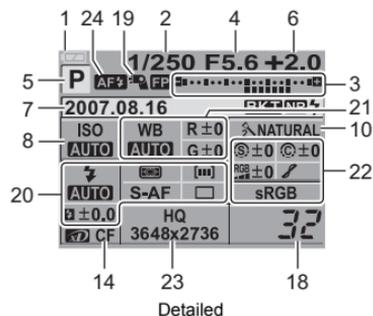
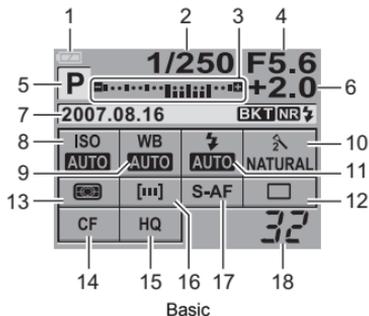
Information

Mount
(Attach the lens after removing the body cap from the camera to prevent dust and dirt from entering the camera body.)



No.	Items	Indication examples	Ref. page
1	AF frame		P. 31, 42
2	Aperture value		P. 26 – 29
3	Shutter speed		P. 26 – 29
4	AF confirmation mark		P. 31
5	Flash		(blinks: charging in progress, lights up: charging completed) P. 36
6	White balance		P. 49
7	AE lock		P. 48
8	Exposure compensation value		P. 47
9	Metering mode		P. 46
10	Battery check		(ready for use), (charging required) —
11	Exposure mode	P, Ps, A, S, M	P. 26 – 29

Control panel screen



No.	Items	Indication examples	Ref. page
1	Battery check	(ready for use), (charging required)	—
2	Shutter speed	1/250	P. 26 – 29
3	Exposure compensation indicator Exposure level indicator Flash intensity level indicator	 	P. 48 P. 30 P. 36
4	Aperture value	F5.6	P. 26 – 29
5	Exposure mode	P , A , S , M ,	P. 14, P. 26 – 29
6	Exposure compensation value	+2.0	P. 47
7	Date Auto bracketing Noise reduction Flash stand-by, flash charging Internal temperature warning	2007.08.16 BKT NR °C/°F	P. 7 P. 31 P. 53 P. 36 P. 89
8	ISO	AUTO, 100, 200, 400	P. 48
9	White balance		P. 50
10	Picture mode	NATURAL	P. 52
11	Flash mode		P. 35
12	Sequential shooting / Self-timer / Remote control	, 2s, 10s	P. 39
13	Metering mode	HI , SH	P. 46
14	Card	CF	P. 93
15	Record mode	HQ	P. 46
16	AF frame	[...]	P. 42
17	AF mode	S-AF	P. 43
18	Number of storable still pictures	32	—
19	Super FP flash	FP	P. 38

No.	Items	Indication examples	Ref. page
20	Flash mode		P. 35
	Flash intensity control	+2.0	P. 36
	Metering mode		P. 46
	AF mode	S-AF	P. 43
	AF frame		P. 42
	Sequential shooting / Self-timer / Remote control	2s, 10s	P. 39
21	White balance		P. 50
	White balance compensation	R+3, G-2	P. 51
22	Color space	sRGB, Adobe RGB	P. 54
	Sharpness	+2	P. 52
	Contrast	+2	P. 52
	Saturation	+2	P. 52
	Gradation	H, L	P. 53
23	Record mode	HQ	P. 46
	Pixel count	3648 x 2736	
24	AF illuminator		P. 44

LCD monitor indications (during live view)



No.	Items	Indication examples	Ref. page
1	Battery check	(ready for use), (charging required)	—
2	Exposure mode	P, A, S, M, , , , ,	P. 14, P. 26 – 29
3	Shutter speed	1/250	P. 26 – 29
4	Aperture value	F5.6	P. 26 – 29
5	Exposure compensation value	+2.0	P. 47
6	Flash	(blinks: charging in progress, lights up: charging completed)	P. 36
7	AF confirmation mark		—
8	Flash mode		P. 35
9	White balance		P. 50
10	Metering mode	, , , HI , , SH ,	P. 46
11	Number of storable still pictures	38	—
12	Card	, CF	P. 93
13	AF frame	—	P. 42
14	Record mode	RAW+SHQ	P. 46
15	Picture mode		P. 52
16	AF mode	S-AF MF	P. 42
17	Sequential shooting		P. 39
18	ISO	ISO AUTO, ISO 100, ISO 200, ISO 400	P. 48
19	Internal temperature warning	°C/°F	P. 89

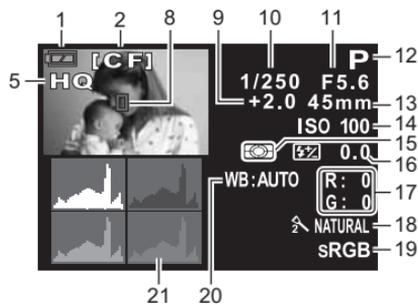
LCD monitor indications (during playback)

You can switch the monitor display using the **INFO** (information display) button.

 "Information display" (P. 58)



Single-frame playback information



Shooting information

No.	Items	Indication examples	Ref. page
1	Battery check	 (ready for use),  (charging required)	—
2	Card	[CF], [xD]	P. 94
3	Print reservation Number of prints	 x10	P. 71
4	Protect		P. 61
5	Record mode	RAW, SHQ, HQ, SQ	P. 46
6	Date and time	'07.08.16 21:56	P. 7
7	File number Frame number	 100-0015 15	P. 57
8	AF frame		P. 42
9	Exposure compensation	+2.0	P. 47
10	Shutter speed	1/250	P. 26 – 29
11	Aperture value	F5.6	P. 26 – 29
12	Exposure mode	P, A, S, M ,  ,  ,  ,  ,  , 	P. 14, P. 26 – 29
13	Focal distance*	45 mm	P. 115
14	ISO	ISO 100, ISO 200, ISO 400	P. 48
15	Metering mode	 ,  ,  ,  , HI , SH	P. 46
16	Flash intensity control	 0.0	P. 36
17	White balance compensation	R: 0, G: 0	P. 51
18	Picture mode	 NATURAL	P. 52
19	Color space	sRGB, Adobe RGB	P. 54
20	White balance	WB: AUTO	P. 50
21	Histogram	—	P. 57

* The focal distance is displayed in 1 mm units.

A (Aperture Priority) Mode

You set the aperture yourself and the camera automatically varies the shutter speed so that the picture is taken with the correct exposure.

AE (Automatic Exposure)

The camera's built-in exposure meter automatically sets the exposure. The 3 AE modes available on this camera are **P** mode, in which the camera selects both the aperture and shutter speed, **A** mode, in which the user selects the aperture and the camera sets the shutter speed, and **S** mode, in which the user selects the shutter speed and the camera sets the aperture.

In **M** mode, the user selects both the aperture and the shutter speed.

Aperture

The adjustable lens opening which controls the amount of light that enters the camera. The larger the aperture, the shorter the depth of field and the fuzzier the background. The smaller the aperture, the greater the depth of field and the sharper the background. Aperture is measured in *f* / stops. Larger aperture values indicate smaller apertures, and smaller aperture values indicate larger apertures.

AUTO mode

Program AE mode (see "**P** (Program) Mode"). In addition, this mode features automatic flash pop up when shooting in low-light conditions.

Center weighted averaging metering

A light metering mode or technique that uses an average of the center and periphery of the image area but is biased toward the information at the center of the image area. This method is best used when the brightness of the center and periphery of the image area does not vary greatly. See also digital ESP metering and spot metering.

Color space

A model that describes colors using more than three coordinates. Color spaces such as sRGB, Adobe RGB are occasionally used for encoding / reproducing colors.

Color temperature

The spectral balance of different white light sources is rated numerically by color temperature – a concept of theoretical physics that, with incandescent lighting, corresponds roughly to the absolute lamp filament temperature, expressed on the Kelvin (K) temperature scale. The higher the color temperature, the richer the light in bluish tones and the poorer in reddish; the lower the color temperature, the richer the light in reddish tones and the poorer in bluish. You may encounter difficulties with color reproduction when shooting indoors under fluorescent lighting, or where sunlight and fluorescent lighting are both present. Your camera is provided with a white balance adjustment feature that you can use to compensate for the odd effects of combinations of color you may occasionally see in your pictures.

Compression rate

Compression is a method of reducing file size by abbreviating some contents of data, and compression rate denotes the amount of compression. The actual effect of the selected compression rate could vary with the content of the image. The numbers for the compression rate selected with this camera provide only a general scale for reference and are not precise measurements.

DCF (Design rule for Camera File system)

A standard for image files by the Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA).

Depth of Field

Depth of Field refers to the distance from the nearest to the furthest point of perceived "sharp" focus in a picture.

Digital ESP (Electro-Selective Pattern) Light Metering

This determines the exposure by splitting the image into 49 areas and metering and calculating the light levels in each area.

DPOF (Digital Print Order Format)

This is for saving desired print settings on digital cameras. By entering which images to print and the number of copies of each, the user can easily have the desired images printed by a printer or print lab that supports the DPOF format.

Eclipsing (Vignetting)

This refers to when an object obscures part of the field of view so that the whole subject is not photographed. Vignetting also refers to when the image seen through the viewfinder does not exactly match the image shot through the objective lens, so the photographed image includes objects not seen through the viewfinder. In addition, vignetting can occur when an incorrect lens hood is used, causing shadowing to appear in the corners of the image.

EV (Exposure Value)

A system for measuring exposure. EV0 is when the aperture is at F1 and the shutter speed is 1 second. The EV then increases by 1 each time the aperture increases by one F stop or the shutter speed increases by one increment. EV can also be used to indicate brightness and ISO settings.

Exposure

The amount of light used to capture an image. The exposure is determined by the length of time the shutter is open (shutter speed) and the amount of light that passes through the lens (aperture).

Image pickup device

This converts light passing through the lens into electrical signals. On this camera, light is picked up and converted into RGB signals to build a single image.

ISO

International abbreviation for International Organization for Standardization. The sensitivity setting used in digital cameras is based on the same ISO standard used for film sensitivity. The sensitivity is denoted as shown in "ISO 100". Higher ISO values indicate greater sensitivity to light, so images can be exposed even in low-light conditions.

JPEG (Joint Photographic Experts Group)

A compression format for color still images. Photographs (images) shot using this camera are recorded onto the card in JPEG format when the Record mode is set to SHQ, HQ, SQ. By downloading these images to a personal computer, users can edit them using graphics application software or view the images using an Internet web browser.

M (Manual) Mode

The user sets both the aperture and shutter speed.

NTSC (National Television Systems Committee) / PAL (Phase Alternating Line)

Television formats. NTSC is mainly used in Japan, North America and Korea. PAL is mainly used in Europe and China.

Number of Pixels (PIXEL COUNT)

The number of dots (pixels) used to create an image denotes the image size. For instance, an image in 640 x 480 pixel count is the same size as the computer screen if the monitor setting is also 640 x 480. If the monitor setting is 1024 x 768, the image only takes up part of the screen.

P (Program) Mode

Also called Program AE mode. The camera automatically sets the best shutter speed and aperture for the shot.

PictBridge

A standard that enables digital cameras and printers made by different manufacturers to be connected, and also allows pictures to be printed directly from the camera.

Pixels

A pixel is the smallest unit (dot) used to make up an image. Clear large-sized printed images require millions of pixels.

RAW

Refers to raw data, data which has not been enhanced with a camera option like white balance, sharpness, contrast, etc. This file format is for viewing and processing with our own software. You may not be able to open or process these files with other graphics software applications, and these files cannot be selected for DPOF printing. RAW files are assigned an orf file extension (*.orf).

S (Shutter Priority) Mode

Also called Shutter Priority AE mode. The user selects the shutter speed and the camera automatically varies the aperture so that the picture is taken with the best exposure.

Single-lens reflex camera

A camera that uses the reflective mirror to bend the light entering from the shooting lens and uses the viewfinder to check. There is no difference between the composition to be captured and the composition viewed on the viewfinder.

Sleep Mode

A mode designed to save battery life. The camera automatically enters the sleep mode if you do not operate it for a certain time. To get out of the sleep mode, use any button on the camera (shutter button, menu button, etc.).

Spot metering

The meter reading is taken from a very small area around the center of the subject, defined by the spot metering area mark in the viewfinder. Spot metering is ideal for use in difficult light conditions, or when the important element of the picture (subject's face) is small. Use spot metering for backlit subjects, or sports and stage performers. See also digital ESP metering and center weighted averaging metering.

TFT (Thin-Film Transistor) Color Monitor

A color monitor constructed using thin-film technology.

TTL phase-contrast detection system

This is used to measure the distance to the subject. The camera determines if the image is focused by the detected phase contrast.

TTL (Through-The-Lens) System

To help adjust exposure, a light receptor built into the camera directly measures the light passing through the lens.

Camera specifications

■ Product type

Product type	: Single-lens reflex digital camera with interchangeable lens system
Lens	: Zuiko Digital, Four Thirds System Lens
Lens mount	: Four Thirds mount
Equivalent focal length on a 35 mm film camera	: Approx. twice the focal length of the lens

■ Image pickup device

Product type	: 4/3" Live MOS sensor
No. of total pixels	: Approx. 11,800,000 pixels
No. of effective pixels	: Approx. 10,000,000 pixels
Screen size	: 17.3 mm (H) x 13.0 mm (V) (0.7" x 0.5")
Aspect ratio	: 1.33 (4:3)

■ Viewfinder

Product type	: Eye-level single-lens reflex viewfinder
Field of view	: Approx. 95 % (for field of view on recorded images)
Viewfinder magnification	: Approx. 0.92x (-1 m^{-1} , 50 mm lens, infinity)
Eye point	: 14 mm (0.6") from the cover glass (-1 m^{-1})
Diopter adjustment range	: $-3.0 - +1.0 \text{ m}^{-1}$
Optical path fraction	: Quick return half mirror
Depth of field	: Can be checked with the  button (when PREVIEW registered)
Focusing screen	: Fixed
Eyecup	: Interchangeable

■ Live view

	: Uses Live MOS sensor for shooting
	: Field of view of 100%

■ LCD monitor

Product type	: 2.5" TFT color LCD (HyperCrystal LCD)
Total no. of pixels	: Approx. 230,000 pixels

■ Shutter

Product type	: Computerized focal-plane shutter
Shutter	: 1/4000 – 60 sec., Bulb shooting

■ Auto focus

Product type	: TTL phase-contrast detection system
Focusing point	: 3-point multiple AF (left, center, right)
AF luminance range	: EV 0 – EV 19
Selection of focusing point	: Auto, Optional
AF illuminator	: The built-in flash provides light

■ Exposure control

Metering system	: TTL full-aperture metering system (1) Digital ESP metering (2) Center weighted averaging metering (3) Spot metering (approx. 2% for the viewfinder screen)
Metering range	: EV 1 – 20 (Digital ESP metering, Center weighted average metering, Spot metering) (At normal temperature, 50 mm F2, ISO 100)
Exposure mode	: (1) AUTO : Fully automatic (2) P : Program AE (Program shift can be performed) (3) A : Aperture priority AE (4) S : Shutter priority AE (5) M : Manual
ISO sensitivity	: 100 – 1600
Exposure compensation	: ± 5 EV (1/3 EV step)

■ White balance

Product type	: Image pickup device
Mode setting	: Auto, Preset WB (7 settings), Customized WB, One-touch WB

■ Recording

Memory	: CF card (Compatible with Type I and II) Microdrive (Compatible with FAT 16/32) xD-Picture Card
Recording system	: Digital recording, JPEG (in accordance with Design rule for Camera File system [DCF]), RAW Data
Applicable standards	: Exif 2.2, Digital Print Order Format (DPOF), PRINT Image Matching III, PictBridge

■ Playback

Playback mode	: Single-frame playback, Close-up playback, Index display, Image rotation, Slideshow, Calendar display
Information display	: Information display, Histogram display

■ Drive

Drive mode	: Single-frame shooting, Sequential shooting, Self-timer, Remote control
Sequential shooting	: 3 frames / sec. (Max. no. of storable sequential pictures: 6 frames in RAW)
Self-timer	: Operation time: 12 sec., 2 sec.
Optical remote control	: Operation time: 2 sec., 0 sec. (instantaneous shooting) (RM-1 Remote Control [optional])

■ Flash

Synchronization	: Synchronized with the camera at 1/180 sec. or less
Flash control mode	: TTL-AUTO (TTL pre-flash mode), AUTO, MANUAL
External flash attachment	: Hot shoe

■ External connector

USB connector / VIDEO OUT connector	: Multi-connector
-------------------------------------	-------------------

■ Power supply

Battery	: Li-ion Battery (BLS-1) x1
---------	-----------------------------

■ Dimensions / weight

Dimensions	: 129.5 mm (W) x 91 mm (H) x 53 mm (D) (5.1" x 3.6" x 2.1") (excluding protrusions)
Weight	: Approx. 375 g (0.8 lb.) (without battery)

■ Operating environment

Temperature	: 0 °C – 40 °C (32 °F – 104 °F) (operation) / –20 °C – 60 °C (–4 °F – 140 °F) (storage)
Humidity	: 30 – 90 % (operation) / 10 – 90 % (storage)

Battery / charger specifications

BLS-1 Lithium ion battery

MODEL NO.	: PS-BLS1
Product type	: Rechargeable Lithium ion battery
Nominal voltage	: DC 7.2 V
Nominal capacity	: 1150 mAh
No. of charge and discharge times	: Approx. 500 times (vary with usage conditions)
Ambient temperature	: 0 °C – 40 °C (32 °F – 104 °F) (charging) -10 °C – 60 °C (14 °F – 140 °F) (operation) -20 °C – 35 °C (-4 °F – 95 °F) (storage)
Dimensions	: Approx. 35.5 mm (W) x 55 mm (D) x 12.8 mm (H) (1.4" x 2.2" x 0.5")
Weight	: Approx. 46 g (0.1 lb.)

BCS-1 Lithium ion charger

MODEL NO.	: PS-BCS1
Rated input	: U.S.A CANADA AC 120V (60 Hz) Other countries AC 100 V – 240 V (50 / 60 Hz)
Rated output	: DC 8.35 V. 400 mA
Charging time	: Approx. 210 min. (room temperature: if using BLS-1)
Ambient temperature	: 0 °C – 40 °C (32 °F – 104 °F) (operation) / -20 °C – 60 °C (-4 °F – 140 °F) (storage)
Dimensions	: Approx. 62 mm (W) x 83 mm (D) x 38 mm (H) (2.4" x 3.3" x 1.5")
Weight	: Approx. 72 g (0.2 lb.) (without AC cable)

SPECIFICATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT ANY NOTICE OR OBLIGATION ON THE PART OF THE MANUFACTURER.

10 Interchangeable lenses

Lens

Usable lenses

Select the lens that you want to shoot with.

Use a specified Four Thirds lens (Four Thirds mount). When a non-specified lens is used, AF (auto focus) and light metering will not function correctly. In some cases, other functions may not work either.

Four Thirds mount

Developed by Olympus as the lens mount standard for the Four Thirds system. These all-new interchangeable lenses featuring the Four Thirds mount were developed from the ground up based on optic engineering exclusively for digital cameras.

ZUIKO DIGITAL interchangeable lens

Four Thirds system interchangeable lens designed to withstand rigorous professional use. The Four Thirds system makes it possible for a fast lens to be compact and lightweight as well.

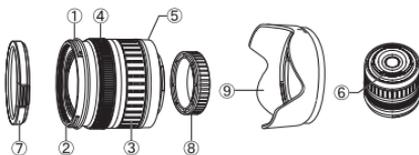
Notes

- When you attach or remove the body cap and lens from the camera, keep the lens mount on the camera pointed downward. This helps prevent dust and other foreign matter from getting inside the camera.
- Do not remove the body cap or attach the lens in dusty places.
- Do not point the lens attached to the camera toward the sun. This may cause the camera to malfunction or even ignite due to the magnifying effect of sunlight focusing through the lens.
- Be careful not to lose the body cap and rear cap.
- Attach the body cap to the camera to prevent dust from getting inside when no lens is attached.

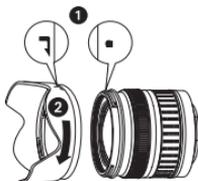
ZUIKO DIGITAL interchangeable lens

Names of parts

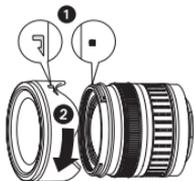
- ① Hood mount section
- ② Filter mount thread
- ③ Zoom ring
- ④ Focus ring
- ⑤ Mount index
- ⑥ Electrical contacts
- ⑦ Front cap
- ⑧ Rear cap
- ⑨ Lens hood



Attaching the hood



Storing the hood



- Use the hood when shooting a backlit subject.
- For 17.5-45 mm lens, the lens hood is not provided.

■ Main Specifications

Items	17.5 – 45 mm	14 – 42 mm	40 – 150 mm
Mount	FOUR THIRDS mount		
Focal distance	17.5 – 45 mm	14 – 42 mm	40 – 150 mm
Max. aperture	f3.5 – 5.6	f3.5 – 5.6	f4 – 5.6
Image angle	63 ° – 27 °	75 ° – 29 °	30 ° – 8.2 °
Lens configuration	7 groups, 7 lenses	8 groups, 10 lenses	9 groups, 12 lenses
	Multilayer film coating (partially single layered)		
Iris control	f3.5 – 22	f3.5 – 22	f4 – 22
Shooting range	0.28 m – ∞	0.25 m – ∞	0.9 m – ∞
Focus adjustment	AF / MF switching		
Weight (excluding hood and cap)	210 g	190 g	220 g
Dimensions (Max. diameter x overall length)	Ø 71 x 70 mm	Ø 65.5 x 61 mm	Ø 65.5 x 72 mm
Lens hood mount	—	Bayonet	
Filter mount thread diameter	52 mm	58 mm	

Can be used with the optional EX-25 extension tube under the following conditions.
The focus adjustment when EX-25 is used will be MF.

Lens, focal distance		Shooting range	Magnification (): Calculated based on 35 mm film camera
17.5 – 45 mm	17.5 mm	Shooting is not possible since subjects cannot be brought into focus at this focal length.	
	28 mm	15.1 cm – 15.9 cm	0.89 – 1.16x (1.78 – 2.32x)
	45 mm	18.4 cm – 22.4 cm	0.57 – 0.91x (1.14 – 1.82x)
14 – 42 mm	14 mm	Shooting is not possible since subjects cannot be brought into focus at this focal length.	
	25 mm	13.3 cm	1.02x (2.04x)
	42 mm	16.2 cm – 17.3 cm	0.61 – 0.69x (1.22 – 1.38x)
40 – 150 mm	40 mm	19.0 cm – 20.4 cm	0.61 – 0.70x (1.22 – 1.40x)
	80 mm	28.0 cm – 40.6 cm	0.32 – 0.48x (0.64 – 0.96x)
	150 mm	48.0 cm – 118.8 cm	0.17 – 0.39x (0.34 – 0.78x)

■ Storage Precautions

- Clean and keep the lens after use. Remove dust and dirt on the surface of the lens with a blower brush or brush. Use commercially available lens cleaning paper to remove the dirt on the lens.
- Always cap the lens and store it when it is not used.
- Do not use organic solvents.

① Notes on Shooting

- Edges of pictures may be cut off if more than one filter is used or if a thick filter is used.

10

Interchangeable lenses

E-System Chart

€-410



€-510



Standard Lens



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 14-42mm 1:3.5-5.6
Standard Zoom

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube*	EC-14 Tele Converter*
---	------------------------------------



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 17.5-45mm 1:3.5-5.6
Standard Zoom (only
available in special kit)

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube	EC-14 Tele Converter*
--	------------------------------------

TF-22
Twin Flash
with adapter ring 58mm
to 67mm/72mm



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 18-180mm 1:3.5-6.3
Super Zoom (10x)

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube	EC-14 Tele Converter*
--	------------------------------------

TF-22
Twin Flash
with adapter ring 62mm
to 67mm/72mm



ZUIKO DIGITAL
35mm 1:3.5
Macro Lens

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube	EC-14 Tele Converter
--	-----------------------------------

RF-11
Ring Flash
with FR-1

TF-22
Twin Flash
with FR-1



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 40-150mm 1:4.0-5.6
Telephoto Zoom

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube*	EC-14 Tele Converter*
---	------------------------------------

Pro Lens



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 8mm 1:3.5
Fisheye Lens

Compatible with EC-14 Tele Converter
--



ZUIKO DIGITAL
11-22mm 1:2.8-3.5
Wide Zoom

Compatible with EC-14 Tele Converter	TF-22 Twin Flash
--	-------------------------------



ZUIKO DIGITAL
14-54mm 1:2.8-3.5
Standard Zoom

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube	EC-14 Tele Converter
--	-----------------------------------

RF-11
Ring Flash

TF-22
Twin Flash



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 50mm 1:2.0
Macro Lens

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube	EC-14 Tele Converter**
--	-------------------------------------

RF-11
Ring Flash
with FR-1

TF-22
Twin Flash
with FR-1



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 50-200mm 1:2.8-3.5
Telephoto Zoom

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube	EC-14 Tele Converter
--	-----------------------------------

RF-11
Ring Flash

TF-22
Twin Flash

Top Pro Lens



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 7-14mm 1:4.0
Wide Zoom

Compatible with EC-14 Tele Converter
--



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 35-100mm 1:2.0
Telephoto Zoom

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube	EC-14 Tele Converter**
--	-------------------------------------



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 90-250mm 1:2.8
Telephoto Zoom

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube*	EC-14 Tele Converter
---	-----------------------------------



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 150mm 1:2.0
Fix Focal Lens

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube	EC-14 Tele Converter**
--	-------------------------------------



ZUIKO DIGITAL
ED 300mm 1:2.8
Fix Focal Lens

Compatible with EX-25 Extension Tube	EC-14 Tele Converter
--	-----------------------------------

Drop-in Filter Set included

10

Interchangeable lenses

Adapter



EC-14
Tele Converter



EX-25
Extension Tube



MF-1
OM-Adapter



VA-1
Angle Finder

Underwater Case



PT-E03
Underwater Case
(only for E-410)

Flash



FL-CB05
Flash Cable



FL-20
Flash



FL-36
System Flash



FL-50
System Flash

SRF-11
Ring Flash Set
(incl. FC-1 / RF-11)



RF-11
Ring Flash



FL-CB02
Flash Cable



FP-1***
Flash Power Grip
(incl. FL-CB02)
for FL-50/
RF-11/TF-22



HV-1
High Voltage Pack



BN-1
Ni-MH Battery Pack



AC-2
AC Adapter



FC-1
Macro Flash Controller



FR-1
Flash Adapter Ring
for 35/50mm Macro



TF-22
Twin Flash

SHV-1
Flash High Voltage Set
(incl. HV-1/BN-1/AC-2)

STF-22
Twin Flash Set
(incl. FC-1/TF-22)

Battery



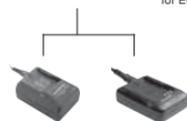
BLM-1
Li-Ion Battery Pack
for E-510



LBH-1
Li-Ion Battery Holder
(for 3x CR123A)
for E-510



BLS-1
Li-Ion Battery Pack
for E-410



BCM-1
Quick Li-Ion
Battery Charger



BCM-2
Li-Ion Battery Charger



BCS-1
Li-Ion Battery Charger

E-System Bag



(only for E-410)



Remote control



RM-1
Remote Control



RM-UC1
Remote Cable

Eyecup



ME-1
Magnifier Eyecup



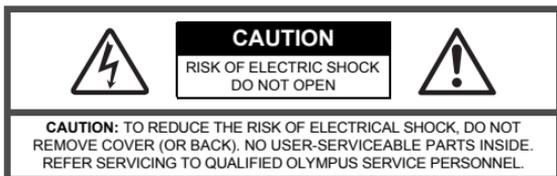
EP-5/EP-6
Eyecup

*Only with MF **Recommended max. aperture 1:4.0 ***E-410/E-510 no release via FP-1

10

Interchangeable lenses

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



An exclamation mark enclosed in a triangle alerts you to important operating and maintenance instructions in the documentation provided with the product.



DANGER

If the product is used without observing the information given under this symbol, serious injury or death may result.



WARNING

If the product is used without observing the information given under this symbol, injury or death may result.



CAUTION

If the product is used without observing the information given under this symbol, minor personal injury, damage to the equipment, or loss of valuable data may result.

WARNING!

TO AVOID THE RISK OF FIRE OR ELECTRICAL SHOCK, NEVER DISASSEMBLE, EXPOSE THIS PRODUCT TO WATER OR OPERATE IN A HIGH HUMIDITY ENVIRONMENT.

General Precautions

Read All Instructions – Before you use the product, read all operating instructions. Save all manuals and documentation for future reference.

Cleaning – Always unplug this product from the wall outlet before cleaning. Use only a damp cloth for cleaning. Never use any type of liquid or aerosol cleaner, or any type of organic solvent to clean this product.

Attachments – For your safety, and to avoid damaging the product, use only accessories recommended by Olympus.

Water and Moisture – For precautions on products with weatherproof designs, read the weatherproofing sections.

Location – To avoid damage to the product, mount the product securely on a stable tripod, stand, or bracket.

Power Source – Connect this product only to the power source described on the product label.

Foreign Objects – To avoid personal injury, never insert a metal object into the product.

Heat – Never use or store this product near any heat source such as a radiator, heat register, stove, or any type of equipment or appliance that generates heat, including stereo amplifiers.

Product Handling Precautions



WARNING

- Do not use the camera near flammable or explosive gases.
- Do not use the flash and LED on people (infants, small children, etc.) at close range.
 - You must be at least 1 m (3 ft.) away from the faces of your subjects. Firing the flash too close to the subject's eyes could cause a momentary loss of vision.
- Keep young children and infants away from the camera.
 - Always use and store the camera out of the reach of young children and infants to prevent the following dangerous situations which could cause serious injury:
 - Becoming entangled in the camera strap, causing strangulation.
 - Accidentally swallowing the battery, cards or other small parts.
 - Accidentally firing the flash into their own eyes or those of another child.
 - Accidentally being injured by the moving parts of the camera.
- Do not look at the sun or strong lights with the camera.
- Do not use or store the camera in dusty or humid places.
- Do not cover the flash with a hand while firing.



CAUTION

- Stop using the camera immediately if you notice any unusual odors, noise, or smoke around it.
 - Never remove the batteries with bare hands, which may cause a fire or burn your hands.
- Never hold or operate the camera with wet hands.
- Do not leave the camera in places where it may be subject to extremely high temperatures.
 - Doing so may cause parts to deteriorate and, in some circumstances, cause the camera to catch fire. Do not use the charger if it is covered (such as a blanket). This could cause overheating, resulting in fire.
- Handle the camera with care to avoid getting a low-temperature burn.
 - When the camera contains metal parts, overheating can result in a low-temperature burn. Pay attention to the following:
 - When used for a long period, the camera will get hot. If you hold on to the camera in this state, a low-temperature burn may be caused.
 - In places subject to extremely cold temperatures, the temperature of the camera's body may be lower than the environmental temperature. If possible, wear gloves when handling the camera in cold temperatures.
- Be careful with the strap.
 - Be careful with the strap when you carry the camera. It could easily catch on stray objects – and cause serious damage.

Battery Handling Precautions

Follow these important guidelines to prevent batteries from leaking, overheating, burning, exploding, or causing electrical shocks or burns.



DANGER

- The camera uses a lithium ion battery specified by Olympus. Charge the battery with the specified charger. Do not use any other chargers.
- Never heat or incinerate batteries.
- Take precautions when carrying or storing batteries to prevent them from coming into contact with any metal objects such as jewelry, pins, fasteners, etc.
- Never store batteries where they will be exposed to direct sunlight, or subjected to high temperatures in a hot vehicle, near a heat source, etc.
- To prevent causing battery leaks or damaging their terminals, carefully follow all instructions regarding the use of batteries. Never attempt to disassemble a battery or modify it in any way, by soldering, etc.
- If battery fluid gets into your eyes, flush your eyes immediately with clear, cold running water and seek medical attention immediately.
- Always store batteries out of the reach of small children. If a child accidentally swallows a battery, seek medical attention immediately.



WARNING

- Keep batteries dry at all times.
- To prevent batteries from leaking, overheating, or causing a fire or explosion, use only batteries recommended for use with this product.
- Insert the battery carefully as described in the operating instructions.
- If rechargeable batteries have not been recharged within the specified time, stop charging them and do not use them.
- Do not use a battery if it is cracked or broken.
- If a battery leaks, becomes discolored or deformed, or becomes abnormal in any other way during operation, stop using the camera.
- If a battery leaks fluid onto your clothing or skin, remove the clothing and flush the affected area with clean, running cold water immediately. If the fluid burns your skin, seek medical attention immediately.
- Never subject batteries to strong shocks or continuous vibration.



CAUTION

- Before loading, always inspect the battery carefully for leaks, discoloration, warping, or any other abnormality.
- The battery may become hot during prolonged use. To avoid minor burns, do not remove it immediately after using the camera.
- Always unload the battery from the camera before storing the camera for a long period.
- This camera uses a lithium ion battery specified by Olympus. Do not use any other type of battery. For safe and proper use, read the battery's instruction manual carefully before using it.
- If the battery's terminals get wet or greasy, camera contact failure may result. Wipe the battery well with a dry cloth before use.
- Always charge a battery when using it for the first time, or if it has not been used for a long period.
- When operating the camera with battery power at low temperatures, try to keep the camera and spare battery as warm as possible. A battery that has run down at low temperatures may be restored after it is warmed at room temperature.
- The number of pictures you can take may vary depending on the shooting conditions or battery.
- Before going on a long trip, and especially before traveling abroad, purchase extra batteries. A recommended battery may be difficult to obtain while traveling.
- Please recycle batteries to help save our planet's resources. When you throw away dead batteries, be sure to cover their terminals and always observe local laws and regulations.

Caution for Usage Environment

- To protect the high-precision technology contained in this product, never leave the camera in the places listed below, no matter if in use or storage:
 - Places where temperatures and / or humidity are high or go through extreme changes. Direct sunlight, beaches, locked cars, or near other heat sources (stove, radiator, etc.) or humidifiers.
 - In sandy or dusty environments.
 - Near flammable items or explosives.
 - In wet places, such as bathrooms or in the rain. When using products with weatherproof designs, read their manuals as well.
 - In places prone to strong vibrations.
- Never drop the camera or subject it to severe shocks or vibrations.
- When mounted on a tripod, adjust the position of the camera with the tripod head. Do not twist the camera.
- Do not leave the camera pointed directly at the sun. This may cause lens or shutter curtain damage, color failure, ghosting on the image pickup device, or may possibly cause fires.
- Do not touch electric contacts on cameras and interchangeable lenses. Remember to attach the body cap when removing the lens.
- Before storing the camera for a long period, remove the battery. Select a cool, dry location for storage to prevent condensation or mold from forming inside the camera. After storage, test the camera by turning it on and pressing the shutter release button to make sure that it is operating normally.
- Always observe the operating environment restrictions described in the camera's manual.

LCD Monitor

- Do not push the monitor forcibly; otherwise the image may become vague, resulting in a playback mode failure or damage to the monitor.
- A strip of light may appear on the top / bottom of the monitor, but this is not a malfunction.
- When a subject is viewed diagonally in the camera, the edges may appear zigzagged on the monitor. This is not a malfunction; it will be less noticeable in playback mode.
- In places subject to low temperatures, the LCD monitor may take a long time to turn on or its color may change temporarily. When using the camera in extremely cold places, it is a good idea to occasionally place it in a warm place. An LCD monitor exhibiting poor performance due to low temperatures will recover in normal temperatures.
- The LCD used for the monitor is made with high-precision technology. However, black spots or bright spots of light may appear constantly on the LCD Monitor. Due to its characteristics or the angle at which you are viewing the monitor, the spot may not be uniform in color and brightness. This is not a malfunction.

Lens

- Do not immerse in water or splash with water.
- Do not drop or exert strong force on the lens.
- Do not hold at the moving part of the lens.
- Do not touch the lens surface directly.
- Do not touch the contact points directly.
- Do not subject to abrupt temperature changes.
- Do observe the operating temperature limit.

Legal and Other Notices

- Olympus makes no representations or warranties regarding any damages, or benefit expected by using this unit lawfully, or any request from a third person, which are caused by the inappropriate use of this product.
- Olympus makes no representations or warranties regarding any damages or any benefit expected by using this unit lawfully which are caused by erasing picture data.

Disclaimer of Warranty

- Olympus makes no representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, by or concerning any content of these written materials or software, and in no event shall be liable for any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose or for any consequential, incidental or indirect damages (including but not limited to damages for loss of business profits, business interruption and loss of business information) arising from the use or inability to use these written materials or software or equipment. Some countries do not allow the exclusion or limitation of liability for consequential or incidental damages, so the above limitations may not apply to you.
- Olympus reserves all rights to this manual.

Warning

Unauthorized photographing or use of copyrighted material may violate applicable copyright laws. Olympus assumes no responsibility for unauthorized photographing, use or other acts that infringe upon the rights of copyright owners.

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FCC Notice

• Radio and Television Interference

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer may void the user's authority to operate this equipment. This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Adjust or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the distance between the camera and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult your dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help. Only the OLYMPUS-supplied USB cable should be used to connect the camera to USB enabled personal computers (PC).

Any unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment would void the user's authority to operate it.

For customers in North and South America

For customers in USA

Declaration of Conformity

Model Number : E-410

Trade Name : OLYMPUS

Responsible Party : **OLYMPUS IMAGING AMERICA INC.**

Address : 3500 Corporate Parkway, P.O. Box 610, Center Valley,
PA 18034-0610, U.S.A.

Telephone Number : 484-896-5000

Tested To Comply With FCC Standards
FOR HOME OR OFFICE USE

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

For customers in Canada

This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

For customers in Europe



"CE" mark indicates that this product complies with the European requirements for safety, health, environment and customer protection. "CE" mark cameras are intended for sales in Europe.



This symbol [crossed-out wheeled bin WEEE Annex IV] indicates separate collection of waste electrical and electronic equipment in the EU countries. Please do not throw the equipment into the domestic refuse. Please use the return and collection systems available in your country for the disposal of this product.

Use Only Dedicated Rechargeable Battery and Battery Charger

We strongly recommend that you use only the genuine Olympus dedicated rechargeable battery and battery charger with this camera.

Using a non-genuine rechargeable battery and / or battery charger may result in fire or personal injury due to leakage, heating, ignition or damage to the battery. Olympus does not assume any liability for accidents or damage that may result from the use of a battery and / or battery charger that are not genuine Olympus accessories.

Provisions of warranty

1. If this product proves to be defective, although it has been used properly (in accordance with the written Handling Care and Operating instructions supplied with it), during a period of two years from the date of purchase from an authorized Olympus distributor within the business area of Olympus Imaging Europa GmbH as stipulated on the website: <http://www.olympus.com> this product will be repaired, or at Olympus's option replaced, free of charge. To claim under this warranty the customer must take the product and this Warranty Certificate before the end of the two year warranty period to the dealer where the product was purchased or any other Olympus service station within the business area of Olympus Imaging Europa GmbH as stipulated on the website: <http://www.olympus.com>. During the one year period of the World Wide Warranty the customer may turn the product in at any Olympus service station. Please notice that not in all countries such Olympus service station exists.
2. The customer shall transport the product to the dealer or Olympus authorized service station at his own risk and shall be responsible for any costs incurred in transporting the product.
3. This warranty does not cover the following and the customer will be required to pay repair charge, even for defects occurring within the warranty period referred to above.
 - (a) Any defect that occurs due to mishandling (such as an operation performed that is not mentioned in the Handling Care or other sections of the instructions, etc.)
 - (b) Any defect that occurs due to repair, modification, cleaning, etc. performed by anyone other than Olympus or an Olympus authorized service station.
 - (c) Any defect or damage that occurs due to transport, a fall, shock, etc. after purchase of the product.
 - (d) Any defect or damage that occurs due to fire, earthquake, flood damage, thunderbolt, other natural disasters, environmental pollution and irregular voltage sources.
 - (e) Any defect that occurs due to careless or improper storage (such as keeping the product under conditions of high temperature and humidity, near insect repellents such as naphthalene or harmful drugs, etc.), improper maintenance, etc.
 - (f) Any defect that occurs due to exhausted batteries, etc.
 - (g) Any defect that occurs due to sand, mud, etc. entering the inside of the product casing.
 - (h) When this Warranty Certificate is not returned with the product.
 - (i) When any alterations whatsoever are made to the Warranty Certificate regarding the year, month and date of purchase, the customer's name, the dealer's name, and the serial number.
 - (j) When proof of purchase is not presented with this Warranty Certificate.
4. This Warranty applies to the product only; the Warranty does not apply to any other accessory equipment, such as the case, strap, lens cap and batteries.
5. Olympus's sole liability under this warranty shall be limited to repairing or replacing the product. Any liability for indirect or consequential loss or damage of any kind incurred or suffered by the customer due to a defect of the product, and in particular any loss or damage caused to any lenses, films, other equipment or accessories used with the product or for any loss resulting from a delay in repair or loss of data, is excluded. Compelling regulations by law remain unaffected by this.

Notes regarding warranty maintenance

1. This warranty will only be valid if the Warranty Certificate is duly completed by Olympus or an authorized dealer or other documents contain sufficient proof. Therefore, please make sure that your name, the name of the dealer, the serial number and the year, month and date of purchase are all completed or the original invoice or the sales receipt (indicating the dealer's name, the date of purchase and product type) is attached to this Warranty Certificate. Olympus reserves the right to refuse free-of-charge service if neither Warranty Certificate is completed nor the above document is attached or if the information contained in it is incomplete or illegible.
 2. Since this Warranty Certificate will not be re-issued, keep it in a safe place.
- Please refer to the list on the web site: <http://www.olympus.com> for the authorized international Olympus service network.

Trademarks

- IBM is a registered trademark of International Business Machines Corporation.
- Microsoft and Windows are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.
- Macintosh is a trademark of Apple Inc.
- xD-Picture Card™ is a trademark.
- All other company and product names are registered trademarks and / or trademarks of their respective owners.
- The standards for camera file systems referred to in this manual are the "Design Rule for Camera File System / DCF" standards stipulated by the Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA).

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